STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter User's Manual

34-TT-25-03 Revision 5 November 2017

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About This Manual

This manual is a detailed *how to* reference for installing, piping, wiring, configuring, starting up, operating, maintaining, calibrating, and servicing Honeywell's family of STT850 Temperature Transmitters. Users who have a Honeywell STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter configured for HART protocol or Honeywell's Digitally Enhanced (DE) are referred to the *STT850 SmartLine Series HART/DE Option User's Manual*, document number 34-TT-25-06. Users who have a Honeywell STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter configured for Fieldbus operation are referred to the *STT850 SmartLine Series Fieldbus Option User's Manual*, document number (34-TT-25-07).

The configuration of your transmitter depends on the mode of operation and the options selected for it with respect to operating controls, displays and mechanical installation. This manual provides detailed procedures to assist first-time users, and it further includes keystroke summaries, where appropriate, as quick reference or refreshers for experienced personnel.

To digitally integrate a transmitter with one of the following systems:

- For the Experion PKS, you will need to supplement the information in this document with the data and procedures in the *Experion Knowledge Builder*.
- For Honeywell's TotalPlant Solutions (TPS), you will need to supplement the information in this document with the data in the *PM/APM SmartLine Transmitter Integration Manual*, which is supplied with the TDC 3000 book set. (TPS is the evolution of the TDC 3000).

Release Information:

STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter User Manual, Document # 34-TT-25-03,

Rev.1	March 2014	1st Release	
Rev.2	November 2014	Foundation Fieldbus features added	
Rev.3	March 2016	CVD, Digital Output, W5W26, Housing w/o plug, angle Brackets, NAMUR 89 Approval and Nic 120 & Cu 10 inputs added. Advanced diagnostics and Display menus updated.	
Rev.4	September 2017	Control drawing updated to Rev.D. KOSHA and EAC and Marine approvals added. Wiring diagrams updated.	
Rev.5	November 2017	Mandatory grounding CAUTION added	

References

The following list identifies publications that may contain information relevant to the information in this document.

STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter Quick Start Installation Guide, Document #34-TT-25-04

STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter with HART Communications Options Safety Manual. # 34-TT-25-05

STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter HART/DE Option User's Manual, Document # 34-TT-25-06

STT850 Transmitter with FOUNDATION Fieldbus Option Installation & Device Reference Guide, Document # 34-TT-25-07

MC Toolkit User Manual, for 400 or later, Document # 34-ST-25-20

PM/APM SmartLine Transmitter Integration Manual, Document # PM 12-410

STT850 Series Temperature, Transmitter, Agency IS Control Drawing50091227

Smart Field Communicator Model STS 103 Operating Guide, Document # 34-ST-11-14

Patent Notice

The Honeywell STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter family is covered by one or more of the following U. S. Patents: 5,485,753; 5,811,690; 6,041,659; 6,055,633; 7,786,878; 8,073,098; and other patents pending.

Support and Contact Information

For Europe, Asia Pacific, North and South America contact details, refer to the back page of this manual or the appropriate Honeywell Solution Support web site:

Honeywell Corporate www.honeywellprocess.com

Honeywell Process Solutions https://www.honeywellprocess.com/smartline-temperature/

Training Classes http://www.automationccollege.com

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Global Email Support	Honeywell Process Solutions	ask-ssc@honeywell.com

Symbol Descriptions and Definitions

The symbols identified and defined in the following table may appear in this document.

Symbol	Definition
8	ATTENTION: Identifies information that requires special consideration.
	TIP: Identifies advice or hints for the user, often in terms of performing a task.
CAUTION	Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, may result in equipment or work (data) on the system being damaged or lost, or may result in the inability to properly operate the process.
<u>^</u>	CAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
	CAUTION symbol on the equipment refers the user to the product manual for additional information. The symbol appears next to required information in the manual.
A	WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.
	WARNING symbol on the equipment refers the user to the product manual for additional information. The symbol appears next to required information in the manual.
4	WARNING, Risk of electrical shock: Potential shock hazard where HAZARDOUS LIVE voltages greater than 30 Vrms, 42.4 Vpeak, or 60 VDC may be accessible.
r.	ESD HAZARD: Danger of an electro-static discharge to which equipment may be sensitive. Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.
	Protective Earth (PE) terminal: Provided for connection of the protective earth (green or green/yellow) supply system conductor.
4	Functional earth terminal: Used for non-safety purposes such as noise immunity improvement. NOTE: This connection shall be bonded to Protective Earth at the source of supply in accordance with national local electrical code requirements.
	Earth Ground: Functional earth connection. NOTE: This connection shall be bonded to Protective Earth at the source of supply in accordance with national and local electrical code requirements.
7	Chassis Ground: Identifies a connection to the chassis or frame of the equipment shall be bonded to Protective Earth at the source of supply in accordance with national and local electrical code requirements.
continued	

Symbol	Description
FM	The Factory Mutual [®] Approval mark means the equipment has been rigorously tested and certified to be reliable.
® ®	The Canadian Standards mark means the equipment has been tested and meets applicable standards for safety and/or performance.
€x>	The Ex mark means the equipment complies with the requirements of the European standards that are harmonized with the 94/9/EC Directive (ATEX Directive, named after the French "ATmosphere EXplosible").

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1 Introduction

1.1. Overview

This section is an introduction to the physical and functional characteristics Honeywell's family of STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitters.

1.2. Features and Options

The STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter is available in a variety of models for measuring Thermocouples, RTD, Millivolts, and Volt or ohm sensor types. Table 1 lists the protocols, Human-Machine Interface (HMI), materials, approvals, and mounting bracket options for the STT850.

Feature/Option Standard/Available Options Communication Protocols HART version 7, Digitally Enhanced (DE), Fieldbus Basic and Advanced Digital Display Three-button programming (optional) Human-Machine Interface (HMI) Basic display language: English only Options (Basic and Advanced Display) Advanced display languages: English, German, French, Spanish, Turkish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese and Russian Calibration Single Approvals (See Appendix C for ATEX, CSA, FM, IECx, NEPSI details.) Pipe mounting and wall mounting brackets in carbon **Mounting Brackets** steel and 316 stainless steel. Integration Tools Experion

Table 1 – Features and Options

1.1.1 Physical Characteristics

As shown in Figure 1, the STT850 is packaged in one major assembly: the Electronics Housing. The elements in the Electronic Housing are connected to the process sensors, measure the process variables, respond to setup commands and execute the software and protocol for the different temperature measurement types. Figure 2 shows the assemblies in the Electronics Housing with available options.

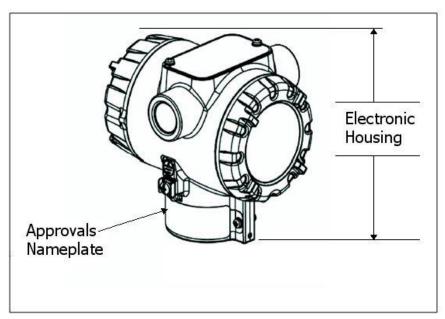


Figure 1 - STT850 Major Assemblies

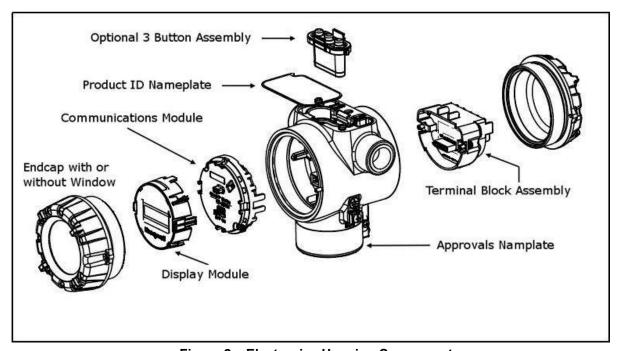


Figure 2 – Electronics Housing Components

1.1.2 Functional Characteristics

The transmitter measures process temperature and outputs a signal proportional to the measured process variable (PV). Available output communication protocols include 4 to 20mA, Honeywell Digitally Enhanced (DE), HART, and FOUNDATION Fieldbus.

An optional 3-button assembly is available to set up and make adjustments to the transmitter. In addition, a Honeywell Multi-Communication (MC) Toolkit (not supplied with the transmitter) can facilitate setup and adjustment procedures in the case of HART and DE. Certain adjustments can be made through an Experion Station or a Universal Station if the transmitter is digitally integrated with Honeywell's Experion or TPS/TDC 3000 control system for HART and DE transmitters.

Foundation Fieldbus transmitters have inbuilt short-circuit protection. In-line with FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus System Engineering Guidelines (AG-181), the maximum spur current (startup current of transmitter) and connection of at least one test equipment on spur is accepted.

1.3. STT850 SmartLine Transmitter NamePlate

The transmitter nameplate mounted on the bottom of the electronics housing (see Figure 1) lists its model number, physical configuration, electronics options, accessories, certifications, and manufacturing specialties. Figure 3 is an example of a typical temperature transmitter nameplate. The model number format consists of a Key Number with several table selections.



Figure 3 - Typical STT850 NamePlate

You can readily identify the series and basic transmitter type from the key number. The letter in the third digit represents one of these basic transmitter types:

 \bullet T = Temperature

For a complete selection breakdown, refer to the appropriate specification and model selection guide provided as a separate document.

1.4. Safety Certification Information

An "approvals" nameplate is located on the bottom of the Electronics Assembly; see Figure 1 for exact location. The approvals nameplate contains information and service marks that disclose the transmitter compliance information. Refer to Appendix C of this document for safety certification requirements and details.

1.5. Transmitter Adjustments

For HART and DE variants, Span adjustments are possible in STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitters with the optional three-button assembly located at the top of the Electronic Housing (see Figure 2).

For HART and DE you can also use the Honeywell MC Toolkit or other third-party hand-held to make any adjustments to an STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter. Alternately, certain adjustments can be made through the Experion or Universal Station, if the transmitter is digitally integrated with a Honeywell Experion or TPS system. In case of Fieldbus (FF) variants, adjustments can be made using any Fieldbus compliant DCS or Asset management system including Honeywell Experion PKS and Honeywell FDM. Any Fieldbus compliant third party handheld configuration may also be used.

1.6. Display Options

The STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter has two display options: Basic and Advanced; see Table 2.

Table 2 - Available Display Characteristics

Basic Display	Suitable for basic process needs	
	360° rotation in 90° increments	
	8 configurable screens	
	2 lines,16 characters	
	Standard units of measurement: °F, °C, °R, K, Ω, mV & % (Custom Units available for Fieldbus variant)	
	Diagnostic messaging	
Advanced Display	Suitable for custom and complex process needs	
	360° rotation in 90° increments	
	Three (3) configurable screen formats with configurable rotation timing	
	o Large process variable (PV)	
	o PV with bar graph	
	 PV with trend (1-999 hours (allows 31 days), configurable) 	
	Eight (8) screens with 3-30 seconds rotation timing	
	Standard engineering units (Custom Units available for Fieldbus variant)	
	Diagnostic alerts and diagnostic messaging	
	Multiple language support:	
	o EN, FR, DE, ES, RU, IT, TR	
	o EN, CH (Kanji), JP	
	Supports 3-button configuration and calibration	
	Supports transmitter messaging, and maintenance mode indications	

1.7. Optional 3-Button Assembly

The optional 3-Button Assembly provides the following features and capabilities:

- Increment, decrement, and enter key functions.
- With the menu-driven display:
 - o Comprehensive on-screen menu for navigation.
 - o Transmitter configuration (for HART and DE).
 - o Transmitter calibration (for HART and DE).
 - Display configuration.
 - Set span parameters (for HART and DE).
 - o Viewing transmitter parameters

2 Application Design

2.1. Overview

This section discusses the considerations involved with deploying a Honeywell STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter in a process system. The following areas are covered:

- Safety
- Input and output data
- Reliability
- Environmental limits
- Installation considerations
- Operation and maintenance
- Repair and replacement

2.2. Safety

2.1.1 Accuracy

The STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter measures the temperature of a process and reports the measurement to a receiving device. Refer to STT850 Specification, 34-TT-03-14.

2.1.2 Diagnostic Messages

Transmitter standard diagnostics are reported in the two basic categories listed in Table 3. Problems detected as critical diagnostics drive the analog output to the programmed burnout level for HART and DE. Problems detected as non-critical diagnostics may affect performance without driving the analog output to the programmed burnout level (for HART and DE only). Informational messages (not listed in Table 3) report various transmitter status or setting conditions. The messages listed in Table 3 are specific to the transmitter, exclusive of those associated with HART and DE protocols. HART and DE diagnostic messages are listed and described in the STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter HART/DE Option User Manual, document number 34-TT-25-06.

Table 3 – STT850 Standard Diagnostics Messages

Critical Diagnostics (Failure Conditions)	Non-Critical Diagnostics (Warning Conditions)
Temperature Sensor Module	Excess Cal 1 Correct
Failure	(Excess LRV Correct and/or Span correct for Sensor Input
	1)
Sensor Input 1 Failure	Excess Cal 2 correct
	(Excess LRV Correct and/or Span correct for Sensor Input
	2)
Sensor Input 2 Failure	Input 1 Out of Range
	(Sensor Input 1 Under Range or Over Range)
Communication Module Failure	Input 2 Out of Range
	(Sensor Input 2 Under Range or Over Range)
Sensor Comm. Timeout	Sensor Module Over Temperature
	Cold Junction Out of Range Error
	Sensor Input 1 Open
	Sensor Input 1 TB5 Open
	Sensor Input 1 TB6 Open
	Sensor Input 1 TB7 Open
	Sensor Input 1 TB9 Open
	Sensor Input 2 Open
	Sensor Input 2 TB8 Open
	No Factory Calibration
	Supply voltage Fault
	(External Supply voltage Fail)
	Communication Module Over Temperature
	No DAC compensation
	Unreliable communication between Sensor and Comm
	Modules
	Display NVM fault
	Excess Delta
	Internal Power failure for Communication Module

2.1.3 Safety Integrity Level (SIL)

The STT850 is intended to achieve sufficient integrity against systematic errors by the manufacturer's design. A Safety Instrumented Function (SIF) designed with this product must not be used at a SIL level higher than the statement, without "prior use" justification by the end user or diverse technology redundancy in the design. Refer to the *STT850 Safety Manual*, 34-TT-25-05, for additional information. The Fieldbus variant of STT850 is not SIL certified.

3 Installation and Startup

3.1. Installation Site Evaluation

Evaluate the site selected for the STT850 SmartLine Transmitter installation with respect to the process system design specifications and Honeywell's published performance characteristics for your particular model. Some parameters that you may want to include in your site evaluation are:

- Environmental Conditions:
 - o Ambient Temperature
 - o Relative Humidity
- Potential Noise Sources:
 - o Radio Frequency Interference (RFI)
 - o Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)
- Vibration Sources
 - o Pumps
 - o Motorized System Devices (e.g., pumps)
 - o Valve Cavitation
- Process Parameters
 - Temperature
 - Maximum Sensor Input Ratings

3.2. Honeywell MC Toolkit

In preparation for post-installation processes, refer to the *MC Toolkit User Manual*, Document # 34-ST-25-20, for battery conditioning and device operation and maintenance information.

3.3. Display Installation Precautions

Temperature extremes can affect display quality. The display can become unreadable at temperature extremes; however, this is only a temporary condition. The display will again be readable when temperatures return to within operable limits.

The display update rate may increase at cold temperature extremes, but as with readability, normal updating resumes when temperatures are within limits for full operability.

3.4. Mounting STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitters

3.4.1 Mounting and Dimensional Drawings

Transmitter enclosure can be rotated a total of 90o from the standard mounting position

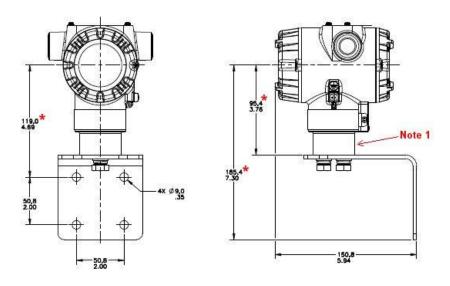


Figure 4 – STT850 with adapter housing - Horizontal Wall Mounting

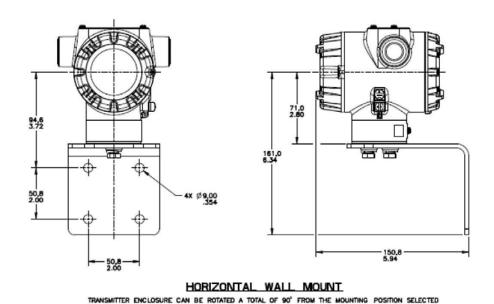
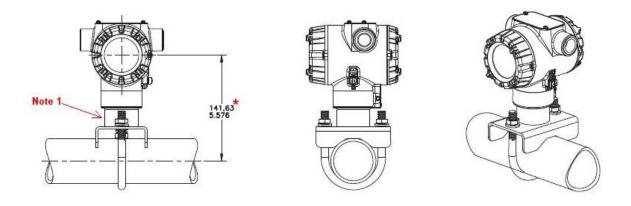


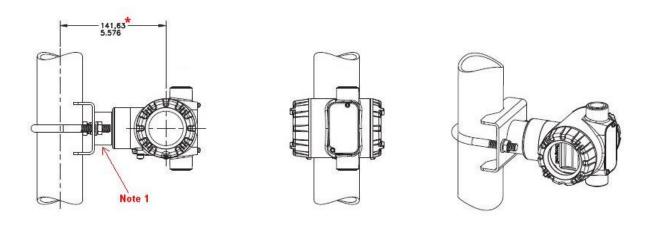
Figure 5 - STT850 No-Adapter Horizontal Wall Mounting

*Note 1: Figures 4 and 5. The housing adapter may not be present on all transmitter models. If the housing adapter is not present, subtract 24,5mm (0,96 inches) from the dimension specified.

Transmitter models can be attached to a two-inch (50 millimeter) vertical or horizontal pipe using Honeywell's optional angle. Honeywell's optional wall mounting bracket is also shown below: For Housing with Adaptor refer to Honeywell drawings 50095917 (Pipe mount), 50095918 (Wall mount) and 50124813 (Angle pipe mount) for detailed mounting specifications. For Housing without adaptor refer to Honeywell drawings 32306827 (No-Adaptor, Pipe mount), 32306828 (No-adaptor, Wall mount) and 50124813 (No-adaptor angle pipe mount).



HORIZONTAL FLAT PIPE MOUNT



VERTICAL FLAT PIPE MOUNT

Figure 6 - STT850 Pipe Mount with adapter housing - Horizontal & Vertical

* Note 1: In Figure 6 and 7 the housing adapter may not be present on all transmitter models. If the housing adapter is not present, subtract 24,5mm (0,96 inches) from the dimension specified.

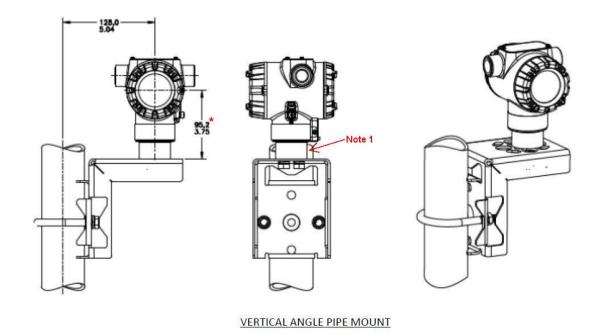


Figure 7 - STT850 Pipe Mount, Vertical

3.4.2 Bracket Mounting Procedure

- 1. Align the two mounting holes in the transmitter with the two slots in the mounting bracket and assemble the (2) M8 hex cap screws, (2) lockwashers and (2) flat washers provided. Rotate transmitter assembly to the desired position and torque the M8 hex cap screws to 27,0 Nm/20.0 Lb-ft maximum.
- 2. Pipe Mount Option: Refer to Figure 8. Position the bracket on a 2-inch (50.8 mm) horizontal or vertical pipe, and install a "U" bolt around the pipe and through the holes in the bracket. Secure the bracket with the nuts, flat washers and lock washers provided.
- 3. Wall Mount Option: Position the bracket on the mounting surface at the desired location and secure the bracket to the mounting surface using the appropriate hardware (Wall mounting hardware requirements to be determined and supplied by the end user).

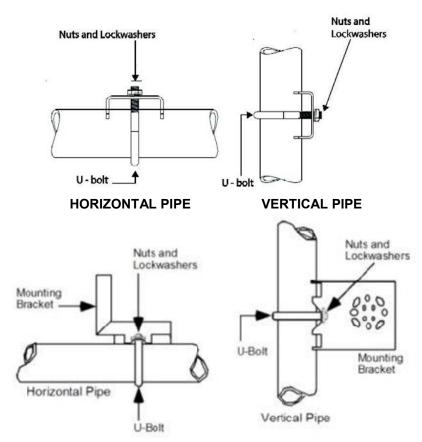


Figure 8 – Pipe Mounting Bracket Secured to a Horizontal or Vertical Pipe

3.4.3 Mounting Dimensions

Refer to Honeywell drawing number 50094836 for detailed dimensions of the transmitter assembly. Abbreviated overall dimensions are also shown on the Specification Sheets for the transmitter models. This section assumes that the mounting dimensions have already been taken into account and the mounting area can accommodate the transmitter.

Refer to Honeywell drawing numbers 50095917 (Pipe Mount) and 50095918 (Wall Mount) for detailed mounting specifications.

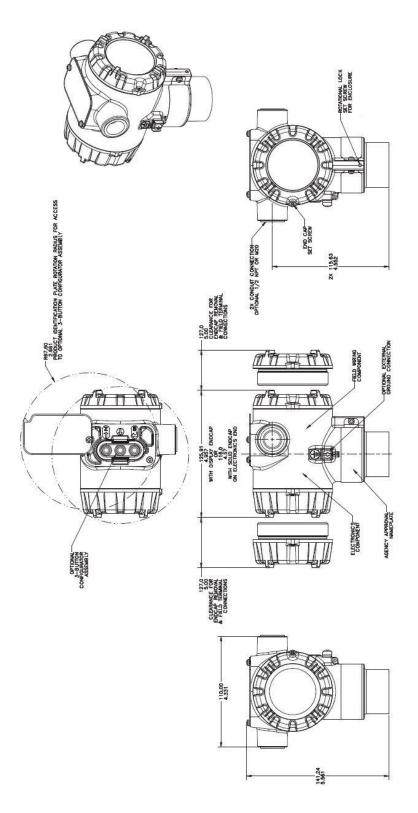


Figure 9 – STT850 with adapter housing - Dimensions

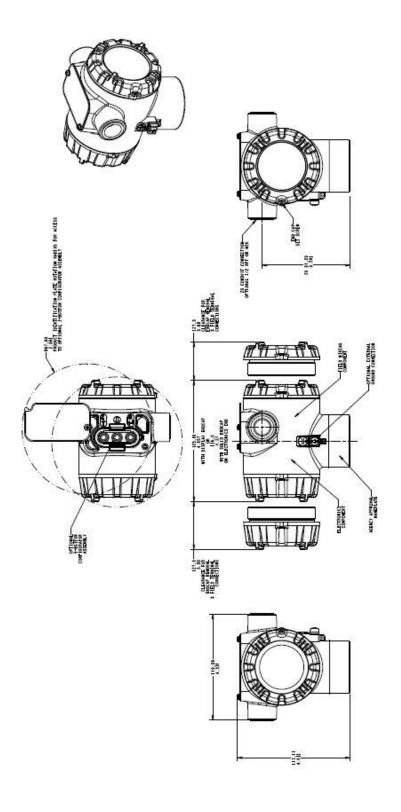


Figure 10 – STT850 no adapter housing dimensions

3.5. Wiring a Transmitter

3.5.1 Loop Power Overview

The transmitter is designed to operate in a two-wire power/current loop with loop resistance and power supply voltage within the HART or DE operating range shown in Figure 11.

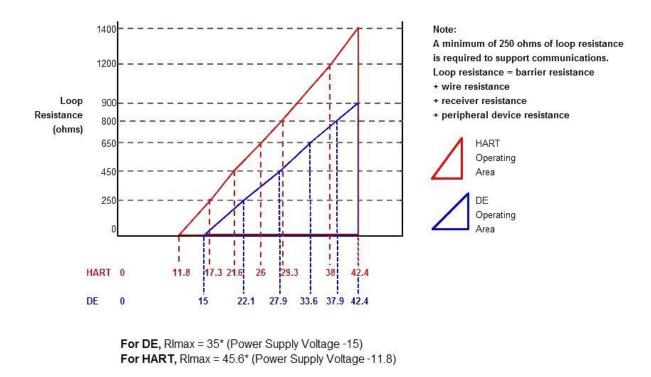


Figure 11 - HART and DE Transmitter Operating Ranges

For DE operation, add 2.0 V to these values. The Fieldbus transmitter operates from 9-32 V and does not require a loop resistance.

Loop wiring is connected to the transmitter by simply attaching the positive (+) and negative (-) loop wires to the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals on the transmitter terminal block in the Electronics Housing. Connect the Loop Power wiring shield to earth ground only at the power supply end. **Note** that the transmitter is not polarity-sensitive.

An optional lightning terminal block can be installed in place of the non-lightning terminal block for transmitters that will be installed in areas that are highly susceptible to lightning strikes. As noted above, the Loop Power wiring shield should only be connected to earth ground at the power supply end.

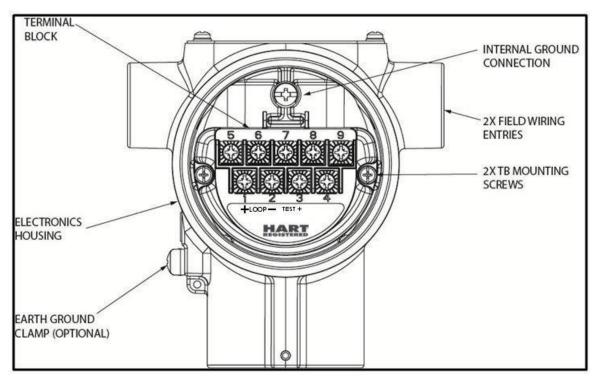


Figure 12 - Transmitter 9-Screw Terminal Board and Grounding Screw

As shown in Figure 12, each transmitter has an internal terminal to connect it to earth ground. Optionally, a ground terminal can be added to the outside of the Electronics Housing.

Wiring must comply with local codes, regulations and ordinances. Grounding may be required to meet various approval body certification, for example CE conformity. Refer to Appendix A of this document for details.



CAUTION:

For proper operation of the transmitter, grounding of the transmitter is mandatory. This minimizes the possible effects of noise on the output signal and affords protection against lightning and static discharge.

Note: Terminal #3 is for loop test and is not applicable for Fieldbus option. Terminal #4 is for Digital Output and is not applicable for Fieldbus option.

For HART and DE, the transmitter is designed to operate in a two-wire power/current loop with loop resistance and power supply voltage within the operating range; see Figure 11. With an optional remote meter, the voltage drop for this must be added to the basic power supply voltage requirements to determine the required transmitter voltage (V_{XMTR}) and maximum loop resistance ($R_{\text{LOOP MAX}}$). Additional consideration is required when selecting intrinsic safety barriers to ensure that they will supply at least minimum transmitter voltage ($V_{\text{XMTR MIN}}$), including the required 250 ohms of resistance (typically within the barriers) needed for digital communications.

Transmitter loop parameters are as follows:

 $R_{\text{LOOP MAX}}$ = maximum loop resistance (barriers plus wiring) that will allow proper transmitter operation and is calculated as $R_{\text{LOOP MAX}} = (V_{\text{SUPPLY MIN}} - V_{\text{XMTR MIN}} - V_{\text{SM}}) \div 21.8 \text{ mA}.$

In this calculation:

$$V_{XMTR MIN} = 11.8 \text{ V (HART)}$$
 or 13.8V (DE) $V_{SM} = 2.3 \text{ V}$, remote meter

Note that V_{SM} should only be considered if a remote meter will be connected to the transmitter. The positive and negative loop wires are connected to the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals on the terminal block in the transmitter Electronics Housing.

Barriers can be installed per Honeywell's instructions for transmitters to be used in intrinsically safe applications.

3.5.2 Digital System Integration Information

DE transmitters that are to be digitally integrated to Honeywell's Total Plant Solution (TPS) system will be connected to the temperature transmitter Interface Module in the Process Manager, Advanced Process Manager or High Performance Process Manager through a Field Termination Assembly. Details about the TPS system connections are given in the *PM/APM SmartLine Transmitter Integration Manual*, PM12-410, which is part of the TDC 3000^X system bookset.

If you are digitally integrating a transmitter in an Allen Bradley Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) process system, the same Field Terminal Assembly (FTA) and wiring procedures used with Honeywell's TPS system are also used with the Allen-Bradley 1771 and 1746 platforms.

3.5.3 Wiring Variations

The above procedures are used to connect power to a transmitter. For loop wiring, sensor wiring and external wiring, detailed drawings are provided for transmitter installation in non-intrinsically safe areas and for intrinsically safe loops in hazardous area locations.

If you are using the transmitter with Honeywell's TPS system, see *PM/APM Smartline Transmitter Integration Manual*, PM12-410, which is part of the TDC 3000^X system bookset.

3.5.4 Loop Wiring Procedure

- 1. See Figure 12 above, for parts locations. Loosen the end cap lock using a 1.5 mm Allen wrench.
- 2. Remove the end cap cover from the terminal block end of the Electronics Housing.
- 3. Feed loop power leads through one end of the conduit entrances on either side of the Electronics Housing. The transmitter accepts up to 16 AWG wire.
- 4. Plug the unused conduit entrance with a conduit plug appropriate for the environment.
- 5. Connect the positive loop power lead to the positive (+) terminal #1 and the negative loop power lead to the negative (-) terminal #2. Note that the transmitter is <u>not</u> polarity-sensitive.
- 6. Replace the end cap, and secure it in place.

3.5.5 Grounding and Lightning Protection

Connect a wire from the Earth Ground Clamp or to the Internal Ground Connection (see Figure 12) to Earth Ground to make the protection effective. Use a size 8 AWG or (8.37mm²) bare or green covered wire for this connection.

For ungrounded Thermocouple, mV, RTD or ohm inputs connect the input wiring shield(s) to the Internal Ground Connection shown in Figure 12.

For grounded Thermocouple inputs, connect the Internal Ground Connection shown in Figure 12 to the same earth ground as used by the thermocouple.

As noted above, the Loop Power wiring shield should only be connected to earth ground at the power supply end.

3.5.6 Supply Voltage Limiting Requirements

If your transmitter complies with the ATEX 4 directive for self-declared approval per 94/9EC, the power supply has to include a voltage-limiting device. Voltage must be limited such that it does not exceed 42 V DC. Consult the process design system documentation for specifics.

3.5.7 Process Sealing

The STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter is CSA-certified as a Dual Seal device in accordance with ANSI/ISA-12.27.01-2003, "Requirements for Process Sealing Between Electrical Systems and Flammable, or Combustible Process Fluids."

3.5.8 Explosion-Proof Conduit Seal

When installed as explosion proof in a Division 1 Hazardous Location, keep covers tight while the transmitter is energized. Disconnect power to the transmitter in the non-hazardous area prior to removing end caps for service.

When installed as non-incendive equipment in a Division 2 hazardous location, disconnect power to the transmitter in the non-hazardous area, or determine that the location is non-hazardous before disconnecting or connecting the transmitter wires.

Transmitters installed as explosion proof in Class I, Division 1, Group A Hazardous (classified) locations in accordance with ANSI/NFPA 70, the US National Electrical Code, with 1/2 inch conduit do not require an explosion-proof seal for installation. If 3/4 inch conduit is used, a LISTED explosion proof seal to be installed in the conduit, within 18 inches (457.2 mm) of the transmitter.

3.5.9 Input Sensor Wiring

Connect the input sensors as shown in Figures below: Figure 13 –DE Single Input Wiring Diagram.

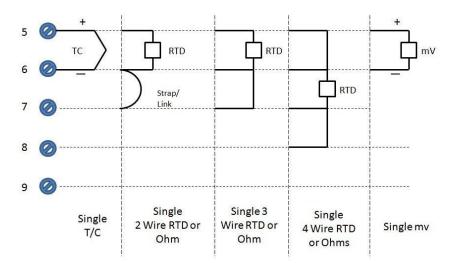


Figure 13 -DE Single Input Wiring Diagram

RTD Thermocouple, mV and Ohm Connections

Figure 14 – DE Dual Input Wiring Diagram

- Resistance temperature detector (RTD) measurements use the 3 or 4 wire approach.
- o Dual-input units wired for a 4-wire RTD will automatically disable Input 2.
- o To minimize common noise problems in the application, a strap/jumper should be wired between terminals 6 and 8.

For differential T/C operation on DE Models, a second strap/jumper should be wired between terminals 6 and 7. Do not install this strap for Non-DE models. The output for differential operation is calculated as T/C 1 - T/C 2.

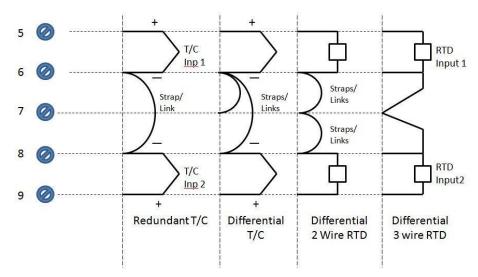


Figure 14 - DE Dual Input Wiring Diagram

Thermocouple and RTD Connections (not applicable to single input sensor)

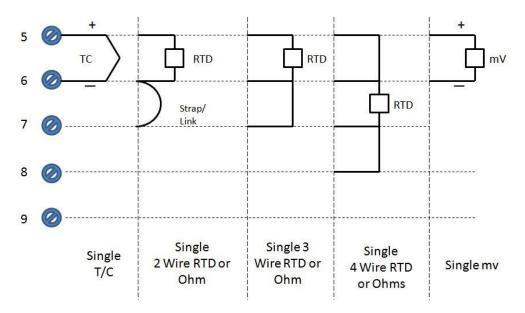


Figure 15 - HART/FF - Single Input Wiring Diagram

RTD Thermocouple, mV and Ohm Connections

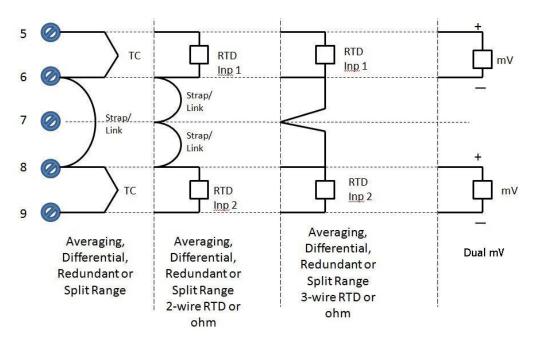


Figure 16 - HART/FF - Dual Input Wiring Diagram

RTD Thermocouple, mV and Ohm Connections

Figure 17 - HART/FF Dual Input Wiring Diagram

- o For External C/J compensation, the first input is a thermocouple type and the second input is a 3-wire PT100 ohm RTD
- o The STT850 can have different sensor types on its inputs for split range or averaging applications

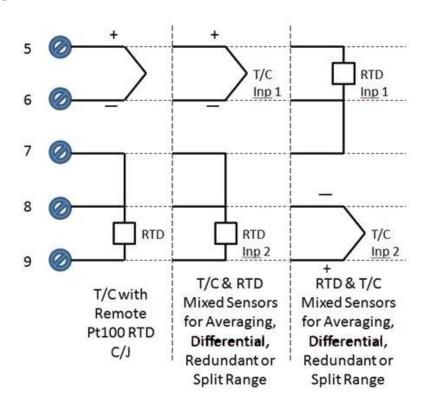


Figure 17 - HART/FF Dual Input Wiring Diagram, mixed sensors

Remote C/J and Mixed Sensors Connections

Digital Output is available only on HART transmitters. The Digital Output should not use the same power supply as used to support the 4-20mA transmitter output. See Figure 18 and Figure 19. For Intrinsically Safe (IS) applications, the 4-20mA and the Digital Output must use separate IS Barriers.

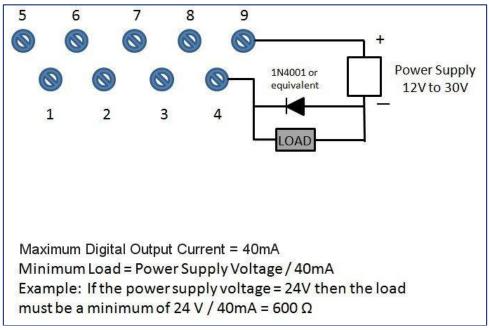


Figure 18 – Digital Output Connections for mA Load (HART only)

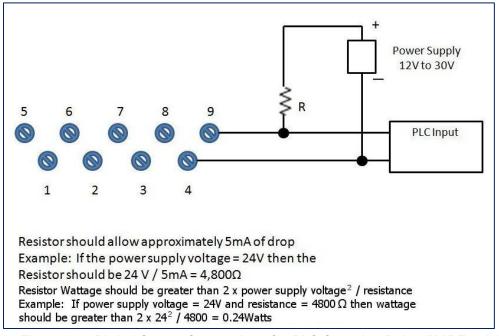


Figure 19 – Digital Output Connections for PLC Counting Pulse (HART only)

3.6. Startup

3.6.1 Overview

This section identifies typical start up tasks associated with several generic temperature measurement applications. It also includes the procedure for running an optional analog output check.

3.6.2 Startup Tasks

After completing the installation and configuration tasks for a transmitter, you are ready to start up the process loop. Startup usually includes:

- Setting initial resistance (RTD sensor types only)
- Reading inputs and outputs
- Applying process inputs to the transmitter.

You can also run an optional output check to *wring out* an analog loop and check out individual Process Variable (PV) outputs in Digitally Enhanced (DE) mode before startup.

The actual steps in a startup procedure vary based on the type of transmitter and the measurement application. In general, the procedures in this section are based on using Honeywell MC Toolkit, with a HART or DE variant, to check the transmitter input and output under static process conditions, and make adjustments as required initiating full operation with the running process.

Note: Checks can be made using the optional three-button assembly, if your transmitter is so equipped. Operation with the three-button assembly is discussed in the "Operation" section of this manual.

3.6.3 Output Check Procedures

The Output Check comprises the following procedures:

- The Loop Test procedure checks for continuity and the condition of components in the output current loop.
- The Trim DAC Current procedure calibrates the output of the Digital-to-Analog converter for minimum (0%) and maximum (100%) values of 4 mA and 20 mA, respectively. This procedure is used for transmitters operating online in analog mode to ensure proper operation with associated circuit components (for example, wiring, power supply, control equipment). Precision test equipment (an ammeter or a voltmeter in parallel with precision resistor) is required for the Trim DAC Current procedure.
- The Apply Values procedure uses actual Process Variable (PV) input levels for calibrating the range of a transmitter. The PV is carefully adjusted to stable minimum and maximum levels, and the Lower Range Limit Value (LRV) and Upper Range Limit Value (URV) are then set by commands from the MC Toolkit.



The transmitter does not measure the given PV input or update the PV output while it operates in the Output mode.

Precision Milliammeter Receiver Voltmeter Field **Terminals** Power Supply Honeywell MC **Toolkit Temperature Transmitter**

3.6.4 Constant Current Source Mode Procedure

Figure 20 - Current Loop Test Connections

- 1. Refer to Figure 20 for test connections. Verify the integrity of electrical components in the output current loop.
- 2. Establish communication with the transmitter. For these procedures, the values of components in the current loop are not critical if they support reliable communication between the transmitter and the Toolkit.
- 3. On the Toolkit, display the **Output Calibration** box.
- 4. In the Output Calibration box, select the **Loop Test** button; the **LOOP TEST** box will be displayed.
- 5. Select the desired constant-level Output: 0 %, 100 %, or Other (any between 0 % 100 %).

- 6. Select the Set button. A box will be displayed asking **Are you sure you want to place the transmitter in output mode?**
 - With the transmitter in Analog mode, you can observe the output on an externally-connected meter or on a local meter.
- 7. Select the **Yes** button. Observe the output current at the percentage you selected in Step 5.
- 8. To view the monitor display, navigate back from the **LOOP TEST** display, and select the **MONITOR** display. A **Confirm** popup will be displayed.
- 9. Select **Yes** to continue. This concludes the Startup procedure.

4 Operation

4.1. Overview

This section provides the information and processes involved for both Digitally Enhanced (DE) and HART and Foundation Fieldbus (FF) operation using the 3-button option.

4.2. Three-Button Operation

The STT850 optional three-button interface provides a user interface and operation capability without opening the transmitter.

Figure 21 shows the location of the three-button option and the labels for each button.

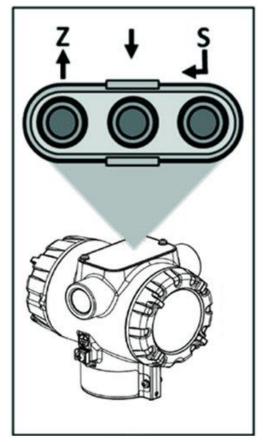


Figure 21 - Three-Button Option

Table 4 – Three-Button Option Functions

Physical Button	Basic Display	Advanced Display	Action
	Increment	Increment	Scroll to previous menu item in an active list.
Left ↑	Previous Menu Item	Move cursor Up	Scroll through alphanumeric list to desired character (ex. for entering Tag names or numeric values)
	Decrement	Decrement	Scroll to next menu item in an active list.
Center ↓	Next Menu Item	Move cursor Down	Scroll through alphanumeric list to desired character (ex. for entering Tag names or numeric values)
Right ↓	Select displayed menu item for activation or editing	Enter	Call up the Main Menu. Call up a lower-level menu. Select an item for data entry. Confirm a data entry operation Activate the service associated with a selected menu item.

4.1.1 Menu Navigation

The behavior of the buttons is the same for both the Basic and Advanced Displays. The user must press

→ button to call up the Main Menu. To exit the Main Menu and return to the PV display screen, select <EXIT>.

When on a lower level menu, return to the menu above by selecting <Return>. Alternately, the (up symbol) and (down symbol) buttons can be pressed simultaneously to return to the menu above. When on the highest level menu, or when using the basic display menu, pressing the (up symbol) and (down symbol) buttons simultaneously will exit the menu and return to the PV display. Use the † and

♦ buttons to scroll through the list of menu items. Press the ↓ button to select an item for data entry or activation. When an item is selected for data entry or activation, the cursor will jump to the lower line of the LCD (Basic Display) or call up a pop-up window (Advanced Display) to allow editing of the value. No action is taken against a menu item until the ↓ button is pressed.

If a user presses the \d button to begin a data entry operation, they must press another button within 10 seconds or the transmitter firmware will assume that the user wants to abort the operation or has walked away from the transmitter. After 10 seconds with no action, the data entry will time out and the original value of the parameter will be preserved.

If no button presses occur within 60 seconds, menu access will time out and the transmitter will exit the menu and return to the PV display.

4.1.2 Data Entry

Data entry is performed from left to right. Select a character / digit by pressing ↑ or ↓ buttons, and then press ↓ to advance to the next character position to the right. Select the cross-hatch character to terminate the entry or if the final character is already a space character, just press ↓ again.

All numeric entries are clamped at the low or high limit if needed. You can determine the low and high limit for a parameter by selecting either the ▲ or ▼ character while the cursor is positioned over the left-most digit and press → button. The Display will show the selected limit.

Table 5 – Three-Button Data Entry

Screen Symbol	Numeric data entry	Text entry
•	Display the high limit for this parameter. This symbol only appears in the left-most position of the data entry field.	Not Available
•	Display the low limit for this parameter. This symbol only appears in the left-most position of the data entry field.	Not Available
*****	Terminate the numeric entry	Terminate the text entry
0 thru 9, Minus, Decimal	These characters are used to enter numeric values. The minus sign only appears in the left-most digit.	These characters can be used to create custom tags and unit labels
A thru Z, 0 thru 9 special symbols	Not Available	These characters can be used to create custom tags and unit labels

4.1.3 Editing a Numeric Value

Editing a Numeric Value

Editing of a numeric value is a digit-by-digit process, starting with the left-most digit.

- 1. Press \rightarrow to begin the edit process.
- 2. The Basic Display will show the current value of the item on the lower line, left justified. The Advanced Display will show the current value of the item in a pop-up window in the middle of the screen
- 3. Press the ↑ or ↓ buttons to select the desired digit, and then press → to advance to the next digit to the right.
- 4. After the last digit has been entered, press → one more time to write the new value to the transmitter.

4.1.4 Selecting a new setting from a list of choices

Use the procedure described below to select a new setting for parameters that present a list of choices (e.g., Screen Format, Display Units, etc.).

- 1. Press \rightarrow to begin the edit process.
 - a. The Basic Display will show the current setting of the item on the lower line, left justified.
 - b. The Advanced Display will show the current setting of the item in a pop-up window.
- 2. Press the ↑ or ↓ buttons to scroll through the list of choices.
- 3. Press \downarrow to make your selection. The new selection will be stored in the transmitter and will be displayed on the lower line, right justified.

4.1.5 The Advanced Display Menus

The Advanced Display menus are organized into three levels, as shown by Table 6. There is a <**Return>** menu item at each level that allows the user to return to the previous level.

Table 6 - Advanced Display Main Menu Structure

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<exit></exit>	n/a	n/a
Diagnostics	Critical Non-Critical	For details go to the Diagnostics Menu table
Display Setup	LCD Contrast Common Setup Screen 1 Screen 2 Screen 8	For details go to the Display Setup Menu table. Note that the Advanced Display supports the configuration of up to 8 different screens.
Calibration	Cal Points Set Time Stamp S1 CVD Cal Pts S2 CVD Cal Pts S1 Cal Hi/Lo (HART only) S2 Cal Hi/Lo (HART only) Reset Cal 1&2 Corr (HART only) LRV/URV Reset Correct (DE only) DAC Trim (HART/DE) Loop Test (HART/DE)	For details go to the Calibration Menu table.
Transmtr Setup	Device Setup HART Setup HART Date Sensor Setup Sensor 1 CVD (HART/FF) Sensor 2 CVD (HART/FF) Digital Output (HART only) Range values (FF only) LRV (HART/DE) URV (HART/DE) MRV (HART only) Set LRV (HART/DE) Set URV (HART/DE) Dev Install Date (HART/FF) S1 Install Date (HART/FF)	For details go to the Transmitter Setup Menu table.
Information	Display Comm Module Sensor Module	For details go to the Information Menu table.

Table 7 – Diagnostics Menu

All Diagnostics menu items are Read Only. All instances of #2 reference Dual Inputs

	or #2 reference Duar hipu		
	<return></return>		
	Active Diags	##	Description
	Sensor Module	OK FAULT	FAULT: There is a problem with the Sensor Module
	Comm Module	OK FAULT	FAULT: There is a problem with the Electronics Module (HART, DE, or Fieldbus)
Critical	Sensor Comm	OK FAULT	FAULT: There is a problem with the interface between the Sensor Module and the Electronics Module.
	Input 1	OK FAULT	FAULT: There is a problem with the Input 1 sensor
	Input 2 (Dual Inputs only)	OK FAULT	FAULT: There is a problem with the Input 2 sensor
	<return></return>		
	Active Diags	##	Shows the number of Non-Critical Diagnostics that are currently active
	Cal 1 Correct	OK EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE: Input applied exceeds 5% of expected value
	Cal 2 Correct (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	OK EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE: Input applied exceeds 5% of expected value
	Sensor Temp	OK OUT OF RANGE	Electronics temperature is greater than 85 °C
Nan Oritical	Input 1 Range	OK OUT OF RANGE	OUT OF RANGE: Input 1 temperature is greater than Sensor 1 URL or less than Sensor 1 LRL
Non-Critical	Input 2 Range (Dual Inputs only)	OK OUT OF RANGE	OUT OF RANGE: Input 2 temperature is greater than Sensor 2 URL or less than Sensor 2 LRL
	CJ Range	OK OUT OF RANGE	OUT OF RANGE: Cold Junction temperature is greater than 85C or less than -40C.
	Input 1	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 1 is open.
	Input 2 (Dual Inputs only)	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 2 is open.
	Input 1 TB5	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 1 Terminal TB5 is open.

	Input 1 TB6	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 1 terminal TB6 is open
	Input TB7	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 2 Terminal TB7 is open (RTD and Ohm sensors only)
	Input 1 TB8	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 1 terminal TB8 is open Applicable to RTD 4 wire configuration for Sensor 1 RTD or Sensor 1 Ohm input
	Input 2 TB8	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 2 terminal TB8 is open Applicable to dual input model
	Input 2 TB9	OK OPEN	OPEN: Input 2 terminal TB9 is open Applicable to dual input model
Non-Critical	Factory Cal	OK NO FACTORY CAL	The transmitter has not been calibrated by the factory.
	Supply Voltage	OK LOW OR HIGH	LOW: Supply voltage is below the low specification limit. HIGH: Supply voltage is above the high specification limit.
	Comm Module Temp	OK OVER TEMP	OVER TEMP: Electronics temperature is greater than 85°C or less than -40°C.
	DAC Temp Comp HART/DE only	OK NO COMPENSATION	The DAC has not been compensated for temperature effects. This is a factory operation.
	Sensor Comm	OK SUSPECT	SUSPECT: The interface between the Temperature Sensor Module and the Electronics Module is experiencing intermittent communication failures.
	Display Setup HART only	OK NVM Corrupt	NVM Corrupt: The Display memory is corrupt.
	Excess: Delta (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	OK EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE: Delta value exceeds Delta Limit
	Internal Power (HART only)	OK LOW OR HIGH	LOW: Internal power is below 2.9V" and "HIGH: Internal power is above 3.2V.
	Digital Output	ON OFF	State of Digital Output

Table 8 – Display Setup Menus

<return> Retu</return>	Return Return to the Level 1 menu						
TROCUTTY TROCK	<return></return>	Horiu					
LCD Contrast	Set Contrast	##	Adjust the LCD contrast level. Range from 0 to 9. Default: 5				
	<return></return>						
	Set Password	####	Enter Display configuration password. Default: 0000. This value disables the password. All other values enable the password. When enabled, a prompt to enter the password is presented only on the first parameter successfully accessed to change after entering the menu.				
Common Setup	Language	English, French, German, Spanish, Italian, Turkish, Russian	Select the language for the Display. Default: English	Press → to enter menu selection ↑ and → to select number.			
	Rotation Time	##	Time duration, in seconds, that each configured screen is shown before moving to the next screen. Range: 3 to 30 seconds Default: 10 seconds				
	Screen Rotate	Yes No	Select to enable or disable the automatic rotation of Screens				
	Units	°C, °F, °R, K	Select the ranging and calibration temperature units				
	<return></return>						
	Screen Format	PV & Bar Graph PV & Trend	Select the Screen format from the list.				
Screens 1 through 8	Trend Hours	##	Select the amount of historic data visible on the Trendscreen. Range: 1 to 999 hours (allows 31 days). Applies to the "PV & Trend" format only				
	PV Selection (HART/DE only)	Loop PV Sensor 1 Sensor 2 CJ Temperature Sensor 1 Resistance Sensor 2 Resistance Loop Output Percent Output	Select the Process Variable (PV) that will be shown on the screen. Sensor Resistance is only available for RTDs and will read 0 for thermocouples.				

	Display Units	°R, K, °C, °F	Select the Display Units for the selected PV.	
	Custom Units DE/FF only	00000000000	Enter Custom Units using any alphanumeric value up to 14 characters long.	
		None		Press to enter
	Decimals	X.X	Select the decimal resolution	menu selection ↑ and ↓ to select number.
Screens 1 through 8 (continued)	Decimais	X.XX	for the PV.	
		X.XXX		
	Disp Low Limit	########	Enter the lower limit shown on the Bar Graph or Trend screen	to enter and shift to next digit
	Disp High Limit	########	Enter the upper limit shown on the Bar Graph or Trend screen.	
	Custom Tag	00000000000	Enter Custom Tag using any alphanumeric value up to 14 characters long.	

Table 9 - Calibration Menus

<return> Return to the Level 1 menu</return>							
	<return></return>						
Cal Points	S1 Cal Lo Pt		Calibration low point for Sensor 1				
(HART/FF	S1 Cal Hi Pt		Calibration high point for Se	nsor 1			
only)		Oual Inputs only)	Calibration low point for Sen	sor 2			
	S2 Cal Hi Pt (D	ual Inputs only)	Calibration high point for Se	nsor 2			
	<return></return>						
	Hour	##	These selections allow the	Press to enter			
0 - 4	Minute	##	user to enter a time stamp	menu selection			
Set Time	Year	####	for the Zero Correct, LRV	↑ and ↓ to select			
Stamp (HART only)	Month	January thru December	Correct, URV Correct, and Reset Corrects. This time stamp can be read via	number. ↑ and ↓ to select			
	Day	##	HART and Fieldbus communications.	from list.			
S1 CVD Cal	<return></return>						
Points (HART or FF) Applicable for	S1 Cal Lo (Ω)		CVD Calibration low point for Sensor 1 (Ohms)				
Pt100, Pt200, Pt500 and Pt1000 RTDs only.	S1 Cal Hi (Ω)		CVD Calibration high point for Sensor 1 (Ohms)				
S2 CVD Cal	<return></return>						
Points (HART or FF)	S2 Cal Lo (Ω)		CVD Calibration low point for Sensor 2 (Ohms)				
Applicable for Pt100, Pt200, Pt500 and Pt1000 RTDs only.	S2 Cal Hi (Ω)		CVD Calibration high point for Sensor 2 (Ohms)				

	<return></return>				
S1 Cal Lo Corr (HART only)	Do S1 Cal Lo	Executing this selection corrects the Input 1 Calibration Low Point based on the input measurement. The current live value of the Input 1 Sensor is shown on this display so the user can easily see the effect of the correction.	Press		
	<return></return>				
S1 Cal Hi Corr (HART only)	Do S1 Cal Hi	Executing this selection corrects the Input 1 Calibration High Point based on the input measurement. The current live value of the Input 1 Sensor is shown on this display so the user can easily see the effect of the correction.	Press		
	<return></return>				
S2 Cal Lo Corr (Dual Inputs only) (HART only)	Do S2 Cal Lo	Executing this selection corrects the Input 2 Calibration Low Point based on the input measurement. The current live value of the Input 2 sensor is shown on this display so the user can easily see the effect of the correction.	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Do Cal Press to initiate		
	<return></return>				
S2 Cal Hi Corr (Dual Inputs only) (HART only)	Do S2 Cal Hi	Executing this selection corrects the Input 2 Calibration High Point based on the input measurement. The current live value of the Input 2 sensor is shown on this display so the user can easily see the effect of the correction.	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Do Cal Press to initiate		
	<return></return>				
Reset Cal 1 Corr (HART only)	Reset S1 Corr	Executing this selection resets the Sensor 1 and calibrations back to Factory values.	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Reset Cals Press to initiate		
D 1 0 - 1 0	<return></return>				
Reset Cal 2 Corr (Dual Inputs only) (HART only)	Reset S2 Corr	Executing this selection resets the Sensor 2 calibrations back to Factory values.	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Reset Corrects Press to initiate		
	<return></return>				
LRV Correct (DE only)	Do LRV Correct	Executing this selection corrects the LRV based on the input pressure. The current live value of the primary pressure input is shown on this display so the user can easily see the effect of the LRV correction.	Press → to enter menu selection Scroll to Do LRV Correct Press → to initiate		
	<return></return>				
URV Correct (DE only)	Do URV Correct	Executing this selection corrects the URV based on the input pressure. The current live value of the primary pressure input is shown on this display so the user can easily see the effect of the URV correction.	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Do URV Correct Press to initiate		

	<return></return>		
Reset Corrects (DE only)	Reset Corrects	Executing this selection Resets the Zero, LRV, and URV Corrects back to Factory values	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Reset Corrects Press to initiate
	<return></return>		
DAC Trim	Trim Zero	This selection will calibrate the loop zero output to 4.000 mA Connect a current meter to the transmitter to monitor the loop output. When you press Enter, the transmitter will set the loop output to 4 mA. When the prompt "Enter reading" appears, enter the value shown on the current meter (in milliamps) and press Enter again. The transmitter will adjust the DAC output to 4mA.	Press
Note: Loop must be removed from Automatic Control (HART/DE only)	Trim Span	This selection will calibrate the loop span output to 20.000 mA Connect a current meter to the transmitter to monitor the loop output. When you press Enter, the transmitter will set the loop output to 20 mA. When the prompt "Enter reading" appears, enter the value shown on the current meter (in milliamps) and press Enter again. The transmitter will adjust the DAC output to 20 mA.	Press to initiate ↑ and ↓ to select number. to enter and shift to next digit
	Set DAC Normal	This selection allows the loop to be returned to its Normal mode (Automatic Control) after performing the Trim operation.	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Set DAC Normal Press to initiate
	<return></return>		T
Loop Test Note: Loop must be removed from Automatic Control (HART/DE only)	Set DAC Output	This selection allows the user to force the DAC output to any value between 3.8 and 20.8 mA. Note: This selection will put the DAC into Fixed Output Mode.	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Set DAC Output Press to initiate and to select number. to enter and shift to next digit
	Set DAC Normal	This selection allows the loop to be returned to its Normal mode (Automatic Control) after performing the Set DAC Output operation	Press to enter menu selection Scroll to Set DAC Normal Press to initiate

Table 10 - Transmitter Setup Menus

Return Return to the Level 1 menu								
-TOTALLE I	<return></return>							
	Tag ID (HART/DE only)	00000000	Enter Tag ID name up to 8 characters long. ☐ = any Alphanumeric value					
	Damping (sec) (HART/DE only)	##.#	Selection applies digital filtering to suppress noise effects on the PV. The limits for this value are 0.0 to 32.0 seconds					
	NAMUR Output	Disabled	Disabling sets the loop output and burnout levels to the Honeywell levels					
	(HART/DE only)	Enabled	Enabling sets the loop output and burnout levels to the NAMUR levels					
	Loop Ctrl Mode (Dual Inputs only) (HART/DE only) (Read only for DE)	Average, Differential, Sensor 1, Sensor 2, Split-Range, Redundant	Mode of Loop control	Press				
Device	Loop Ctrl Src (HART only)	Sensor 1, Sensor 2	Input sensor currently controlling the Loop	enter menu selection				
Setup	Delta Limit (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	####.##	User can configure the Delta Limit. If the Critical Excess Delta Detection has also been enabled, the critical fault will be set when the PV Delta (Sensor 1-Sensor 2 value) exceeds the Delta Limit."	↑ and ↓ to select Alphanumeric				
	Bumpless Damping (HART/FF only)	##.#	Damping value for the transition of Loop Control between Sensors when Loop Ctrl Mode is Split-Range or Redundant	character to the right.				
	Hysteresis (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	###.##	Hysteresis value relative to the MRV for the transition of Loop Control between Sensors when Loop Ctrl Mode is Split-Range					
	Break Detect*	Enable, Disable	When enabled, adds a constant bias value to the Sensor 2 measured value to equate it to the Sensor 1 measured value at the moment selected.					

^{*} Spurious readings may occur if Break Detect is off in delta mode

	Motob DVa /Dual	1				
	Match PVs (Dual Inputs only)				value for when Loop	
	(HART/FF only)			Ctrl Mode is	in Redundant mode	
	Latching		Enabled, Disabled When enabled, causes all critical sensor input failures to latch to the Critical Fault state. The fault may only be cleared by device reset. When disabled, the critical sensor input failure will be cleared if the input recovers.			
Device Setup	CJ Source	comp Valid gener and b gener	Determines the source of the Cold Junction compensation for Thermocouple Sensor types. Valid range of -40 to +85°C. Out of Range warning generated for temperatures between -45 and -50°C and between +85 and +90°C. Suspect Input failure generated for temperatures below -50°C and above +90°C			Press to enter menu selection ↑ and ↓ to select Alphanumeric to enter
		Interr	nal	Uses interna	al CJ sensor.	and shift to
		Exter	nal	Uses a Pt100 RTD on Input 2 as the CJ source.		next character to
		Fixed User configurable value for CJ temperature.		the right.		
	Fixed CJ Value	####.##		When CJ Type is Fixed, specifies the Cold Junction temperature value for thermocouple Sensor types. Degrees Celsius. Range of -50.0°C to 90.0°C		
	<return></return>	_		00.0 0 10 0	0.0 0	
	Disabled when Loc	p Cont	trol Mode i	s disabled		
HART	Device ID	Unique for each device				Read Only
Setup	Universal Rev	HART Revision			Read Only	
(HART	Field Device Rev			mpatibility		Read Only
only)	Final Assy Num		t tracking ı			,
	Loop mA		oled for Mu			
	Poll Address	0 (de	fault) to 63	3		
	PV Units		of transm			
	SV Units	Units	of transm	itted SV		
	<return></return>					
	Year # # # #			urrent year		
HART Date	Month		January through December		Select the current month	
(HART only)	Day # #	n	Enter the day of the month Select the current day			
	Write Date the		Press ENTER to write the HART Date to the transmitter			

	<return></return>					
	Sensor 1 Type	mV, TC, RTD, Ohm	Select Sensor Type1. Database updates take 30 seconds to complete. Do not interrupt power.			
	Sensor 1 ID (HART/FF only)	Sensor ID for Input 1	Select Sensor ID for Input n for selected Sensor Type. (Input 1 selection or dual input model). See Note 1. Database updates take 30 seconds to complete. Do not interrupt power.			
	Sensor 2 Type (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	mV, TC, RTD, Ohm	Select Sensor Type. Database updates take 30 seconds to complete. Do not interrupt power.			
Sensor Setup	Sensor 2 ID (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only) Sensor ID for Input 2		Select Sensor ID for Input n for selected Sensor Type. (Input 1 selection or dual input model) See Note 1. Database updates take 30 seconds to complete. Do not interrupt power.	Press ↵ to enter menu selection ↑ and ↓ to select entry. ↵ to enter		
	S1 Type	2-Wire, 3-Wire,	Select the number of lead			
	(HART/FF only) S1 Lead Res (HART/FF only)	4-Wire ####.##	wires for Sensor 1 Sensor 1 lead wire resistance valve			
	Sensor 1 Bias (HART/FF only)	####.##	Bias on the measured value for Sensor 1			
	S2 Type (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	2-Wire, 3-Wire, 4-Wire	Select the number of lead wires for Sensor 2			
	S2 Lead Res (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	####.##	Sensor 2 lead wire resistance valve. (only if RTD type is 2 wire)			
	Sensor 2 Bias (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	####.##	Bias on the measured value for Sensor 2			
0	Sensor 1 CVD	Enabled, Disabled	Callendar - van Dusen RTD co Sensor 1. See Note 1	pefficients for		
Sensor 1 CVD (HART or FF)	Sensor 1 R0	####.####	Resistance at 0°C CVD coefficient. See Note 1	Press		
Applicable for Pt100, Pt200,	Sensor 1 Alpha	#.########	Alpha CVD coefficient	selection		
Pt500 and	Sensor 1 Delta	#.#####	Delta CVD coefficient	↑ and ↓ to		
Pt1000 RTDs	Sensor 1 Beta	#.######	Beta CVD coefficient	select entry.		
only.	Write S1 CVD	Press ENTER to transmitter	write all Sensor 1 CVD coefficie	ents to the		

	1	Enabled,	Callendar - van Dusen RTD co	officients for
	Sensor 2 CVD	Disabled	Sensor 2. See Note 1	emolerits for
Sensor 2 CVD (HART or FF) Applicable for Pt100, Pt200, Pt500 and	Sensor 2 R0	####.####	Resistance at 0°C CVD coefficient	Press d to enter menu selection ↑ and ↓ to select entry.
Pt1000 RTDs	Sensor 2 Alpha	#.########	Alpha CVD coefficient	to onto
only.	Sensor 2 Delta	#.#####	Delta CVD coefficient	
,.	Sensor 2 Beta	#.######	Beta CVD coefficient	
	Write S2 CVD		o write all Sensor 2 CVD coefficie	ents to the
	<return></return>			
	Physical DO	Yes, No	Presence of physical DO	Read Only
Digital Output (HART only)	Alarm Type 1	None	Type of Alarm None PV High PV Low Critical Diagnostic Redundant Input Active Rate of Change* Deviation*	*Available only with Advanced Diagnostics Option. See Note 2 below
	Alarm Type 2	None	Type of Alarm None PV High PV Low Critical Diagnostic Redundant Input Active Rate of Change* Deviation*	*Available only with Advanced Diagnostics Option. See Note 2 below
	Setpoint 1	####.#	Setpoint for PV High/Low Alarm Type 1.	Press
(HAIXI OHIY)	Setpoint 2	####.#	Setpoint for PV High/Low Alarm Type 2.	selection ↑ and ↓ to
	Alarm Hysteresis	###.##	Hysteresis in percent of PV range where alarm activates. Applies to PV High/Low, Rate of Change and Deviation alarm types.	r and ↓ to select Alphanumeri c ↵ to enter and shift to next
	Deviation	###.#	Deviation above or below setpoint. Available only with Advanced Diagnostics Option.	character to the right.
	Alarm Latching	Enable, Disable, Clear	Latching state of active alarm. Clear is a momentary selection that clears a latched alarm if the alarm condition no longer exists.	
	Alarm Blocking	Enable, Disable	Suppresses alarm until after the first occurrence of any alarm condition after power on. Applies to PV High/Low, Rate of Change and Deviation alarm types.	

Type (Dual Inputs only		ıly)	Sensor 1, Sensor 2, Average, Differential, Redundant, Split Range	The range for the selected type is shown Lower Range value for Typ	0	Press ↵ to enter menu selection ↑ and ↓ to select entry.
(FF only)	LRV			selected		d to enter
	URV		####.##	Upper Range value for Typ selected	е	
	MRV (Dual Inputs or	nly)	####.##	Middle Range value (Applicable for Split Range type only)		
	Units		°C, °F, °R, K			Read only
LRV	<return></return>					
(HART/DE only)			wer Range Limit (I	er Range Value is the LRL) of the selected Sensor	m	ress
	<return></return>					
URV (HART/DE only)	###. ## The limit for the Upper Range Value is the Upper Range Limit (URL) of the selected Sensor ID.		m	ress		
	<return></return>					
MRV (Dual Inputs only) HART only	###.##	Determines the point of transition of Loop m		ress		
Set LRV	<return></return>					
(HART/DE only)	ATTENTION: Executing this service will set the Lower Range menu			ress		
Set URV	<return></return>					
(HART/DE only)	ART/DE ATTENTION: Execu			will set the Upper Range asurement	m	ress

Note 1: Changing the RTD ID (Pt100, Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000) will automatically disable CVD and set the CVD coefficients to their default values for the RTD type selected.

Note 2: The Setpoint for the Rate of Change Alarm is configured in terms of PV change per minute. The STT850 monitors the PV change as a rolling window two seconds long and pro-rates this value in terms of PV change per minute. If the rate of change measured during any two second window exceeds the configured Setpoint value then the alarm will turn on. If Alarm Latching is disabled, then once the rate of change value falls below the configured Setpoint and Hysteresis values, the alarm will turn off. If latching is enabled, then the alarm will not turn off until the unit is reset or the alarm is cleared via the Alarm Latching Clear function.

	<return></return>				
	- Countr		Enter the current year.		
	Year	####	This item will only be visible if no		
	HART only	# # # #	Install Date has been written to		
			the transmitter.		
	N.A 41.		Select the current month.		
	Month	January throug	•		
	HART only	December	Install Date has been written to the transmitter.		
			Enter the day of the month.		
	Day HART	,, ,,	This item will only be visible if no		
Dev Install	only	##	Install Date has been written to		
Date			the transmitter.		
(HART/FF only)			If no Install Date has been set in		
			the transmitter, this value is a		
	Install Date	1.1	preview of the Year, Month, and		
		dd-mm-yyyy	Day entered above. Otherwise, this is the Install Date that was		
			previously written to the		
			transmitter.		
		Press ENTER to	o write the Install Date to the transmitter.		
	Write Date				
	Write Date HART only		Install Date can only be written once in		
	the life of the transmi		ansmitter. You cannot erase or overwrite		
		the Install Date	once it has been written.		
	<return></return>		Enter the current year		
			Enter the current year. This item will only be visible if no Install		
	Year	####	Date has been written to the		
		transmitter.			
S1 Install			Select the current month.		
Date	Month	January thru			
(HART/FF only)	Wildright	December	Date has been written to the		
			transmitter.		
			Enter the day of the month. This item will only be visible if no Install		
	Day	##	Date has been written to the		
			transmitter.		
	Write Date	Press ENTER to	o write the Install Date to the transmitter.		
	<return></return>				
			Enter the current year.		
	Year	####	This item will only be visible if no Install		
			Date has been written to the		
S2 Install Date			transmitter.		
(Dual Inputs only)		January thru	Select the current month. This item will only be visible if no Install		
	Month	December	Date has been written to the		
(HART/FF only)			transmitter.		
			Enter the day of the month.		
	Day	##	This item will only be visible if no Install		
	'	Date has been written to the			
	14/1/ 5 /	B EV.TES :	transmitter.		
	Write Date	Press ENTER to	o write the Install Date to the transmitter.		

Table 11 – Information Menus

<return> Return</return>	<return> Return to the Level 1 menu</return>			
	<return></return>			
Display	Firmware Version	The firmware version of the Display Module	Read Only	
	<return></return>			
	Firmware Version	The firmware version of the Electronics Module	Read Only	
Comm Module	Software Rev (HART/DE only)	The firmware version number of the Electronics Module as displayed via the HART and DE protocols	Read Only	
Comm Module	Protocol	The communications protocol of the transmitter: • HART: HART protocol • DE: Honeywell DE protocol • FF: Foundation Fieldbus	Read Only	
	Serial Number (FF only)	Serial number of the Fieldbus Comms module	Read Only	
	<return></return>			
	Firmware Version	The firmware version of the Sensor Module	Read Only	
	Model Key	Identifies the type and range of the transmitter	Read Only	
		The Engineering Units for the LRL and URL.	Read Only	
Sensor Module	Units	Note that you can change these Units from the Transmitter Setup menu, if desired (Transmitter Setup\Parameters\Units)		
	S1 LRL	The Lower Range Limit of the Input 1 Sensor	Read Only	
	S1 URL	The Upper Range Limit of the Input 1 Sensor	Read Only	
	S2 LRL (Dual Inputs only) (HART/FF only)	The Lower Range Limit of the Input 2 Sensor	Read Only	
	S2 URL (Dual Inputs only) (HART /FF only)	The Upper Range Limit of the Input 2 Sensor	Read Only	

4.1.6 The Basic Display Menu

The Basic Display Menu is implemented as one long single-level menu and will "wrap around" when it reaches the start or end of the menu. Operation is as follows:

- 1. Select **<Exit Menu>** and press → to exit the Menu.
- 2. Use the ↑ and ↓ buttons to scroll through the list of menu items.
- 3. Press the J button to select an item for data entry or activation. When an item is selected for data entry or activation, the cursor will jump to the lower line of the LCD to allow editing of the value. No action is taken against a menu item until the user presses the J button.
- 4. If you want to abort a data entry operation, simply refrain from pushing any buttons for 10 seconds; the data entry operation will time out and the original value of the selected item will be preserved.

Table 12 - The Basic Display Menus

'#' in "Screen #" indicates the screen numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 'n' in "Sensor n" indicates the Input numbers 1, 2

		Adjust the LCD contrast level.	
LCD Contrast	»»»»	Range from » (1) to »»»»»»»» (9) Default: »»»»»» (7)	
Rotation Time]
Screen Rotate	Enabled Disabled	Select to enable or disable the automatic rotation of Screens	
Select Screen (HART/DE)	1 through 8	Select Screen to configure.	
Screen # (HART/DE)	Enabled/Disabled	Select to enable or disable the screen for display and configuration	
Screen # PV (HART/DE)	Loop PV Sensor 1 Sensor 2 CJ Temperature Sensor 1 Resistance Sensor 2 Resistance Loop Output Percent Output	Select the Process Variable (PV) that will be shown on the screen. Sensor Resistance is only available for RTDs and will read 0 for thermocouples	Press d to enter menu selection ↑ and ↓ to select entry.
Screen Decimal (HART/DE)	None X.X X.XX X.XXX	Select the PV decimal resolution to be shown on selected screen from list.	d to enter d d d d d d d d d d
Screen Units (HART/DE) (Writable only for TC/RTD inputs)	°C, °F,°R, K	Choose appropriate engineering units from list	
Range/Cal Units (HART/DE/FF) (Visible for TC and RTD inputs only)	°C, °F, °R, K	Select the ranging and calibration temperature units	

			ı
Select Input (HART/FF) (Dual input only)	1, 2	Select Input number to configure, referred to as "n" in subsequent menu items	
Sensor n Type (FF read only)	mV, TC, RTD, Ohm	Select Sensor Type. Database updates take 30 seconds to complete. Do not interrupt power.	
Sensor n ID (HART/FF) (FF read only)	Sensor Identifier	Select Sensor ID for Input n for selected Sensor Type. (Input 1 selection or dual input model). Database updates take 30 seconds to complete. Do not interrupt power.	
Sens n Wire Type (HART/FF) (FF read only)	2-Wire, 3-Wire, 4-Wire	Select the number of lead wires for RTD and Ohm sensors.	
Sens nLead (HART/FF) (FF read only)	####.##	Sensor lead wire resistance value. (only if RTD type is 2 wire)	Press
Sensor n Bias (HART/FF) (FF read only)	####.##	Bias on the measured value	↑ and ↓ to
Sens n Cal Lo Pt (HART/FF) (FF read only)	####.##	Calibration low point for Sensor n	entry.
Sens n Cal Hi Pt (HART/FF) (FF read only)	####.##	Calibration high point for Sensor n	
Do Sens n Cal Lo (HART/DE)	Confirm	Executing this selection corrects the Cal Low Point based on the input measurement	
Do Sens n Cal Hi (HART/DE)	Confirm	Executing this selection corrects the Cal High Point based on the input measurement	
Sensor n LRV (FF only)	####.##	Lower Range Value representing 0% output	Read Only Parameter
Sensor n URV (FF only)	####.##	Upper Range Value representing 100% output	Read Only Parameter
Reset Sens n Cal (HART/DE)	Confirm	Executing this selection Resets the LRV, and URV Corrects back to Factory values	D
Sensor n CVD (HART or FF) Applicable for Pt100, Pt200, Pt500 and Pt1000 RTDs only.	Enabled, Disabled	Callendar - van Dusen RTD coefficients for Sensor n	Press to enter menu selection ↑ and ↓ to select
Match PVs (HART only)	Enabled, Disabled	For Redundant Loop Control Mode. When enabled, adds a constant bias value to the Sensor 2 measured value to equate it to the Sensor 1 measured value at the moment selected.	entry. ↵ to enter

Break Detect (FF read only)	Enabled, Disabled	Enable or disable detection of Input wire break	
Latching (FF read only)	Enabled, Disabled	When enabled, causes all critical sensor input failures to latch to the Critical Fault state. The fault may only be cleared by device reset. When disabled, the critical sensor input failure will be cleared if the input recovers.	Press ↵ to enter menu selection
CJ Type (FF read only)	Internal, External, Fixed	Determines the source of the Cold Junction compensation for thermocouple Sensor types.	↑ and ↓ to select entry.
Fixed CJ Value (FF read only)	####.##	When CJ Type is Fixed, specifies the Cold Junction temperature value for thermocouple Sensor types. Degrees Celsius. Fixed CJ temperatures below -50 degrees have no effect on measured values.	√ to enter
Loop Ctrl Mode (HART/DE) (DE read only) (Dual input only)	Average, Difference, Sensor 1, Sensor 2, Split-Range, Redundant	Mode of Loop control	
Loop Source (HART/DE) (Dual input only)	Sensor 1, Sensor 2	Input sensor currently controlling the Loop	Read Only Parameter
LRV (HART/DE) URV (HART/DE)	#. ## #. ##	The limits are: the Lower Range Limit (LRL) and the Upper Range Limit (URL) of the selected Sensor 1 ID	
Set LRV (HART/DE)	Set Lower Range Value	ATTENTION: Executing this service will set the Lower Range Value (LRV) equal to the input pressure	
Set URV (HART/DE)	Set Upper Range Value	ATTENTION: Executing this service will set the Upper Range Value (URV) equal to the input pressure	
MRV (HART/FF) (FF read only)	Set Middle Range Value	Limits are the minimum URL and maximum LRL of the selected Sensor 1 and Sensor 2 IDs. Determines the point of transition of Loop Control between Sensor 1 and Sensor 2 for Split-Range Loop Control Mode.	Press ↵ to enter menu selection
Hysteresis (HART/FF) (FF read only)	###.##	Hysteresis value relative to the MRV for the transition of Loop Control between Sensors when Loop Ctrl Mode is Split-Range	select digit.
Bumpless Damping (HART/FF) (FF read only)	##.#	Damping value for the transition of Loop Control between Sensors when Loop Ctrl Mode is Split-Range or Redundant	
Damping (HART/DE)	#. ##	Selection applies digital filtering to suppress noise effects on the PV. The limits for this value are 0.0 to 32.0 seconds	

NAMUR Output (HART/DE)	Enabled Disabled	Disabling sets the loop output and burnout levels to the Honeywell levels	
DAC Zero Trim (HART/DE)	Disableu	This selection allows the loop zero output 4mA value to be trimmed.	
Note: Loop must be removed from Automatic Control	DAC Zero Trim	Note: You must connect a current meter to the transmitter to monitor the loop output.	Press d to
DAC Span Trim (HART/DE)		This selection allows the loop span output 20mA value to be trimmed.	enter menu selection
Note: Loop must be removed from Automatic Control	DAC Span Trim	Note: You must connect a current meter to the transmitter to monitor the loop output.	↑ and ↓ to select entry.
Loop Test (HART/DE) Note: Loop must	Loop Test 12.000	This selection allows the user to force the DAC output to any value between 3.8 and 20.8 mA. Note: This selection will put the DAC into Fixed Output Mode, as indicated	↓ to enter
be removed from Automatic Control	12.000	by the flashing output value. Navigation away from this menu item will return the loop to Normal (Automatic) Mode.	
Alarm Type 1	None PV High PV Low Critical Diagnostic Redundant Input Active	Type of alarm.	Read Only
Alarm Type 2	Rate of Change* Deviation* (*Available only with Advanced Diagnostics Option).	туре от агапп.	Parameter
Tag ID (HART/DE)	0000000	Enter Tag ID name up to 8 characters long.	Press to enter menu selection
		□ = any Alphanumeric value	↑ and ↓ to select entry.
HART Device ID (HART only)	Unique for each device	Unique ID for device	Read Only Parameter
HART PV Units (HART only)	Units of transmitted PV	Units for the Primary Variable (Writable - for TC/RTD inputs Read only - mV and Ohm)	Press
HART SV Units (HART only)	Units of transmitted SV	Units for the Secondary Variable	menu selection

	•		
Install Date (HART only)	DD MM YYYY	This selection allows the user to enter the date a transmitter is installed. The Install Date is entered in sequence of Day, Month, and Year, followed by the new date and the prompt Write Date to confirm the entry. CAUTION: The Install Date can only be written once in the life of the Transmitter. You cannot erase or overwrite the Install Date once it has been written.	↑ and ↓ to select entry.
Firmware	Display Electronics Sensor	Menu item shows the current Firmware versions of the Display, Electronics Module and the Sensor Module	Read Only Parameter
Protocol	HART, DE, FF	Menu item shows the communications protocol	Read Only Parameter
Model Key (HART/FF)		Identifies the type and range of the transmitter	Read Only Parameter
<exit menu=""></exit>			

4.1.7 Selecting a new setting from a list of choices

Use the procedure described below to select a new setting for parameters that present a list of choices (e.g., PV Display, Temperature Units, etc.)

- 1. Press

 to begin the edit process. The Basic Display will show the current setting of the item on the lower line, left justified.
- 2. Press the ↑ or ↓ buttons to scroll through the list of choices.
- 3. Press \d to make your selection. The new selection will be stored in the transmitter and displayed on the lower line, right justified.

4.3. Three Button Operation with no Display Installed

When there is no Display installed, the buttons can be used to perform a Zero or Span adjustment of the transmitter. Caution should be taken to insure these adjustments are only made when the correct input values are applied. This feature is not available in the Fieldbus transmitter variant.

4.3.1 Zero Adjustment

This adjustment is the same as performing a Set LRV using the Display.

- 1. Connect a current meter or voltmeter as shown in Figure 20 to monitor the PV output of the transmitter.
- 2. Using an accurate input source, apply a signal equivalent to the transmitter LRV.
- 3. Press the Down (\downarrow) and Zero (\uparrow) buttons together to set the Zero.
- 4. Verify that the output is now 4 mA.

4.3.2 Span Adjustment

This adjustment is the same as performing a Set URV using the Display.

- 1. Connect a current meter or voltmeter as shown in Figure 20 to monitor the PV output of the Transmitter.
- 2. Using an accurate input source, apply a signal equivalent to the desired Upper Range Value of the transmitter.
- 3. Press the **Down** (\downarrow) and **Span** ($\stackrel{\square}{\leftarrow}$) buttons together to set the span.
- 4. Verify that the PV output is now 20 mA.

You can also use the MCT 202 Toolkit to make any adjustments to an STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter. Alternately, certain adjustments are possible through an Experion Station or Universal Station, if the STT850 is digitally integrated with either of these stations.

4.4. Changing the Default Failsafe Direction

For HART or DE the transmitters are shipped with a default failsafe direction of upscale. This means that the transmitter output will set the current output to upscale failsafe (maximum output) upon detection of a critical status. You can change the direction from upscale failsafe to downscale failsafe (minimum output) by moving the top jumper located in the Electronics module.

4.4.1 DE and Analog Differences

Failsafe operation is somewhat different between DE and analog operation:

- **Analog operation** Upscale failsafe drives the transmitter output to 21.8 mA. Downscale failsafe drives the transmitter output to 3.6 mA.
- **DE operation** Upscale failsafe causes the transmitter to generate a + **infinity** digital signal. Downscale failsafe causes the transmitter to generate a **infinity** digital signal.

The transmitter electronics module interprets either signal as *not-a-number* and initiates its own configured failsafe action for the control system.

4.4.2 Procedure to Establish Failsafe Operation

The failsafe direction display accessible via the Toolkit shows only the state of the jumper as it correlates to analog transmitter operation. Failsafe action for the DE control system may be configured to operate in a manner different from analog, as indicated by the state of the transmitter jumper.

The integrated circuits in the transmitter PWA are vunerable to damage by stray static discharges when removed from the Electronics Housing. Minimize the possibility of static discharge damage when handling the PWA as follows:

Do not touch terminals, connectors, component leads, or circuits when handling the PWA.

When removing or installing the PWA, handle it by its edges or bracket section only. If you need to touch the PWA circuits, be sure you are grounded by staying in contact with a grounded surface or by wearing a grounded wrist strap.

When the PWA is removed from the transmitter, put it in an electrically conductive bag, or wrap it in aluminum foil to protect it.

The following procedure outlines the steps for positioning the write protect and failsafe jumpers on the electronics module. See Figure 22 for the locations of the failsafe and write protect jumpers.

Note: The Fieldbus variant has simulation and write protect jumpers in the same location and their positions are described in Table 14 – Fieldbus Simulation and Write Protect Jumpers. See Section 4.4.3, Write Protect Jumper on Foundation Fieldbus (FF)

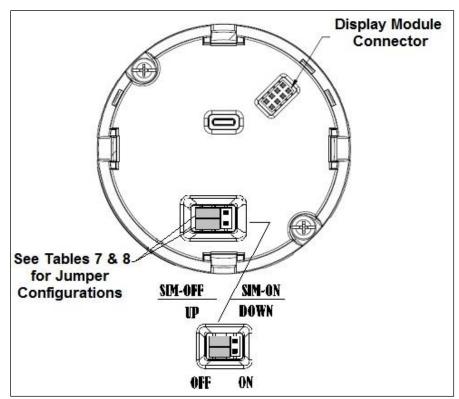


Figure 22 - Locating the Failsafe and Write Protect Jumpers

Table 13 – HAR	Γ and DE Failsafe and	I Write Protect Jumpers
----------------	-----------------------	-------------------------

Jumper Arrangements	Description
	Failsafe = UP (High) Write Protect = OFF (Not Protected)
	Failsafe = DOWN (Low) Write Protect = OFF (Not Protected)
	Failsafe = UP (High) Write Protect = ON (Protected)
	Failsafe = Down (Low) Write Protect = On (Protected)

- 1. Turn OFF transmitter power (Power removal is only required in accordance with area safety approvals. Power removal is only required in Class 1 Div 1 Explosionproof and Class 1 Div 2 environments).
- 2. Loosen the end cap lock, and unscrew the end cap from the electronics side of the transmitter housing.
- 3. If equipped with a Display module, carefully depress the two tabs on the sides of the Display Module, and pull it off.

- 4. If necessary, unplug the interface connector from the Communication module. Do not discard the connector.
- 5. Set the Failsafe Jumper (top jumper) to the desired position (UP or DOWN). See Table 13 and Figure 22 for jumper positioning.
- 6. If applicable, re-install the Display module as follows:
 - Orient the display as desired.
 - Install the Interface Connector in the Display module such that it will mate with the socket for the display in the Communication module.
 - Carefully line up the display, and snap it into place. Verify that the two tabs on the sides of the display latch.

NOTE: Installing a Display Module into a powered transmitter may cause a temporary upset to the loop output value.

Orient the Display for proper viewing through the end cap window. You can rotate the meter mounting orientation in 90 ° increments.

7. Restore transmitter power if removed.

4.4.3 Write Protect Jumper on Foundation Fieldbus (FF)

On Foundation Fieldbus transmitters there is no Failsafe jumper selection but there is a Write Protect jumper. The bottom jumper sets the Write Protect. The default setting is OFF (Un-protected). When set to the On (Protected) position, Changed configuration parameters cannot be written to the transmitter. When set to the OFF (Un-protected) position, Changed configuration parameters can be written to the transmitter.

	ATTENTION: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.
1	WARNING! PERSONAL INJURY: Risk of electrical shock. Disconnect power before proceeding. HAZARDOUS LIVE voltages greater than 30 Vrms, 42.4 Vpeak, or 60 VDC may be accessible. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.
Step	Action
1	Turn OFF transmitter power.
2	Loosen the end-cap lock, and unscrew the end cap from the Electronics side of the transmitter housing.
3	If applicable, carefully depress the tabs on the sides of the Display Module and pull it off. If necessary, move the interface connector from the Communication Module to the display module to provide the preferred orientation of the display module in the window.
4	Set the Write Protect jumper (Bottom jumper) to the desired behavior (Protected or Unprotected). See Table 14 for jumper positioning.
5	Screw on the end cap and tighten the end-cap lock.
6	Turn ON transmitter power.

Image

Fieldbus Simulation Mode = OFF
Write Protect = OFF (Not Protected)

Fieldbus Simulation Mode = OFF
Write Protect = ON (Protected)

Fieldbus SIM Mode = ON
Write Protect = OFF (Not Protected)

Table 14 - Fieldbus Simulation and Write Protect Jumpers

4.5. Monitoring the Basic and Advanced Displays

This section describes the information shown on the operator screens of the Advanced and Basic Displays.

4.5.1 Basic Display

Figure 23 illustrates the Basic Display format with Process Variable (PV).

- The PV value is user-configurable. This field has 7 characters. The maximum allowable numeric value is 9999999 or -999999. If fractional decimals are configured, the fractional positions will be dropped, as required. If the PV value exceeds the above limits, it is divided by 1000 and "K" is appended to the result, allowing a maximum value with multiplier of 999999K or -99999K.
- Process Variable Tag is user-configurable from a HART Host. This field has 14 characters.
- Engineering Units. This field is user-configurable when measuring temperature. (Custom Units option is available for Fieldbus only)



Figure 23 - Basic Display with Process Variable Format

4.5.2 Advanced Displays

As shown in Figure 24, the Advanced Display provides three formats. Table 15 lists and describes the fields in each of the three Advanced Display formats. Essentially, all three formats provide the same information, but with the following differences:

- Bar Graph. User Configurable 126 segment Bar Graph with range settings. The Bar Graph displays the current value of the configured PV.
- PV Trend. User-configurable display period from one hour to 999 hours (allowing 31 days). The chart displays minimum, maximum, and average of the configured PV over the selected trend period.

Advanced Display with process variable



Advanced Display with Bar graph



Advanced Display with Trending

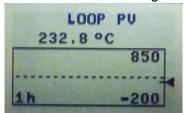


Figure 24 – Advanced Display Formats with the Process Variable

Table 15 - Advanced Displays with PV Format Display Indications

Display Indicator	splay Indicator What It Means			
• •				
Diagnostic / Maintenance These indicators are displayed in the upper left corner of the screen when the	D Diagnostic condition present This indicator is displayed any time a diagnostic is present in the transmitter, either Critical or Non-Critical. If a Critical Diagnostic is present, the message "Critical Diag" will flash at the top of the screen and the appropriate Diagnostic screen will be inserted into the normal screen rotation.			
associated conditions are present in the transmitter.	5.3 Electronics Module Fault S2 RTD			
	To determine which Non-Critical diagnostics are active, use the local buttons to call up the Non-Critical diagnostics menu (Main Menu\Diagnostics\Non-Critical. Refer to Table 10Table 10 for details concerning the Non-Critical diagnostics.			
	M Maintenance Mode is active For HART and DE, this indicator is set by the Experion DCS. For Fieldbus, the transmitter internally sets this mode. When this Mode is active, a screen with the text "Available for Maintenance" will be inserted into the normal screen rotation to make it easy to identify transmitters that are available for maintenance.			
	ATTENTION Available for Maintenance			

PV Value	User Configurable. This field has 7 characters. Maximum allowable numeric value of 9999999 or -999999. If fractional decimals are configured, the fractional positions will be dropped as required. If the PV exceeds the values above limits, the PV is divided by 1000 and "K" is appended to the result, allowing a maximum value with multiplier of 999999K or -99999K		
PV Status:	Good Bad	The transmitter has detected a fault condition. The PV Status field will flash when this condition is present and the PV Value will be displayed on a black background as shown below: SENSOR 1 SE	
	Unc	Uncertain (this status is only available for Fieldbus transmitters) The PV Value is outside of normal limits.	

PV Function Block Mode	The Function Block Mode is only displayed for Foundation Fieldbus transmitters. The eight possible Modes are shown below.				
	OOS Out Of Service Auto Automatic	RCas Remote Cascade Rout Remote Output			
	Man Manual	IMan Initialization Manual			
	Cas Cascade	LO Local Override			
Process Variable Tag	User Configurable. This field has 14 of	is field has 14 characters			
	User Configurable. This field has 2 characters in case of HART Note: In case of Fieldbus, this field has 8 characters to configure Units, which is applicable when Units configured to "Custom" from				
		Other:			
Engineering Units		Otner:			
Engineering Units	° C	(%) percent			
Engineering Units	° C ° F				
Engineering Units		(%) percent			
Engineering Units	° F	(%) percent (mV) millivolt			
Engineering Units Bar Graph	° F ° R	(%) percent (mV) millivolt mA (milliampere) Custom - applicable to FF only			

4.5.3 Button operation during monitoring

When the operator screens are active on the Advanced Display, the Increment and Decrement buttons (\uparrow and \downarrow) can be used to move to the next or previous operator screen without waiting for the rotation time to expire. Pressing the Enter button (\downarrow) will call up the Main Menu.

5 Maintenance

5.1. Overview

This section provides information about preventive maintenance and replacing damaged parts. The topics covered in this section are:

• Replacement of damaged parts such as the Electronics Modules.

5.2. Preventive Maintenance Practices and Schedules

The STT850 SmartLine Transmitter does not require any specific maintenance at regularly scheduled intervals.

Maintenance of the STT850 is limited to ensuring that connections, seals and mounting are tight and secure. There are no moving parts or adjustments and hence no reason to open the field housing except to inspect for corrosion or conductive dust entry which could later affect reliable operation. The transmitter modules themselves should never be opened.

5.3. Replacing the Communication Module

The Communication module includes a connector to the optional Display module. This section includes the procedure to replace the Communication module.

The transmitter does not have to be removed from service to replace the Comm

Please take appropriate steps to avoid ESD damage when handling the Communication and Display Module assemblies

Refer to Figure 25 for parts locations.

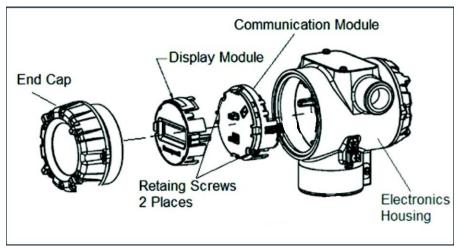


Figure 25 - PWA Replacement

- 1. Turn OFF transmitter power (Power removal is only required in accordance with area safety approvals. Power removal is only required in Class 1 Div 1 Explosionproof and Class 1 Div 2 environments).
 - When removing the Communications Module with power applied, the loop will go to 0V. Likewise, installing a Communications Module into a transmitter with power applied will cause the loop output value to go to 12 ma for several seconds then the loop output value will go to the configured value based on the PV input.
 - Installing a Display Module into a powered transmitter may cause a temporary upset to the loop output value.
- 2. Loosen the end cap lock, and unscrew the end cap from the electronics side of the transmitter housing.
- 3. If equipped with a Display module, carefully depress the two tabs on the sides of the Display Module, and pull it off.
- 4. If necessary, unplug the Display interface connector from the Communication module. **Do not discard the connector**.
- 5. Loosen the two retaining screws, and carefully pull the Communication module from the Electronics compartment.
- 6. Carefully, insert the Communication module into the Electronics compartment.
- 7. Tighten the two Communication module retaining screws.
- 8. Refer to the SmartLine User's Manual to change the FAILSAFE (HART and DE only), READ/WRITE, and SIM-OFF/SIM-ON configuration settings.
- 9. If applicable, re-install the Display module as follows:
- a) Orient the display as desired.
- b) Install the Interface Connector in the Display module such that it will mate with the socket for the display in the Communication module.
- c) Carefully line up the display, and snap it into place. Verify that the two tabs on the sides of the display latch.
- Orient the Display for proper viewing through the end cap window. You can rotate the meter mounting orientation in 90 ° increments.
- 10. Apply Parker Super O-ring Lubricant or equivalent to the end cap O-ring before installing the end cap. Reinstall the End Cap and tighten the End Cap locking screw.
- 11. Installing Optional External Configuration Button Assembly.
- a) Loosen (Do Not Remove) both top nameplate screws and pivot nameplate 90°.
- b) Align the protrusion on the button assembly with the matching opening in the housing and snap the button assembly into the housing.
- c) Rotate the nameplate back to the original position, and tighten the nameplate screws.

(Steps 13 - 16 required for Field Upgrades Only)

- 12. Loosen the End Cap locking screw and unscrew the End Cap from the Field Wiring side of the transmitter housing.
- 13. Select the proper Communication/External Configuration upgrade kit label from the label strip provided and adhere to the inside of the Field Wiring compartment End Cap.
- 14. Apply Parker Super O-ring Lubricant or equivalent to the end cap o-ring before installing the end cap. Reinstall the End Cap and tighten the end cap locking screw
- 15. Install external upgrade label (i.e. DEVICE MODIFIED.....) provided on outside of housing as shown in Figure 25.
- 16. Restore power if removed.
- 17. Check the settings of the Transmitter Setup and Display Setup parameters to make sure that the transmitter is configured correctly for your application. Refer to the STT850 HART/DE manual (34-TT-25-06) for details on HART and DE transmitters. Refer to STT850 Fieldbus manual (34-TT-25-07) for additional information about Fieldbus transmitters.
- 18. If applicable, verify External Button Configuration operation.

Installation is complete.

6 Calibration

6.1. Recommendations for Transmitter Calibration

The STT850 SmartLine Temperature Transmitter does not require periodic calibration to maintain accuracy. Typically, calibration of a process-connected transmitter will degrade, rather than augment the capability of a smart transmitter. For this reason, it is recommended that a transmitter be removed from service before calibration. Moreover, calibration must be accomplished in a controlled, laboratory-type environment, using certified precision equipment.

6.2. Calibration Procedures

For a transmitter operating in analog mode, you must calibrate its output signal measurement range using any compatible hand-held communicator or a local display.

One calibration option is to use the Honeywell MC Toolkit (MCT). Refer to the MC Toolkit User Manual, Document # 34-ST-25-20.

Calibration information and procedures for a transmitter operating in the HART/DE mode are provided in the *STT850 Series HART/DE Option User's Manual*, document number 34-TT-25-06, Section on "Calibration." For Foundation Fieldbus calibration information refer to Foundation Fieldbus STT850 Temperature Transmitter User's Guide, 34-TT-25-07

7 Troubleshooting

7.1. Overview

Troubleshooting involves responding to error messages, primarily displayed by the MC Toolkit. Error messages that may occur on the transmitter's local display are fairly self-explanatory and intuitive. However, this section covers the diagnostic messages that indicate critical conditions. Other than the critical conditions, additional detail is not provided. If you require assistance, contact your distributor or Honeywell Technical Support. All other messages are covered by the MC Toolkit Users' Manual.

7.2. Critical Diagnostics Screens

When a Critical Diagnostic is present in the transmitter, the Advanced Display will show one or more of the screens pictured in Figure 26. These screens will be inserted into the normal screen rotation and displayed between the user-defined operator screens. A description of the diagnostic conditions is given Table 16, along with suggested actions for resolving the problem.

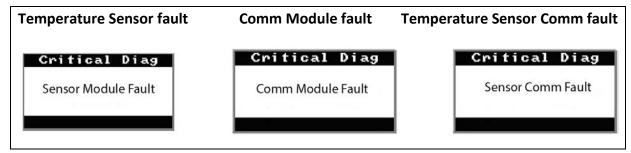


Figure 26 - Local Display Fault Diagnostic Conditions

The Basic Display will display the message CRITICAL FAULT on the top line of the LCD and the appropriate diagnostic text on the lower line.

7.1.1 Fault Conditions and Recommended Corrective Actions

Table 16 – Fault Conditions and Recommended Corrective Actions.

Condtion	Analysis	Recommended Corrective Action
Electronics Module Fault. A critical failure has been detected on the HART, DE, or Fieldbus Electronics Module.	Use a HART, DE, or Fieldbus communicator to read the detailed status information from the transmitter. Refer to the appropriate communicator manual for more information about the possible failure causes.	Cycle power to the transmitter. If the problem continues to occur replace the Electronics Module.
Temperature Sensor Module Fault. A critical failure has been detected on the Temperature Sensor Module.	Use a HART, DE, or Fieldbus communicator to read the detailed status information from the transmitter. Refer to the appropriate communicator manual for more information about the possible failure causes.	If the diagnostic status indicates an input problem (burnout, out of range, etc.), correct the root error and then cycle power to the transmitter. If the problem continues to occur replace the Temperature Sensor Module.
Temperature Sensor Comm Fault. Cannot communicate with the Temperature Sensor Module.	Use a HART, DE, or Fieldbus communicator to read the detailed status information from the transmitter. Refer to the appropriate communicator manual for more information about the possible failure causes.	Cycle power to the transmitter. If the problem continues to occur replace the Temperature Sensor Module

8 Parts List

8.1. Overview

Individually saleable parts for the various transmitter models are listed in this section. Some parts are illustrated for identification. Parts are identified and listed in the corresponding tables as follows:

- Individually saleable parts are indicated in each figure by key number callout.
- Parts that are supplied in kits are indicated in each illustration by key number callout with the letter K prefix.

Table 17 is a summarized list of recommended spare parts.

Table 17 - Summary List of Recommended Spare Parts

Part Number	Description	Figure No.	Key No.	1-10 Unit s	10- 100 Units	100- 1000 Units
Electronics Housing Assembly						
50086423-501	HART Electronics Module Without REED Sensor PWA					
50086423-502 50086423-503 50086423-504 50086423-505	HART Electronics Module With REED Sensor PWA DE Electronics Module Without REED Sensor PWA DE Electronics Module With REED Sensor PWA FieldBus Electronics Module Without REED Sensor PWA	Figure 28	5	1	1-2	2-4
50086423-506	FieldBus Electronics Module With REED Sensor PWA					
50049911-502 50049846-503 50087087-503	Basic Display Module Advanced Display Module Advanced Display Module, East Asia (CH, JP)	Figure 29	4	1	1-2	2-4
50086421-501	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning Protection, Single Input					
50086421-502 50086421-503	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning Protection, Dual Input HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning Protection, Single Input					
50086421-504	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning Protection, Dual Input	Figure 29	3	1	1	1-2
50086421-505	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning Protection, Single Input w/Digital Output					
50086421-506	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning Protection, Single Input,w/Digital Output					
50086421-507	FieldBus Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning Protection, Single Input					
50086421-508	FieldBus Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning Protection, Dual Input	Figure				
50086421-509	Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning Protection, Single Input	29	3	1	1	1-2
50086421-510	FieldBus Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning Protection, Dual Input					

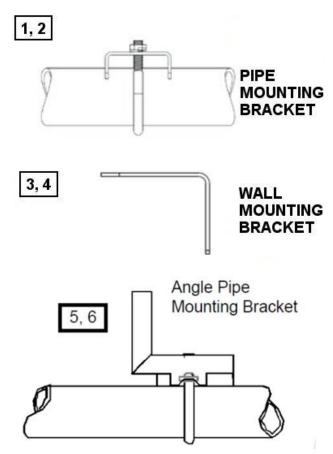


Figure 27 - Pipe and Wall Bracket Parts

Pipe Mounting Bracket	Carbon Steel
Pipe Mounting Bracket	316 SS
Angle Pipe Mounting Bracket	Carbon Steel
Angle Pipe Mounting Bracket	316 SS
Marine Approved Mounting Bracket	316 SS
Wall Mounting Bracket	Carbon Steel
Wall Mounting Bracket	316 SS

Table 18 - Pipe, Wall and Angle Bracket Parts

(Refer to Figure 27)

Key No.	Part Number	Description	
1	50090524-501	Carbon Steel Pipe Bracket Mounting kit for all models	1
2	50090524-503	316 Stainless Steel Pipe Bracket Mounting kit for all models	1
3	50092363-501	Carbon Steel Wall Bracket Mounting kit for all models	1
4	50092363-503	316 Stainless Steel Wall Bracket Mounting kit for all models	1
5	30752770-007	Carbon Steel Angle Pipe Bracket Mounting kit for all models	1
6	30752770-407	316 Stainless Steel Angle Pipe Bracket Mounting kit for all models	1

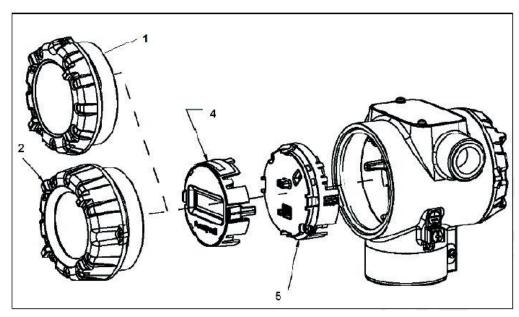


Figure 28 – Electronic Housing, Display End

Table 19 – Transmitter Major Assemblies

(Refer to Figure 28 and Figure 29)

Key No.	Part Number	Description	Quantity Per Unit
1	50049858-501	End Cap (Aluminum)	1
'	50049858-521	End Cap (Stainless Steel)	
2	50049832-501	End Cap, Display (Aluminum)	1
	50049832-521	End Cap, Display (Stainless Steel)	
	50086421-501	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning	1
		Protection, Single Input	
	50086421-502	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning	
		Protection, Dual Input	
	50086421-503	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning	
		Protection, Single Input	
	50086421-504	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning	
		Protection, Dual Input	
	50086421-505	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning	
3		Protection, Single Input w/Digital Output	
	50086421-506	HART/DE Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning	
	50000404 505	Protection, Single Input,w/Digital Output	
	50086421-507	FieldBus Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning	
	50000404 500	Protection, Single Input	
	50086421-508	FieldBus Temperature/Terminal Block Assy Without Lightning	
	50000404 500	Protection, Dual Input	
	50086421-509	FieldBus Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning	
	F0000404 F40	Protection, Single Input	
	50086421-510	FieldBus Temperature/Terminal Block Assy With Lightning	
	E0040044 E00	Protection, Dual Input	1
4	50049911-502	Basic Display for Temperature	1
	50049846-503	Advanced Display for Temperature	

5	50086423501 50086423502 50086423503 50086423504 50086423505 50086423506	HART Electronics Module Assembly (PWA) without Reed sensor HART Electronics Module Assembly (PWA) with Reed sensor DE Electronics Module Assembly (PWA) without Reed sensor DE Electronics Module Assembly (PWA) with Reed sensor FF Electronics Module Assembly (PWA) without Reed sensor FF Electronics Module Assembly (PWA) with Reed sensor	1
6	50049915-501	External Zero, Span & Config Buttons (HART and DE)	1
K1	30757503-005	Electronics housing seals kit (includes O-rings)	

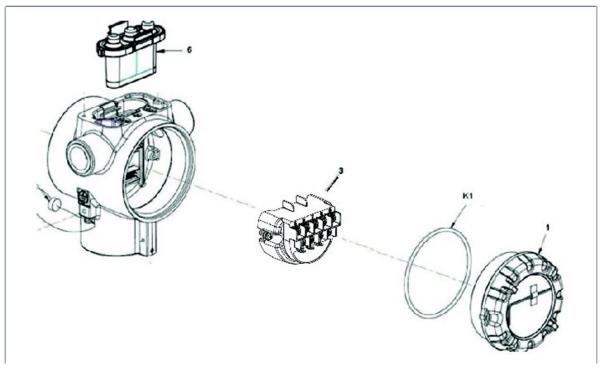


Figure 29 – Electronic Housing, Terminal Block End

Appendix A. PRODUCT CERTIFICATIONS

A1. Safety Instrumented Systems (SIS) Installations

For Safety Certified Installations, please refer to STT850/750 Safety Manual 34-TT-25-05 for installation procedure and system requirements.

A2. European Directive Information (EU)



Honeywell

50094560 Revision: E

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We,

Honeywell International Inc. Honeywell Field Solutions 512 Virginia Drive Fort Washington, PA 19034 USA

declare under our sole responsibility that the following products,

STT 850 – Smart Series Temperature Transmitter STT 750 – Smart Series Temperature Transmitter

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the provisions of the European Community Directives, including the latest amendments, as shown in the attached schedule.

Assumption of conformity is based on the application of the harmonized standards and when applicable or required, a European Community notified body certification, as shown in the attached schedule.

The authorized signatory to this declaration, on behalf of the manufacturer, and the Responsible Person is identified below.

Product Safety & Approvals Engineering

Issue Date: 24 July 2015



SCHEDULE

50094560 Revision: E

EMC Directive (2004/108/EC)

IEC 61326-1:2005 Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use – EMC

Requirements.

IEC 61326-3-1:2008 Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use- Part 3-1:

Immunity Requirements for safety related systems and equipment intended to

perform safety-related functions.

Overview of EMC Testing

Equipment Tested (EUT): ST 850 TRANSMITTER

Summary of Tests Performed:

PORT	TEST	STANDARD	CRITERIA (IEC 61326-1)	CRITERIA (IEC 61326-3-1)	RESULTS
	Radiated Emission	CISPR 11	Group1, Class A 30 – 230 MHz: 40 dB 230 – 1000 MHz: 47 dB	Group1, Class A 30 – 230 MHz: 40 dB 230 – 1000 MHz: 47 dB	PASS
Enclosure	ESD Immunity	IEC61000-4-2	+/- 4KV Contact +/- 8KV Air	+/- 6KV Contact +/- 8KV Air	PASS
	EM Field- RF Radiated Susceptibility	IEC61000-4-3	10 V/m- 80 MHz to 1GHz 3 V/m - 1.4 GHz to 2.0 GHz 1 V/m- 2.0 GHz to 2.7 GHz	20 V/m- 80MHz to 1GHz 10 V/m - 1.4GHz to 2.0 GHz 3 V/m- 2.0GHz to 2.7GHz	PASS PASS PASS
	50Hz/60Hz Magnetic Field Immunity	IEC 6100-4-8	30 A/m	30 A/m	N/A 1
	EFT(B) Immunity	IEC61000-4-4	+/- 1KV	+/- 2KV	PASS
	Surge Immunity	IEC61000-4-5	+/- 1KV	+/- 2KV	PASS
DC Power	RF Conducted Susceptibility	IEC61000-4-6	зv	3 V Except the following: 10 V 3.39 to 3.410MHz 10 V 6.765 to 6.795MHz 10 V 13.553 to 13.567MHz 10 V 26.957 to 27.283MHz 10 V 40.66 to 40.70MHz	PASS



SCHEDULE

50094560 Revision: E

PORT	TEST	STANDARD	CRITERIA (IEC 61326-1)	CRITERIA (IEC 61326-3-1)	RESULTS
	EFT(Burst) Immunity	IEC61000-4-4	+/- 1KV	+/- 2KV	2
	Surge Immunity	IEC61000-4-5	+/- 1KV	+/- 2KV	2
I/O Signal/ Control (Including Earth Lines)	RF Conducted Susceptibility	IEC61000-4-6	ЗV	3 V Except the following: 10 V 3.39 to 3.410MHz 10 V 6.765 to 6.795MHz 10 V 13.553 to 13.567MHz 10 V 26.957 to 27.283MHz 10 V 40.66 to 40.70MHz	2
	Voltage Dip	IEC61000-4- 11	0% during 1 Cycle 40% during 10-12 Cycles 70% during 25-30 Cycles		N/A ³
AC Power	Short Interruptions	IEC61000-4- 11	0% during 250-300 Cycles		N/A ³
	EFT(Burst) Immunity IEC61000-4-4		2KV		N/A ³
	Surge Immunity	IEC61000-4-5	1KV/ 2KV		N/A ³
	RF Conducted Susceptibility	IEC61000-4-6	3V		N/A ³

- 1. There is no magnetic sensitive circuitry.
- 2. Done as part of the DC Power Testing.
- 3. Product is DC Powered.



SCHEDULE

50094560 Revision: E

ATEX Directive (94/9/EC)

EC-Type Examination Certificate No: SIRA 14ATEX0020X

Protection: Flameproof "d" and Intrinsically Safe "ia" Certificate

EN 60079-0: 2012 EN 60079-1: 2007 EN 60079-11: 2011

EN 60079-26: 2006 EN 60079-31: 2009

Type Examination Certificate No: SIRA 14ATEX4052X

Protection: Non Sparking "n" Certificate

EN 60079-0: 2012 EN 60079-15: 2010

ATEX Notified Body for EC Type Certificates

SIRA Certification Service Rake Lane, Eccleston Chester, CH4 9JN England

ATEX Notified Body for Quality Assurance

DEKRA Certification B.V. [Notified Body Number: 0344] Maender 1051

6825 MJ Arnhem The Netherlands

A3. Hazardous Locations Certifications

MSG	AGENCY	TYPE OF PROTECTION	COMM	Electrical	Ambient
CODE			OPTION	Parameters	Temperature
		Explosion proof, Certificate: FM16US0157X: Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; Dust Ignition Proof: Class II, III, Division 1, Groups E, F, G; T6T5 Class 1, Zone 1, AEx d IIC T6T5 Gb Class 2, Zone 21, AEx tb IIIC T 95°C IP 66 Db	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF/ PROFIBUS	Note 1	T5: Ta= -50°C to 85°C T6: Ta= -50°C to 65°C
А	FM Approvals ™ (USA)	Intrinsically Safe, Certificate: FM16US0157X: Class I, II, III, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G; T4 Class I Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T4 Ga FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4	4-20 mA/ DE/HART /FF/ PROFIBUS	Note 2	-50°C to 70°C
		Non-Incendive, Certificate: FM16US0157X: Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D; T4 Class I Zone 2 AEx nA IIC T4 Gc AEx nA IIC T4	4-20 mA/ DE/HART /FF/ PROFIBUS	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C
		Standards: FM 3600:2011; ANSI,	/ ISA 60079-0: 20)13	
		FM 3615:2006; ANSI/ IS			
		FM 3616 : 2011 ; ANSI/			
		FM 3610:2010; ANSI/ IS FM 3810 : 2005 ; FM 36			012 ·
		FM 3810 : 2005 ; NEMA			•
		Enclosure: Type 4X/ IP66/ IP67	ALL	ALL	ALL

		Explosion proof, Certificate:		1			
		2689056: Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; Dust Ignition Proof: Class II, III, Division 1, Groups E, F, G; T4 Zone 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T 95°C IP 66 Db DIP A21 Class II, III	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C		
		Intrinsically Safe, Certificate: 2689056: Class I, II, III, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G; T4 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2	-50°C to 70°C		
		Non-Incendive, Certificate:					
В	CSA-Canada	2689056: Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D; T4	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C		
		Class I Zone 2 Ex nA IIC T4 Gc Ex nA IIC T4 Gc					
		Enclosure: Type 4X/ IP66/ IP67	ALL	ALL	ALL		
		Standards: CSA C22.2 No. 0-10; CSA 22.2 No. 25-1966 (reaffirmed 2009); CSA C22.2 No. 30-M1986 (reaffirmed 2012); CSA C22.2 No. 94-M91; CSA C22.2 No. 142-M1987 (reaffirmed 2009); CSA-C22.2No.157-92 (r 2012); C22.2 No. 213-M1987(reaffirmed 2012); C22.2 No. 60529-05 C22.2 No. CSA 60079-0:2011; C22.2 No. 60079-1: 2011; C22.2 No. 60 2011; C22.2 No. 60079-15: 2012; C22.2 No. 60079-31: 2012; ANSI/ ISA12.12.01-2012; ANSI/ ISA 60079-0 (12.00.01): 2009; ANSI/ ISA 60079-1 (12.22.01): 2009; ANSI/ ISA 60079-11(12.02.01): ANSI/ ISA 60079-26 (12.00.03): 2011; ANSI/ ISA 60079-31(12.12.02) ANSI/ ISA 60079-27 (12.02.04): 2006; ANSI/ ISA 60079-31(12.10.03) FM Class 3615: Aug 2006; FM Class 3616: Dec 2011; ANSI/ IEC 60529 ANSI/ UL 913: Edition 7; ANSI/ UL 916: Edition 4;					

С	ATEX	Flameproof, Sira 14ATEX2046X: II 2 G Ex d IIC T4 Gb II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T 95°C Db IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe, Sira 14ATEX2046X: II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Standards: EN 60079-0: 2012; EN EN 60079-11: 2011; EN Non Sparking, Sira		•		
		14ATEX4052X: II 3 G Ex nA IIC T4 Gc	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C	
		Enclosure: IP66/ IP67	ALL	ALL	ALL	
		Standards: EN 60079-0: 2012; E	N 60079-15 : 201	LO; IEC 60529 : 2	2009 with Corr 3	
			1	1	_	
	IECEx	Flameproof, SIR 14.0020X Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T 95°C IP 66/ IP67	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C	
		Intrinsically Safe, SIR 14.0020X Ex ia IIC T4 Ga FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2	-50°C to 70°C FISCO: -50°C to 45°C	
D		Non Sparking, SIR 14.0020X Ex nA IIC T4 Gc	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C	
		Enclosure: IP66/ IP67	ALL	ALL	ALL	
		Standards: IEC 60079-0: 2011, Edition 6; IEC 60079-1: 2007-04, Edition 6; IEC 60079-11: 2011, Edition 6; IEC 60079-15: 2010, Edition 4 IEC 60079-26: 2006, Edition 2; IEC 60079-31: 2008, Edition 1 IEC 60529: 2009 with Corr 3				
		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T 85°C IP 66 Db	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C	
E	SAEx (South Africa)	Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2	-50°C to 70°C	
		Non Sparking: Ex nA IIC T4 Gc	4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C	
		Enclosure: IP66/ IP67	ALL	ALL	ALL	

		Flowson and of.	1 20 0-1		
		Flameproof:	4-20 mA/	1	5000 . 0500
1		Ex d IIC T4 Gb	DE/HART/	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C
		Ex tb IIIC T 95°C IP 66 Db	FF		
1		Intrinsically Safe:			
		Ex ia IIC T4 Ga	4-20 mA/		
		FISCO Field Device (Only for FF	DE/HART/	Note 2	-50°C to 70°C
F	INMETRO	Option)	FF		
		Ex ia IIC T4			
		Non Sparking:	4-20 mA/		
		Ex nA IIC T4 Gc	DE/HART/	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C
			FF	11010 =	
		Enclosure: IP66/ IP67	ALL	ALL	
				, , , ,	ALL
1		Flameproof:	4-20 mA/		
1		Ex d IIC T4 Gb	DE/HART/	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C
1		Ex tb IIIC T 85°C IP 66	FF		
1		Intrinsically Safe:			
		Ex ia IIC T4	4-20 mA/		
	NEPSI	FISCO Field Device (Only for FF	DE/HART/	Note 2	-50°C to 70°C
G	(CHINA)	Option)	FF		
	(2	Ex ia IIC T4			
1		Non Sparking:	4-20 mA/		
		Ex nA IIC T4	DE/HART/	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C
		EXTINCTE 14	FF	11016 1	30 0 10 03 0
		Enclosure: IP66/ IP67	ALL	ALL	ALL
Н	KOSHA		4-20 mA/		
Н	KOSHA	Flameproof:	4-20 mA/	Note 1	
Н	KOSHA (KOREA)	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb	DE/HART/	Note 1	-50°C to 85°C
Н		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67		Note 1	
Н		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe:	DE/HART/ FF	Note 1	
Н		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/		-50°C to 85°C
Н		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/	Note 1	
Н		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option)	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/		-50°C to 85°C
Н		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C
Н	(KOREA)	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL		-50°C to 85°C
Н		Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/	Note 2	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C
	(KOREA)	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL	Note 2	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C
	(KOREA)	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof:	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/	Note 2	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C
	(KOREA) EAC Ex (Russia,	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/	Note 2	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe:	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/	Note 2 ALL Note 1	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe: 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T4 Db	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/	Note 2	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C FISCO:
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe: 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T4 Db FISCO Field Device (Only for FF	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/	Note 2 ALL Note 1	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe: 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T4 Db FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option)	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/	Note 2 ALL Note 1	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C FISCO:
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe: 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T4 Db FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) 0 Ex ia IIC T4	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2 ALL Note 1	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C FISCO:
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe: 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T4 Db FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Non Sparking:	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2 ALL Note 1	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C FISCO: -50°C to 45°C
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe: 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T4 Db FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) 0 Ex ia IIC T4	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/	Note 2 ALL Note 1	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C FISCO:
	EAC Ex (Russia, Belarus and	Flameproof: Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tD A21 T 95°C IP 66/ IP67 Intrinsically Safe: Ex ia IIC T4 FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) Ex ia IIC T4 Enclosure: IP66/ IP67 Flameproof: 1 Ex d IIC T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db Intrinsically Safe: 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T4 Db FISCO Field Device (Only for FF Option) 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Non Sparking:	DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF ALL 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF 4-20 mA/ DE/HART/ FF	Note 2 ALL Note 1	-50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C ALL -50°C to 85°C -50°C to 70°C FISCO: -50°C to 45°C

Notes

1. Operating Parameters:

4-20 mA/DE/HART (Loop Terminal)

Voltage= 11 to 42 V Current= 4-20 mA Normal (3.8 – 23 mA Faults)

FF (Loop Terminal)

Voltage= 9 to 32 V Current= 25 mA

2. Intrinsically Safe Entity Parameters

Terminals 1 and 2- LOOP: Ui = 30 Vdc, Ii = 225 mA, Pi = 900 mW, Ci = 4 nF, Li = 0 μ H

Terminals 5, 6, 7, 8, 9- SENSOR: Ci = 4 nF, $Li = 0 \mu H$

DIGITAL OUTPUT OPTION:

Terminals 1 and 2- LOOP: Ui = 30 Vdc, Ii = 225 mA, Pi = 900 mW, Ci = 4 nF, Li = 0 μ H Terminals 4 and 9, DO OPTION: Ui = 30 Vdc, Ii = 40 mA, Pi = 500 mW, Ci = 4 nF, Li = 0 μ H

Terminals 5, 6,7, 8 - SENSOR: Ci = 4 nF, $Li = 0 \mu H$

SIL 2/3 Certification	IEC 61508 SIL 2 for non-redundant use and SIL 3 for redundant use according to EXIDA and TÜV Nord Sys Tec GmbH & Co. KG under the following standards: IEC61508-1: 2010; IEC 61508-2: 2010; IEC61508-3: 2010.
MID Approval	Issued by NMi Certin B.V. in accordance with WELMEC guide 8.8, OIML R117.1 Edition 2007 (E), and EN 12405-1+A2 Edition 2006. Applicable to Pt100 sensor only.
MARINE TYPE APPROVAL	Lloyd's Register Certificate Number: 16/60011 Environmental categories ENV1, ENV2, ENV3 and ENV5 as defined in Lloyd's Register Test Specification No. 1, February 2015

A4. Marking ATEX Directive

General:

The following information is provided as part of the labeling of the transmitter:

- Name and Address of the manufacturer
- Notified Body identification: DEKRA Quality B.V., Arnhem, the Netherlands
- For complete model number, see the Model Selection Guide for the particular model of Temperature Transmitter.
- The serial number of the transmitter is located on the Housing data-plate. The first two digits of the serial number identify the year (02) and the second two digits identify the week of the year (23); for example, 0223xxxxxxxx indicates that the product was manufactured in 2002, in the 23 rd week.

Apparatus Marked with Multiple Types of Protection

The user must determine the type of protection required for installation the equipment. The user shall then check the box [2] adjacent to the type of protection used on the equipment certification nameplate. Once a type of protection has been checked on the nameplate, the equipment shall not then be reinstalled using any of the other certification types.

WARNINGS and Cautions:

Intrinsically Safe and Non-Incendive Equipment:

WARNING: SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MAY IMPAIR SUITABILITY FOR USE IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS.

Explosion-Proof/ Flameproof:

WARNING: DO NOT OPEN WHEN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE MAY BE PRESENT

Non-Incendive Equipment:

WARNING: DO NOT OPEN WHEN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE MAYBE PRESENT

All Protective Measures:

WARNING: FOR CONNECTION IN AMBIENTS ABOVE 60°C USE WIRE RATED 105°C

A.5 Conditions of Use" for Ex Equipment", Hazardous Location Equipment or "Schedule of Limitations":

Consult the manufacturer for dimensional information on the flameproof joints for repair.

Painted surface of the STT850 may store electrostatic charge and become a source of ignition in applications with a low relative humidity less than approximately30% relative humidity where the painted surface is relatively free of surface contamination such as dirt, dust or oil. Cleaning of the painted surface should only be done with a damp cloth.

Intrinsically Safe: Must be installed per drawing 50091227

Division 2: This equipment is suitable for use in a Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D; T4 or Non-Hazardous Locations Only.

The installer shall provide transient over-voltage protection external to the equipment such that the voltage at the supply terminal of the equipment does not exceed 140% of the voltage rating of the equipment.

The enclosure is manufactured from low copper aluminium alloy. In rare cases, ignition sources due to impact and friction sparks could occur. This shall be considered during Installation, particularly if equipment is installed a Zone 0 location.

If a charge-generating mechanism is present, the exposed metallic part on the enclosure is capable of storing a level of electrostatic that could become incendive for IIC gases. Therefore, the user/ installer shall implement precautions to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge, e.g. earthing the metallic part. This is particularly important if equipment is installed a Zone 0 location.

A.6 Control Drawing

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STT750/850 Series Temperature Transmitter ANALOG, HART/DE and FF/ PA Communications

- 1. Intrinsically safe installation shall be in accordance with
 - a. FM (USA): ANSI/NFPA 70, NEC* Articles 504 and 505.
 - b. CSA (Canada): Canadian Electrical Code (CEC), part I, section 18.
 - ATEX: Requirements of EN 60079-14, 12.3 (See also 5.2.4).
 - IECEx: Requirements of IEC 60079-14, 12.3 (See also 5.2.4).
- 2. ENTITY approved equipment shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's Intrinsic Safety Control Drawing.
- 3. The Intrinsic Safety ENTITY concept allows the interconnection of two ENTITY Approved Intrinsically safe devices with ENTITY parameters not specifically examined in combination as a system when:

Uo, Voc, or Vt ≤ Ui or Vmax; Io, Isc, or It ≤ Ii or Imax; Ca or Co ≥ Ci + Ccable, La or Lo ≥ Li + Lcable, Po ≤ Pi. Where two separate barrier channels are required, one dual-channel or two single-channel barriers may be used, where in either case, both channels have been Certified for use together with combined entity parameters that meet the above equations.

4. System Entity Parameters:

STT750/ STT850 Transmitter: Vmax Voc or Uo, Imax Isc or Io; STT750/ STT850 Transmitter: Ci + Ccable ≤ Control Apparatus Ca, STT750/ STT850 Transmitter: Li + Lcable ≤ Control Apparatus La.

5. When the electrical parameters of the cable are unknown, the following values may be used:

Capacitance: 197pF/m (60 pF/ft) Inductance: 0.66µH/m (0.020µH/ft).

- 6. Control equipment that is connected to Associated Equipment must not use or generate more than 250 V.
- Associated equipment must be FM, CSA ATEX or IECEx (depending on location) listed. Associated equipment may be installed in a Class I, Division 2 or Zone 2 Hazardous (Classified) location if so approved.
- 8. Non-Galvanically isolated equipment (grounded Zener Barriers) must be connected to a suitable ground electrode per:
 - FM (USA): NFPA 70, Article 504 and 505. The resistance of the ground path must be less than 1.0 ohm.
 - b. CSA (Canada): Canadian Electrical Code (CEC), part I, section 10.
 - ATEX: Requirements of EN 60079-14, 12.2.4.
 - IECEx: Requirements of IEC 60079-14, 12.2.4.
- Intrinsically Safe DIVISION 1/ Zone 0 WARNING: SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MAY IMPAIR SUITABILITY FOR USE IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS.
- 10. Division 2/ Zone 2: WARNING: DO NOT OPEN WHEN AN EXPLOSIVE GAS ATMOSPHERE IS PRESENT.
- 11. NO REVISION OF THIS CONTROL DRAWING IS PERMITTED WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE AGENCIES listed.
- For release approvals see ECO-0110873.

	DRAWN	OJM	03/28/14	Honeywell			
	CHECKED			CONTROL DRAWING STT750/STT850 SERIES TEMPERATURE TRANSMITTER DIVISIONS 1 & 2 / ZONE 0 & 2			
	DEV ENG						
	MFG ENG						
	QA ENG						
	TOLERANCE UNLESS NOTED		OTED	Δ/	Δ/		
MASTER FILE TYPE:				A4	5009	1227	
MS WORD	ANGULAR DIMENSION		ION	SCALE: None	USED ON	SH. 1 OF 6	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR INMETRO

- Instalação de segurança intrínseca devem estar de acordo com Requisitos de IEC 60079-14, 12.3 (See also 5.2.4).
- ENTIDADE equipamento aprovado deve ser instalado de acordo com a segurança intrínseca Desenho de Controle do fabricante.
- O conceito de Segurança Intrínseca ENTIDADE permite a interligação de dois entidade credenciada dispositivos de segurança intrínseca com parâmetros de entidade não examinados especificamente em combinação como um sistema quando:

Uo, Voc, or Vt ≤ Ui or Vmax; lo, Isc, or It ≤ Ii or Imax; Ca or Co ≥ Ci + Ccable, La or Lo ≥ Li + Lcable, Po ≤ Pi. Quando forem necessários dois canais separados de barreira, um dual-channel ou duas barreiras de canal único pode ser usado, onde em ambos os casos, ambos os canais foram certificados para uso em conjunto com os parâmetros entidade combinada que atendam as equações acima.

4. Parâmetros da Entidade de sistema::

Vmax Voc or Uo, Imax Isc or Io; Ci + Ccable ≤ Control Apparatus Ca, Li + Lcable ≤ Control Apparatus La.

5. Quando os parâmetros eléctricos do cabo não são conhecidos, podem ser utilizados os seguintes valores::

Capacidade: 197pF/m (60 pF/ft) Indutáncia: 0.66μH/m (0.020μH/ft).

- 6. Os equipamentos de controle que está ligado à Associated Equipment não deve usar ou gerar mais de 250 V.
- Equipamentos associados devem ser IECEx (dependendo da localização) listados. Equipamentos associados podem ser instalados em uma perigosos (classificados) local Classe I, Divisão 2 ou Zona 2 se for aprovado.
- O equipamento n\u00e3o Galvanicamente isolado (Barreiras Zener aterradas) deve ser conectado a um eletrodo de aterramento adequado por IECEx: Requisitos de IEC 60079-14, 12.2.4.
- Intrinsecamente seguro Divisão 1 / Zona 0 AVISO: substituição de componentes pode prejudicar a adequação para uso em locais perigosos.
- 10. Divisão 2 / Zona 2: AVISO: NÃO aberto quando uma atmosfera de gás explosiva.
- 11. Nenhuma revisão deste desenho CONTROL é permitida sem autorização dos órgãos listados.
- 12. Para aprovações de libertação ver ECO # 0094464.

Honeywell	A _{A4}	50091227	10
•	SCALE: None	REV D DATE 11-25-2015	SH. 2 of 6

HART/DE TERMINAL **ENTITY PARAMETERS** ASSOCIATED APPARATUS Uo, Voc or Vt ≤ 30V Ui or Vmax ≤ 30V lo (Isc or It) ≤ 225 mA li or Imax < 225 mA 1,2 Po≤ 0.9W Pi or Pmax = 0.9W (LOOP) Ca or Co ≥ Coable + Cstt750/stt850 Ci= 4 nF La or Lo ≥ Losbie + LSTT750/STT850 Li= 0 µH Co= 39 uF 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Lo= 4.99 H (SENSOR- SEE Page 5) NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATION HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATION CLASS I, DIVISION 1, GROUPS A, B, C, D, E, F & G; ZONE 0 IIC & ZONE 2 IIC, CLASS I DIVISION 2, GROUPS A, B, C, D; SENSOR CONNECTIONS CONTROL ASSOCIATED **EQUIPMENT** EQUIPMENT (See Note 6) (See Note 7) WHEN SHIELD IS USED, GROUND AT THIS END ONLY FOR DIV 2 / ZONE 2 INSTALLATIONS CONTROL EQUIPMENT PARAMETERS Umax = Ui = 42V, 4-20 mA, Po ≤ 1 W NOTE: ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT NOT REQUIRED 50091227 Honeywell SCALE: None SH. 3 of 6 REV D DATE 11-25-2015

FOUNDATION FIELDBUS/ PROFIBUS (OPTION ONLY AVAILABLE ON THE STT850)

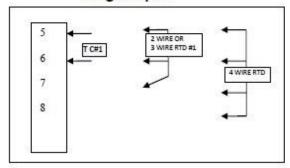
TERMINALS	NON FISCO		FISCO	
	ENTITY PARAMETERS	Associated Apparatus	ENTITY PARAMETERS	Associated Apparatus
1,2 (FF CONNECTION)	Ui or Vmax ≤ 30V	Uo, Voc or Vt ≤ 30V	Ui or Vmax ≤ 17.5	Uo, Voc or Vt ≤ 18V
	li or lmax ≤ 225 mA	lo (Isc or It) ≤ 225 mA	li or lmax ≤ 380 mA	lo (Isc or It) ≤ 380 mA
	Pi or Pmax = 1W	Po≤ 1W	Pi or Pmax = 5.32W	Po ≤ 5.32 W
	Ci= 0 nF	Ca or Co ≥ C _{cable} + C _{STT 850}	Ci= 0 nF	Ca or Co ≥ C _{cable} + C _{STT 850}
	Li= 0 μH	La or Lo ≥ L _{sable} + L _{STT 850}	Li=O μH	La or Lo ≥ L _{cable} + L _{STT 850}
5, 6, 7, 8, 9	Co= 39 uF		Co= 39 uF	
(SENSOR- SEE PAGE 5)	Lo= 4.99 H	1	Lo= 4.99 H	6

NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATION HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATION CLASS I, CLASS II, DIVISION 1, GROUPS A, B, C, D, E, F & G; ZONE 0 IIC & ZONE 2 IIC, CLASS I DIVISION 2, GROUPS A, B, C, D; SENSOR CONNECTIONS CONTROL ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT EQUIPMENT (See Note 6) (See Note 7) WHEN SHIELD IS USED, GROUND AT THIS END ONLY DIV 2 / ZONE 2 INSTALLATIONS CONTROL EQUIPMENT PARAMETERS Umax=Ui= 32V, 25 mA, Po ≤ 1 W NOTE: ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT NOT REQUIRED 50091227 Honeywell SCALE: None REV D DATE 11-25-2015 SH. 4 of 6

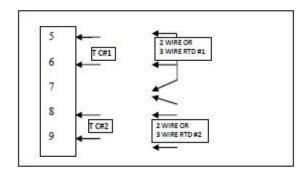
HART/DE WITH DIGITAL OUTPUT OPTION TERMINAL ENTITY Associated Apparatus Ui or Vmax ≤ 30V Uo, Voc or Vt ≤ 30V io (Isc or It) ≤ 225 mA li or lmax < 225 mA 1,2 Po≤ 0.9 W Pi or Pmax = 0.9W (LOOP) Ca or Co ≥ Cooble + Cs11 850 Ci=4 nF La or Lo ≥ L_{cable} + L_{STT 850} Li= 0 µH Ui or Vmax ≤ 27V Uo, Voc or Vt ≤ 27V lo (lsc or lt) ≤ 30 mA li or lmax ≤ 30 mA 4,9 Po≤ 0.5 W Pi or Pmax = 0.5W (DO OPTION) Ca or Co ≥ C_{cable} + C_{STT 850_DO} Ci= 85 nF Li= 24 μH La or Lo ≥ Lcable + LSTT 850_DO Co= 39 uF 5,6,7,8 Lo= 4.99 H (SENSOR-SEE Page 6) NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATION HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATION CLASS I, DIVISION 1, GROUPS A, B, C, D, E, F & G; ZONE 0 IIC & ZONE 2 IIC, CLASS I DIVISION 2, GROUPS A, B, C, D; ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT SENSOR CONNECTIONS CONTROL 9 EQUIPMENT ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT WHEN SHIELD IS USED, GROUND AT THIS END ONLY 50091227 Honeywell A4 SCALE: None REV D DATE 11-25-2015 SH. 5 of 6

SENSOR CONNECTIONS

Single Input



Dual Input



Note

1. DUAL INPUT OPTION IS ONLY AVAILABLE WITH HART/ DE COMMUNICATIONS ON THE STT850.

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A _{A4}	02	50091227	21
SCALE: None	REV D	DATE 11-25-2015	SH. 6 of 6

Glossary

AWG American Wire Gauge

CVD Callendar Van Duesen is an equation that describe the relationship between

resistance (R) and temperature (t) of platinum resistance thermometers (RTD)

DE Digital Enhanced Communications Mode

EMI Electromagnetic Interference

FF Foundation Fieldbus

FTA Field Termination Assembly

Hz Hertz

LRL Lower Range Limit
LRV Lower Range Value

mAdc Milliamperes Direct Current

mV Millivolts

Nm Newton meters

NVM Non-Volatile Memory

PM Process Manager
PV Process Variable

PWA Printed Wiring Assembly

RFI Radio Frequency Interference

RTD Resistance Temperature Detector

T/C Thermocouple

URL Upper Range Limit
URV Upper Range Value
US Universal Station

Vac Volts Alternating Current

Vdc Volts Direct Current

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