Honeywell's HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2000$ series actuators are available in four versions: HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR}$ 2000, HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR}$ 2001, HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR}$ 2002, and HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR}$ 2003. All are low torque, precision electric rotary actuators. This guide provides you with mechanical and electrical installation information required to mount and connect the HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2000$ Series Actuator to your specific application. Installation considerations, electrical and safety precautions should be observed.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { A WARNING } \quad \begin{array}{l}
\text { An external disconnect switch must be installed to break all current carrying } \\
\text { conductors connected to the actuator. Turn off power before working on } \\
\text { conductors. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious personal injury. }
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

Refer to the Model Selection Guide on Pages 9 and 10 to determine which features and functions are on your model. For additional information, refer to HercuLine Series 2000 Installation/Operation Manual \# 62-86-25-10

## Overview

The procedures to install the HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2000$ Series actuator and place it in service require that you:

1. Select a suitable location for installation.
2. Mount the actuator securely.
3. Install mechanical connections or linkage between control arm and final control element. Use HAL software application to aid in mechanical installation.
4. Make all electrical connections for actuator according to local and national electrical codes.
5. Power up actuator.
6. Enter, verify and adjust set up parameters for proper operation.
7. Check the operation of the Actuator

## 1. Installation Considerations

Mount the actuator in a location where it will be easily accessible for maintenance and for manual operation by means of the hand wheel. The exact location must be determined in accordance with the linkage used.

## 2. Actuator Mounting

Firmly bolt the actuator to a mounting surface that will not distort when subjected to the torque stresses generated by the actuator. The output shaft of the actuator should be parallel to the output shaft of the driven device. The output shaft crank arm is fully adjustable through $360^{\circ}$.

## 3. Linkage Set-up

Many applications require the use of a linkage assembly and often the final control element does not have a linear torque curve. The actuator linkage can be set up to achieve an optimal delivered torque distribution for specific applications. To assist with linkage design, Honeywell offers a linkage analysis software application (HAL). The software can be ordered as P/N 51197910-001.
Constant Torque Linkage (typical)
A constant torque linkage is employed when it is desired to provide a linear torque profile throughout the full range of final control element travel. In this situation, the actuator and driven crank arms will be set-up proportionally with respect to each other.


Figure 1 Constant Torque Linkage

## 3. Linkage Set-up (continued)

Variable Torque Linkage
A variable torque linkage is employed when it is desired to provide a non-linear torque profile throughout the full range of final control element travel. In this general situation, the actuator and driven crank arms will be set up to provide a higher torque for seating or unseating the final control element.


Figure 2 Variable Torque Linkage

## 4. Electrical Connections

The actuator terminal connections for the field wiring are located behind the cover on the actuator case. Power and field wiring is brought into the actuator through two access holes located on the side of the actuator case.

CAUTION Use both openings: one for low level wiring (control signal) and the other for high level wiring (120Vac). Do not run both the High Level and Low Level wiring through the same opening.

## Recommended Minimum Wire Size

In general, copper wire used unless locally applicable codes dictate otherwise.
Earth ground wire to common power supply -14AWG
Earth ground wire to single actuator. 120/240 Vac line leads. +24 V and common signal leads. Common signal leads, relays, and aux switches - 18AWG

## HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2000$ Wiring Connections



Figure 3 HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2000$ connections

| Connection | Terminal | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hot | 1 | Hot wire for 120/240VAC main supply. <br> NOTE:Use only if Auto/Manual switch is present. |
| Neutral | 2 | Neutral wire for 120/240VAC main supply |
| Auto/Manual <br> Switch Contact | 3 | Switch contact to indicate setting of actuator AUTO/MANUAL <br> switch. <br> Switch is closed when actuator is "NOT-IN-AUTO" |

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { CW from } \\
\text { Controller }\end{array} & 5 & \text { CW Motor Drive } \\
\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { CCW from } \\
\text { Controller }\end{array} & 6 & \text { CCW Motor Drive } \\
\hline \text { Potentiometer \#1 } & 7 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Clockwise-End } \\
\text { Slidewire feedback } \\
\text { Counterclockwise-End }\end{array}
$$ <br>

\hline 8\end{array}\right)\)| Clockwise-End |
| :--- |
| Slidewire feedback |
| Counterclockwise-End |$|$| Potentiometer \#2 | 10 <br> 11 <br> 12 | Ground wire connection for main supply |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Protective Ground |  |  |

## HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR}$ 2001/2002 Wiring Connections



Figure 4 HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR}$ 2001/2002 Connections

| Connection | Terminal |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | TB1 |  |
| Hot | 1 | Description |
| Neutral | 2 | Hot wire for 120/240VAC main supply |
| Protective Ground | 3 | Neutral wire for 120/240VAC main supply |
| Auto/Manual Switch <br> Contact | 4 | Ground wire connection for main supply |
|  | 5 | Switch contact to indicate setting of actuator AUTO/MANUAL switch. <br> Switch is closed when actuator is "NOT-IN-AUTO" |
|  | 6 |  |
| 4 to 20mA Output* | $1(+)$ <br> $2(-)$ | Analog signal output |
| Feedback | 3 | Feedback signal used in conjunction with 4 to 20mA OUTPUT voltage <br>  <br> 4 to 20mA Input$4(+)$ <br> $5(-)$ |
| Modbus using Slidewire Emulation |  |  |

* Optional


## 4. Electrical Connections (continued)

## HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2003$ Wiring Connections



Figure 5 HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2003$ Wiring Connections

## HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2003$ Operation

The 2003 actuator is uni-directional (it does not reverse rotation with a reversal in control action). Figure 5 illustrates the internal wiring and the external connections.
The smaller insert of the figure describes the limit switch action for one complete cycle. When the twoposition controller detects a sufficient fall in temperature in a heating application, the switch portion between the " 4 " and " 5 " terminals will close.
The motor then rotates for $180^{\circ}$ or until the opening switch breaks (stops are adjustable, factory set at $180^{\circ}$ ), and stops in full open position.
A subsequent rise in temperature causes the controller to close the switch between the " 4 " and " 6 " terminals when the motor will start to rotate (in the same direction) for $180^{\circ}$ or until the closing switch breaks.
The motor stops in the closed position and completes one cycle.

## Series 90 Control - HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2001$ model only

Series 90 Controls are commonly used in building environmental systems and flame safeguard systems to provide modulating control. The control is affected by balancing a 135 ohm potentiometer. The HercuLine 2001 provides an emulation of this system as follows. The current output is used to excite the potentiometer in the controller. To do this it is set permanently at 11 mA . This produces a 1.5 volt span. The wiper is then connected to the HercuLine 2001 input, which is operating in voltage mode. The returns from both the input and the output are tied together.
Series 90 terminals are typically color coded white, red and blue. Conventionally, red is the wiper and white and blue are the two ends of the potentiometer. On a drop in temperature, the wiper moves toward the blue terminal.

## Connections



Figure 6 Series 90 connections

## Considerations

1. This connection performs an emulation of a series 90 motor. If the controller being used is also an emulation of a Series 90, the connections required may be different. Shown in Figure 7are the connections found necessary to connect a T775 controller through an S443A S90 Auto/Manual Control. If the controller has the capability to provide a $4 / 20$ or voltage output, it is easier to use that mode. It will require only two wires and it will allow the independent use of the $4 / 20$ output. If help is required, contact Honeywell.
2. Due to variations in the definition of rotation directions, it may be necessary to reverse the action of the actuator from CCW to CW or vice versa.


Figure 7 T775 Controller connections
3. In the T775 controller manual there are several examples of using resistances or potentiometers as high and low limit controls. Because of the mode of emulation of Series 90, it is likely that these connections will not work as intended. Instead, use the output or input limits which are programmable in the HercuLine ${ }^{\circledR} 2001$.

## 5. Power up actuator.

Depending on which power supply selection is ordered for your actuator, wire the power input (MAIN POWER) as described in the previous tables and figures. Wiring must conform to national and local electrical codes.

## 6. Enter, verify and adjust set up parameters for proper operation. (2001/2002 with optional display)

Pressing the SET UP key on the keypad provides access to the various set up groups and allows you to set up operating parameters, (such as input types and alarms), set communications, and check actuator status. The Table below lists the set up groups that are available by using the SET UP and FUNCTION keys on the keypad.


You can use this procedure to access the set up groups and select all parameters.
Set Up Procedure Using Display and Keypad

| Step | Operation | Press | Result |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Enter Set Up <br> Mode | SET UP | Upper Display = SET UP-Lets you know you are in the set up mode and a set up group <br> title is being displayed in the lower display. <br> Lower Display = INPUT-This is the first set up group you see when you press SET UP. |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Select any <br> Set Up <br> Group | SET UP | Successive presses of the SET UP key will display the other set up group titles. You can <br> also use the $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ or $\boldsymbol{V}$ keys to scroll through the set up groups in both directions. Stop <br> at the set up group title that describes the group of parameters you want to configure. <br> Then proceed to the next step. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Select a <br> Function <br> Parameter | FUNCTION | Upper Display - Shows the current value or selection for the function prompt in the <br> selected set up group. <br> Lower Display - Shows the first function prompt within the selected set up group. |


| Step | Operation | Press | Result |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Select other <br> function <br> parameters | FUNCTION | Successive presses of the FUNCTION key will sequentially display the other function <br> prompts of the selected set up group. <br> Stop at the function prompt that you want to change, and then proceed to the next step. |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Change the <br> Value or <br> Selection | or | These keys increase or decrease the value, or display the next available selection for the <br> selected function prompt. <br> Change the value or selection to meet your needs. <br> NOTE: If the display flashes, you are trying to make an unacceptable entry, or the value <br> on the display is at its range limit. The display may also show "KEYERR" (Key error). |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Enter Value <br> or Selection | FUNCTION <br> or <br> SET UP | This key selects another function prompt. <br> This key selects another set up group. <br> NOTE: Pressing either key will cause the previously selected value or selection to be <br> entered into memory. |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Exit Set Up <br> mode | DISPLAY | Exits set up mode and returns actuator to the same state it was in immediately preceding <br> entry into the set up mode. Any changes you have made are stored in memory. <br> If you do not press any keys for 30 seconds, the display times out and reverts to the <br> mode and display shown prior to entering the set up mode. |

Record your selections on the Configuration Record Sheet
Configuration Record Sheet

| Group Prompt | Function Prompt | Value or Selection | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT | IN TYP |  | From MSG |
|  | INP HI |  | 100 |
|  | INP LO |  | 0.0 |
|  | FILTYP |  | LPAS |
|  | LPFILT |  | 0.5 |
|  | DIRECT |  | ccw |
|  | DBAND |  | 0.5 |
|  | FSTYPH |  | UP |
|  | FSVALH |  | 100 |
|  | FSTYPL |  | DOWN |
|  | FSFVALL |  | 0 |
|  | CHAR |  | LINR |
|  | CUSTOM |  | EQUL |
|  | X1 VAL |  | 5 |
|  | X2 VAL |  | 10 |
|  | X3 VAL |  | 15 |
|  | X4 VAL |  | 20 |
|  | X5 VAL |  | 25 |
|  | X6 VAL |  | 30 |
|  | X7 VAL |  | 35 |
|  | X8 VAL |  | 40 |
|  | X9 VAL |  | 45 |
|  | $\times 10 \mathrm{VAL}$ |  | 50 |
|  | X11 VAL |  | 55 |
|  | X12 VAL |  | 60 |
|  | X 12 VAL |  | 65 |


| Group <br> Prompt | Function Prompt | Value or Selection | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT (CONT) | X14 VAL |  | 70 |
|  | X15 VAL |  | 75 |
|  | X16 VAL |  | 80 |
|  | X17 VAL |  | 85 |
|  | X18 VAL |  | 90 |
|  | X19 VAL |  | 95 |
|  | X20 VAL |  | 100 |
|  | Y1 VAL |  | 5 |
|  | Y2 VAL |  | 10 |
|  | Y3 VAL |  | 15 |
|  | Y4 VAL |  | 20 |
|  | Y5 VAL |  | 25 |
|  | Y6 VAL |  | 30 |
|  | Y7 VAL |  | 35 |
|  | Y8 VAL |  | 40 |
|  | Y9 VAL |  | 45 |
|  | Y10 VAL |  | 50 |
|  | Y11 VAL |  | 55 |
|  | Y12 VAL |  | 60 |
|  | Y13 VAL |  | 65 |
|  | Y14 VAL |  | 70 |
|  | Y15 VAL |  | 75 |
|  | Y16 VAL |  | 80 |
|  | Y17 VAL |  | 85 |
|  | Y18 VAL |  | 90 |
|  | Y19 VAL |  | 95 |
|  | Y20 VAL |  | 100 |


| Group <br> Prompt | Function Prompt | Value or Selection | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RELAYn | RTYP |  | NONE |
|  | RnyE |  | X1 |
|  | RnyVAL |  | 0.0 |
|  | RnyHL |  | LO |
|  | RLYnHY |  | 0.0 |
| CU OUT | CUROUT |  | NONE <br> Depends on MSG |
| СомM | Сомм |  | DIS |
|  | ADDRES |  | 1 |
|  | BAUD |  | 19.2 |
|  | XmtDLY |  | 20 ms |
|  | DBLBYT |  | FP B |
| DIGINP | DIGINP |  | NONE |
|  | EndPos |  | 0 |
| DISPLA | DECMAL |  | 8888 |
|  | EUNITS |  | PCNT |
|  | UNITS |  | ENGL |
| LOCK | LOCKID |  | 0 |
|  | LOCK |  | NONE |
|  | MAENAB |  | ENAB |
| StATUS | FAILSF | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | RAMTST | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | SEETST | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | CFGTST | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | CALTST | Read Only | Read Only |
| DRVINF | VERSON | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | SPEED | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | POWER | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | ROTATE | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | TAG |  | 6 alpha characters |
|  | MFGDAT | Read Only | Read Only |
|  | LREP | Factory Set | Factory Set |
|  | LCAL | Factory Set | Factory Set |
|  | REPTYP | Factory Set | Factory Set |


| Group Prompt | Function Prompt | Value or Selection | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAINT | TEMP |  | NONE |
|  | TEMPHI |  | X1 |
|  | TEMPLO |  | 0.0 |
|  | hh:mm:ss | ACST | Read Only |
|  | STARTS | Read Only | Accumulated Motor Starts |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{RnCNT} \\ & \mathrm{n}=1,2,3, o r 4 \end{aligned}$ | Read Only | Relay Cycle Counts |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REGNn } \\ & \mathrm{n}=0 \text { to } 9 \end{aligned}$ | Read Only | Accumulated Motor Starts |
|  | TOTDEG | Read Only | Total Degrees of Motor Travel |
|  | DATSAV |  | DIS |
|  | PASSWRD |  | Nnnn |
|  | MANRST |  | NONE |
|  | LD CAL |  | NONE |
|  | LD CFG |  | DIS |
|  | RESTRT |  | DIS |

## 7. Start up/Operation

After the actuator is completely installed, wired, and the preliminary adjustments made, check the operation of the actuator and controlled device before placing it in service. Operate the controlled device and check its direction of travel in response to an increase of the input signal and make sure it is correct for the process. Actuators having the optional auto-manual switch must have the knob set in the AUTO position.
When power is applied to the actuator, the actuator electronics performs a diagnostic routine on various device components. These tests include a:

- RAM diagnostic (RAMTST),
- Check of the electrically eraseable PROM (SEETST),
- Verification that valid parameter values are in the actuator configuration (CFGTST),
- Verification of valid calibration values (CALTST)
- Test of the local display and LED indicators (all display segments and LED indicators light simultaneously).
The optional local display shows the status of the diagnostics as they are completed during power up. TEST DONE is shown on the display when diagnostics are complete and actuator should be in AUTO mode.

If the Actuator Motor is "Hunting" (Motor does not drive to a position and stop) the process control loop is not tuned correctly. Refer to the Instruction Manual for your controller on how to tune a loop.

## Model Selection Guide

## Instructions

- Select the desired key number. The arrow to the right marks the selection available.
- Make the desired selections from Tables I thru VIII using the column below the arrow. A dot ( $\bullet$ ) denotes unrestricted availability.


| KEY NUMBER - Motor Selection |
| :--- |
| Selection |
| Availability     <br> Basic Motor Unit (no electronics) 2000 $\downarrow$   <br> Basic Motor Unit plus Digital Electronics 2001  $\downarrow$  <br> Enhanced Performance Motor Unit with Non-contact Position Sensing 2002   $\downarrow$ <br> Unidirectional Motor (M640D Replacement) 2003    |

TABLE I - TORQUE \& SPEED SELECTION (speed per 150 degree rotation)


TABLE II - ROTATION

| Travel | 90 degrees | 090 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 150 degrees | 150 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |
|  | 360 degrees | 360 |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |

TABLE III - POWER SUPPLY

| Single Phase | $100-130 \mathrm{Vac}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 126 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $100-130 \mathrm{Vac}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 125 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
|  | $200-240 \mathrm{Vac}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 246 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |
|  | $200-240 \mathrm{Vac}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet 45$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |

TABLE IV - ANALOG INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNALS

| Input |  | 3 Wire Drive up/down 0/4-20 mA, 0/1-5 Vdc, 0-10 Vdc 0/4-20 mA, 0/1-5 Vdc, 0-10 Vdc 0 to 135 ohm input (Series 90 control) Contact Input for 2003 | $\begin{aligned} & 0_{--} \\ & 2-- \\ & 3-- \\ & 4-- \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | - | a |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output | (Note 1) <br> (Note 1) | None <br> Dual 1000 Ohm (1000 ohms over 150 degrees) <br> Dual 1000 Ohm (1000 ohms over 90 degrees) <br> Slidewire Emulation <br> Slidewire Emulation <br> 0/4-20mAdc (0/1-5 Vdc, 0-16 Vdc) <br> 0/4-20mAdc (0/1-5 Vdc, 0-16 Vdc) | $\begin{array}{r} \hline-00 \\ -15 \\ -19 \\ -60 \\ -65 \\ -80 \\ -85 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | b | - |  | $\bullet$ |

TABLE V - SWITCH AND RELAY OUTPUTS (2 end-of-travel limit switches are standard)

| Auxiliary Outputs | No Auxiliary Switches | $0_{-}-$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 2 Auxilliary Switches | $2_{-}$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |
|  | 4 Auxilliary Switches | $4-$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |
| Relay Outputs | No Relays | -0 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |
|  | 2 Programmable Relay Outputs | -2 |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |
|  | 2 Programmable Relay Outputs | -3 |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |
|  | 4 Programmable Relay Outputs | -4 |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |

TABLE VI- OPTIONS


TABLE VII - COMMUNICATIONS/PROTOCOL

| None | No communications option board or protocol | 0 | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Modbus RTU RS485 | RS-485 Modbus compliant - standard with EEU | 1 |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |
| HART 5 | HART Communications Protocol | 2 |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |

TABLE VIII - MANUALS

| Standard | English | 0 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

TABLE IX - FACTORY OPTIONS

| Factory Options | None | 00 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Restrictions

| Restriction <br> Letter | Available Only With |  | Not Available With |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Table | Selection | Table | Selection |
| a | IV | -00 | IV | $-60, \quad 80$ |
| b | II | 150 | II | 090 |
| c | II | 090 | II | 150 |

## ACCESSORIES

| Mounting Hardware <br> Linkage Assembly | Mounting plate adapter for Barber Colman Series MP495 <br> Mounting plate adapter for Landis \& Staefa SQM53/56 <br> Direct Couple Valve Hardware <br> North American Valve Retrofit Kit <br> Ball joint for $5 / 16$ " dia. Pushrod <br> Pushrod 12 in. ( $304,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) long, $5 / 16$ " dia. <br> Pushrod 18 in. ( $457,2 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) long, 5/16 " dia. <br> Pushrod 24 in. 609,6 mm) long, 5/16 " dia. <br> Pushrod 48 in. (1219,2 mm) long, 5/16 " dia. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 51452354-501 \\ & 51452354-502 \\ & 51452354-503 \\ & 51452354-511 \\ & 51452354-504 \\ & 51452354-505 \\ & 51452354-506 \\ & 51452354-507 \\ & 51452354-508 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HART | Turk Cable for Handheld Connection | 51452352-501 |
| Handheld Config. <br> (Note 3) | HercuLink ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ PC and Palm PDA Software Battery powered 232/485 converter with cable | $\begin{aligned} & 51452354-509 \\ & 51452354-510 \end{aligned}$ |
| Remote Mount Control | Remote $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ requires 135 ohm fdbk, $120 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Remote $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ requires 1000 ohm fdbk, $120 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Remote $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ requires 135 ohm fdbk, $220 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Remote 135 ohm input requires 135 ohm fdbk, $120 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { R7195A1031 } \\ & \text { R7195A1056 } \\ & \text { R7195A1064 } \\ & \text { R7195B1021 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| V51 Valve Kits | HercuLine 2000 V51 2.5" - 3" Valve Mounting Kit HercuLine 2000 V51 4" Valve Mounting Kit | $\begin{aligned} & 51452354-513 \\ & 51452354-514 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

Notes: 1.135 ohm available by parallelling 1K potentiometer with 158 Ohm resistor (supplied).
2. HercuLink ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ software (pn 51452354-509), RS232/485 converter (pn 51452354-510), customer supplied Palm ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ PDA running OS3.5 or higher and Palm serial cable are required for the 2001 and 2002 actuators if no display is selected.
3. Requires PDA manufacturer's serial interface cable.
4. CSA approval is good for $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a maximum relay load of 3.5 amps or $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with a relay load of 5 amps .

