

**Honeywell**

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**IPC5000  
Universal Programmable  
Controller**

**User Manual**

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## Industrial Measurement and Control

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## **To the Users**

Thank you for purchasing IPC5000 (Universal Programmable Controller). This manual describes how to install and use IPC5000. Before using the IPC5000, please read this manual carefully.

### **Warning**

1. Keep the manual with the programmer so that a user can operate it properly.
  2. Handle this product only after you have carefully read and understand the installation manual.
  3. Honeywell does not bear responsibility for any damage inflicted by careless use of the product.
  4. This manual cannot be duplicated, re-edited or transferred in any form fully or partially without a prior consent from Honeywell. The content of this manual can be modified without prior notice.
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## Safety Points

- **Explanation of symbols used**

Symbols and rules described below indicate potential danger that can injure the user or damage the product. Before reading the main text of this manual, please fully understand the following symbol that implies the safety precautions depending on the level of danger.

- **Examples of symbols**

	The <b>Caution</b> symbol displayed on the equipment provides the user with an additional information. This symbol appears next to required information in the manual.
	<b>Warning</b> <b>Personal injury:</b> Risk of electrical shock. This symbol warns the user of a potential shock hazard that he/she can access to hazardous live voltages greater than 30 Vrms, 42.4 Vpeak or 60 Vdc.  <b>Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.</b>
	Protective Earth (PE) terminal, which is provided for connection of the protective grounding (green or green/yellow) supply system conductor.

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
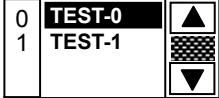





# 1. Handling and Installation Overview

This product is a Setpoint program controller for temperature control consisting of a touch switch and LCD. You can easily handle various operations using the screen touch feature.

## 1.1 Basic Setting Keys

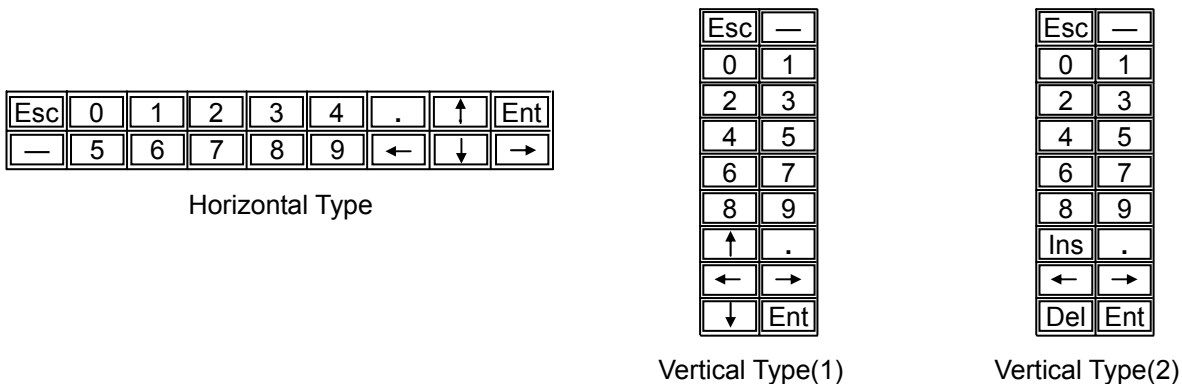
There are some buttons that can be set. Its type and function is described in the Table 1.1.

**Table 1.1 Basic setting keys**

NO	Button Type	Description
1	 MONITOR	Screen switching button that opens the screen having the title displayed on the button.
2	 	Operation related buttons (RUN, STOP, HOLD, ADV, etc.)
3	 	Selects various ON/OFF or one of several buttons. (You may select one out of 3 or 4 options.)
4		Number input data button (The numeric keypad will appear when you press the button.)
5		When you press the list box (  /  ) button, the selection cursor will move up/down.
6	 	When you press the combo box (  ) button, the selected list will appear. Press the item to use.

## 1.2 Numeric Keypad

Use the numeric keypad to input numerical data or move the cursor. There are vertical and horizontal numeric keypads as shown in the Figure 1.1.



In case of PROGRAM NAME SET, the vertical type(2) keypad is shown.

<Figure 1.1> Horizontal and Vertical Type Numeric Keypad

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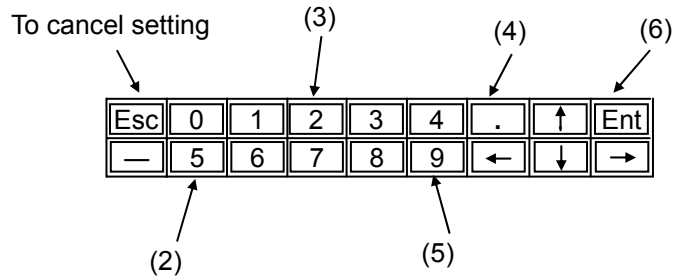
## 1.3 Set point Input Method

### 1.3.1 Set point input by touching the button area directly

You can set all set points using the numeric keypad. When you press the No.3 type button as shown in the table 1.1, the numeric keypad will appear and you can input the set point.

(Example 1) Setting the temperature of 52.9 °C

(1) Press the  °C button to populate the numeric keypad.



Input the number by the order as shown above. If setting is OK, press the Ent key. Then, the numeric keypad will disappear and  °C will be displayed. If you want to cancel the setting, press the Esc key. Then, the numeric keypad will disappear and the previous input value  °C will be displayed.



#### **Caution**

If the input value is off the setting range, the "Incorrect VALUE!" message will appear and input will be rejected.

### 1.3.2 Set point input using the cursor key

Highlight the input section using the cursor key and input or modify the data using the numeric keypad, in order to input or modify the set point.

- (1) Press the EDIT button in the screen to pop up the numeric keypad. The cursor will be positioned at the initial input section.
- (2) Move the cursor to the target position using the arrow key on the numeric keypad. (Arrow key: ← → ↑ ↓)
- (3) Display of the cursor
  - (3-1) Segment setting : The cursor will be flashed in target position (SEG SET screen).
  - (3-1) COMPENSATE screen : The selected input section will be highlighted.
  - (3-3) Program name setting : The cursor will be flashed on left side (PGM NAME screen).
- (4) Input the set point by taking the step (2) to (6) in the example 1.

---

## 1.4 Multiple Selection

To select one of the several modes or statuses, press the item to be selected. Then, the selected item will be highlighted.

(Example 3) Selecting BREAK from BREAK/COLD/HOT power failure mode

(1) If 

BREAK	COLD	HOT
-------	------	-----

, press "COLD".

(2) If 

BREAK	COLD	HOT
-------	------	-----


, the "COLD" will be highlighted and "COLD" will be set.

## 1.5 How to release key lock when setting

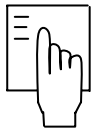
The screen enters into display mode after the IPC5000 is on initially.


To access configuration, release the key locking status first. Usually, the key lock button is located at the right upper side of the screen.



Setting operation is disabled when in display mode. Press  to switch to configuration mode.

The numeric keypad will not appear in display mode. When you press the button for setting in the key lock status, the 'Display MODE NOW!' message will appear.



You can perform setting operation if the key lock is currently released. Press the  button to lock the key again..

## 1.6 How to change channel for setting or checking

You can change the channel for setting or checking each screen. It does not need to setup if no button.

CH1	CH2
-----	-----

 : For Channel 1, setting or checking the data

CH1	CH2
-----	-----

 : For Channel2, setting or checking the data

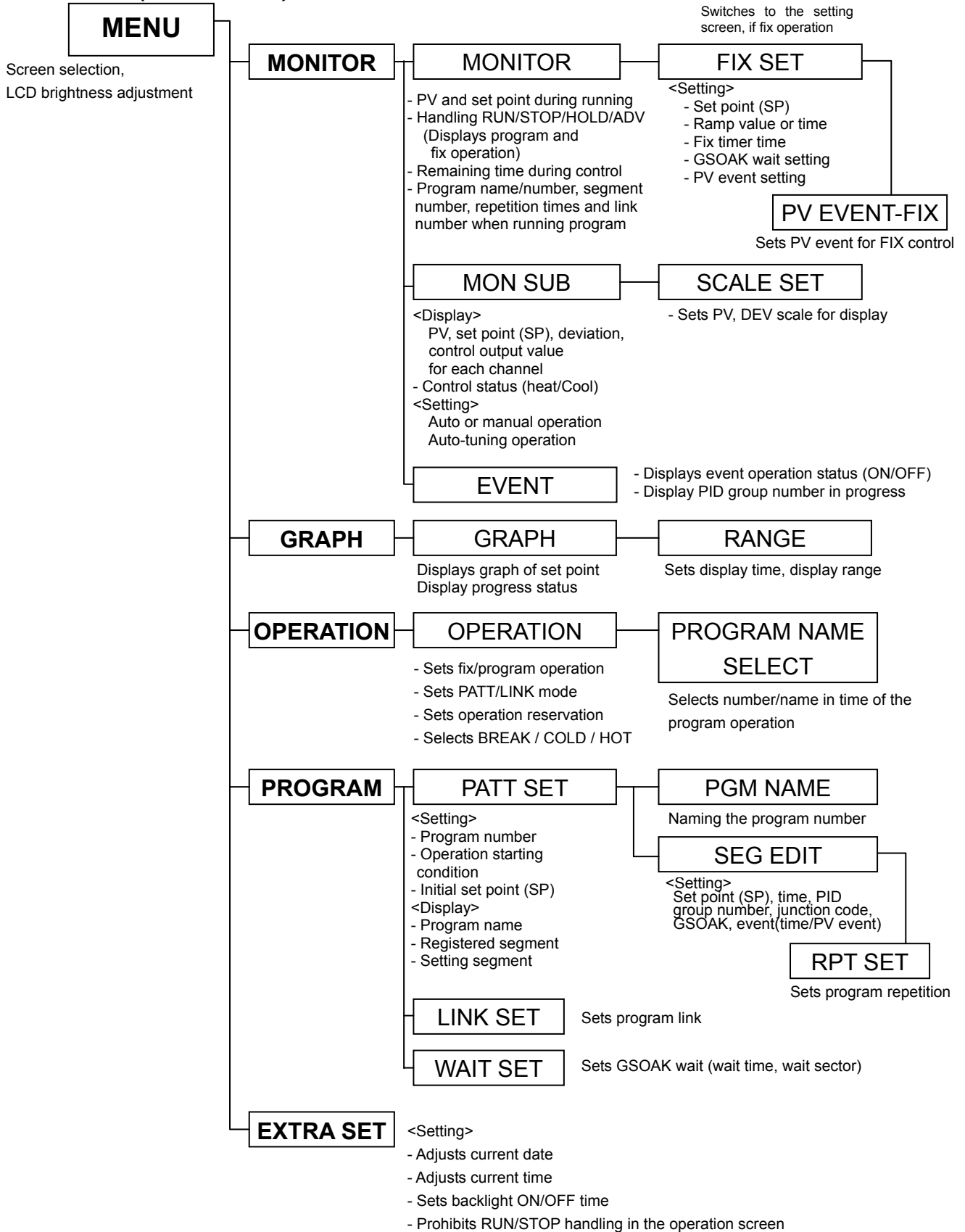


### Caution

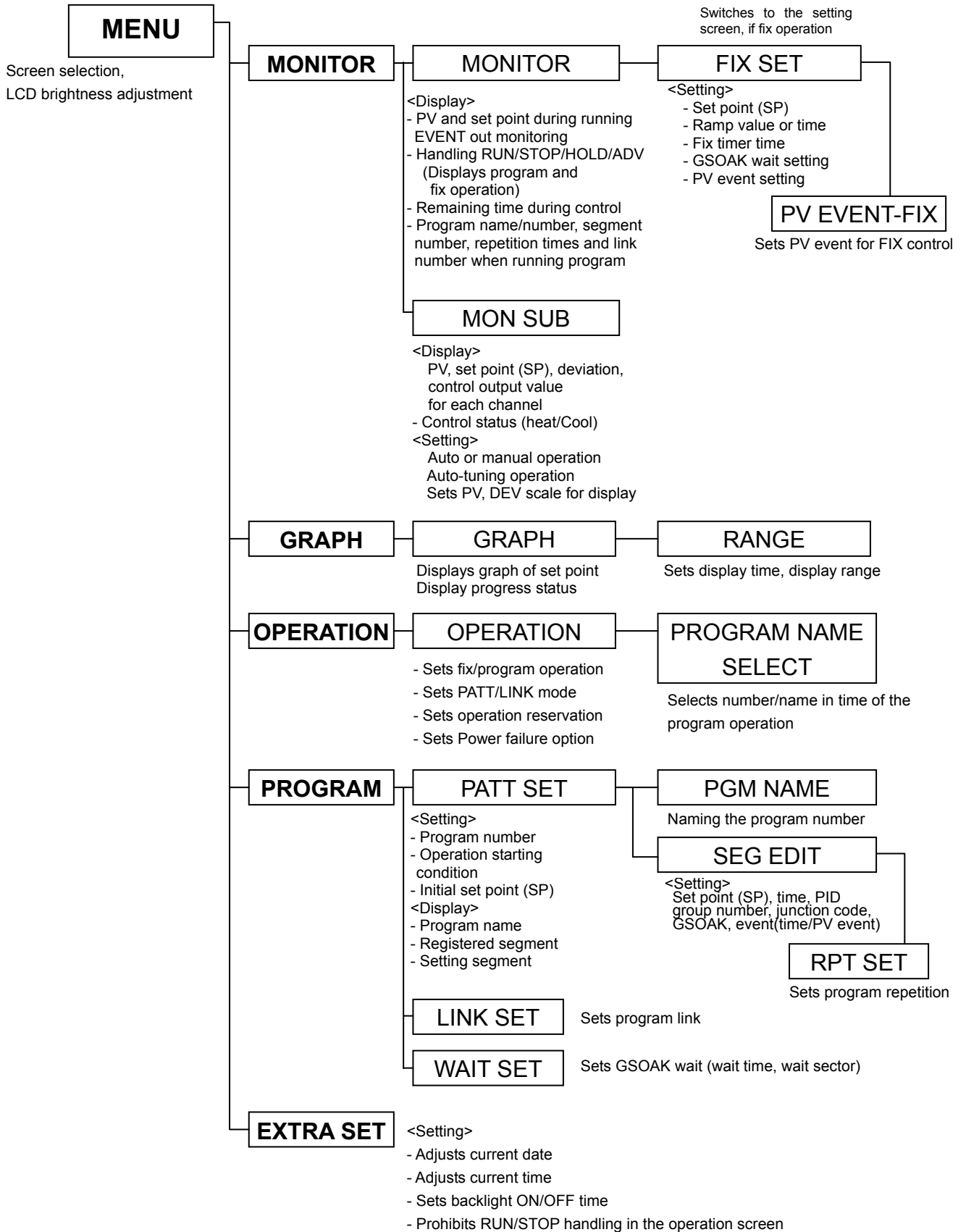
Do not use the sharp object or fingernail when touching the screen, or apply excessive force on it. It may cause malfunction or breakdown of the screen.

# 1.7 Screen and Setting Flowchart

## 1.7.1 IPC5000D(DUAL LOOP)



## 1.7.2 IPC5000S(SINGLE LOOP)





## 2. Operation Setting

It is mandatory to perform "operation setting" before operating the IPC5000 controller.

Press the "MENU" button as shown in the following figure to start operation setting.

### IPC5000D(DUAL LOOP Controller)



MENU	MONITOR			01-23 TUE
				12 .59 .31
<b>CH1</b>	STOP		<b>CH2</b>	STOP
PV	0.0		PV	32.0
SP	0.0 C		SP	32.0 F
FIX CONTROL		FIX CONTROL		
LEFT TIME 00H 00M		LEFT TIME 00H 00M		
TOTAL 0000H 00M		TOTAL 0000H 00M		
SUB	FIX	RUN	STOP	

<Figure 2.1> Initial Operation Screen(IPC5000D)



#### [Control Mode]

##### 1. Asynchronous mode


Control operation of each channel is performed independently regardless of the setting time. It is similar to the case that two controllers having 1 input and 1 output run independently.


##### 2. Synchronous mode

Control operation of each channel runs within the same time at the setting time.

It is similar to the case that 2 inputs and 2 outputs are controlled at the same time with one control method.

### IPC5000S(SINGLE LOOP Controller)



MENU	MONITOR			01-23 TUE
				12 .59 .31
STOP				
PV	0.0 C		0.0	
SP	0.0 C		MV(%) 0.0	
FIX CONTROL			PID No=1	
LEFT TIME 00H 00M			EVENT	
			01 02 03 04 05 06	
			0 0 0 0 0 0	
			07 08 09 10 11 12	
			0 0 0 0 0 0	
TOTAL 0000H 00M				
SUB	FIX	RUN	STOP	GRP

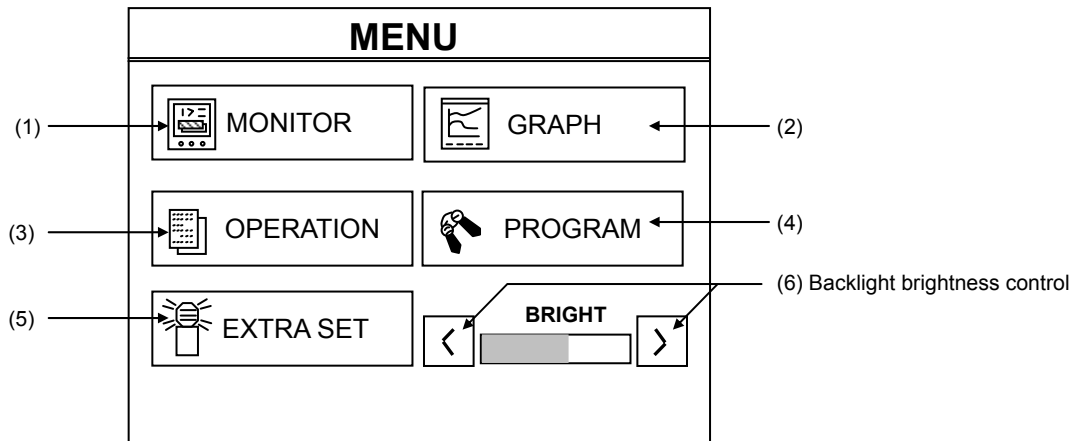
<Figure 2.2> Initial Operation Screen(IPC5000S)

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### 3. MENU Screen

You can perform basic operation by touching LCD screen.

Press the button on the main screen as shown in the Figure 3.1 to activate the selected screen.



<Figure 3.1> Menu Screen

Press the “OPERATION” (3) button to set the operation status.

#### <Description on the menu screen >

(1) Digital display during operation, handling like RUN, STOP, HOLD and ADVANCE, and monitoring screen.


(See 5. MONITOR screen section)

(2) Displays the control operation status with a graph. (See 6. GRAPH section)

(3) Sets run operation (operation mode, selection of the execution target and so on). (See 4. OPERATION section)

(4) Programs control operation (program setting, program link setting, program WAIT setting) (See 7. PATT SET)

(5) Sets the Other miscellaneous items (year, date, time, Run Lock, Backlight On/Off).(See 8. EXTRA SET)

(6) LCD brightness control button. If you press the left side button (  ), LCD becomes darker.

Or, if you press the right side button (  ), LCD becomes brighter.



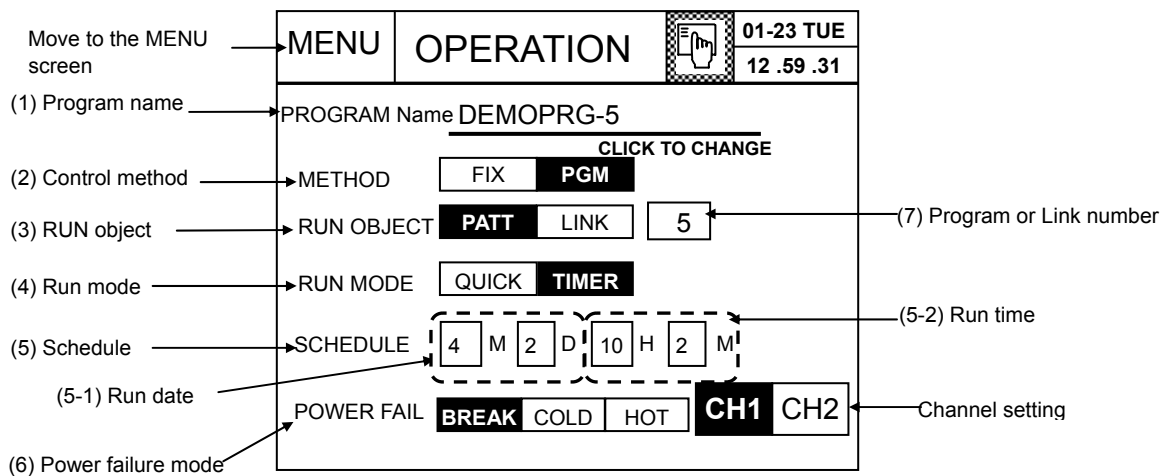
#### Caution

**Brightness may differ if surrounding temperature varies significantly**

Use the 'BRIGHT' button to adjust brightness.



## 4. OPERATION setting



<Figure 4.1> Operation Setting Screen

For selection of channel(CH1 or CH2), it sets in asynchronous mode on IPC5000D.

(1) Displaying the name of the program

- Displays the name of the program number that is currently selected.
- In time of link operation, the name of the first program set in the link will be displayed.



### No Setting

You cannot set several items (2), (3), (4), (5) and (7) during operation.

You can set them in the STOP (operation stopped) mode only.

You can set the (6) during the operation.

## Setting order

(1) Selecting the channel to set

- Select the channel number to set operation first.

(2) Setting the control **METHOD**

- You can set the operation mode – FIX operation or program operation.
- The selected button will be highlighted.

### ► To run **FIX control**

Press the **FIX** button. Then, the button will be highlighted. And then the control is changed to FIX control as shown in Figure 5.5.1, and the FIX button is shown.

To set the data for FIX control, it can be set the data in the FIX SET screen.

(For more details, refer to the '5.5 FIX SET' section.)

► To run **PROGRAM** operation

Press the **PGM** button. Then, the button will be highlighted (**PGM**).

To set the data for program control, select the “PROGRAM” button in the menu screen to switch to the “PATT SET” screen. Then, set the data in that screen. (For more details, refer to “7. PATT SET”)

(3) Setting the **RUN OBJECT**

- You can select the program running object – **PATT** or **LINK**.

When METHOD is PGM, the selection item is shown.

► To start program operation

Press the **PATT** button. Then, the button will be highlighted. Take the following steps to set the program number to operate.

(3.1) Setting the program number and checking the program name

- Press the button (2)  in the Figure 4.1.
- Then, the numeric keypad will appear at the right side. Input the program number and press the Ent key to set it. Or, press the Esc key to cancel setting the input program number.
- At this time, the program name corresponding to (1) in the Figure 4.1 will be displayed.

- Setting range

<IPC5000D, Asynchronous mode>

Channel 1: 0 ~ 15

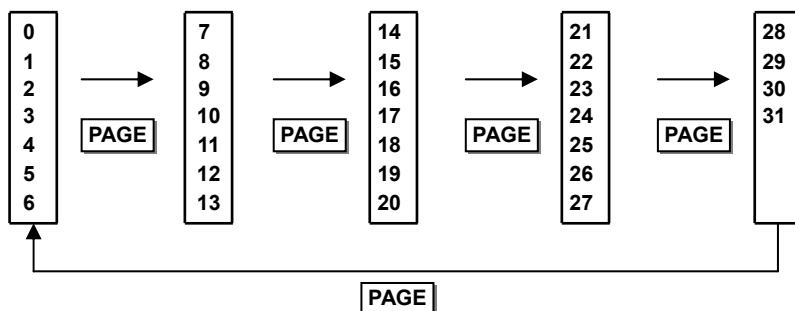
Channel 2: 16 ~ 30

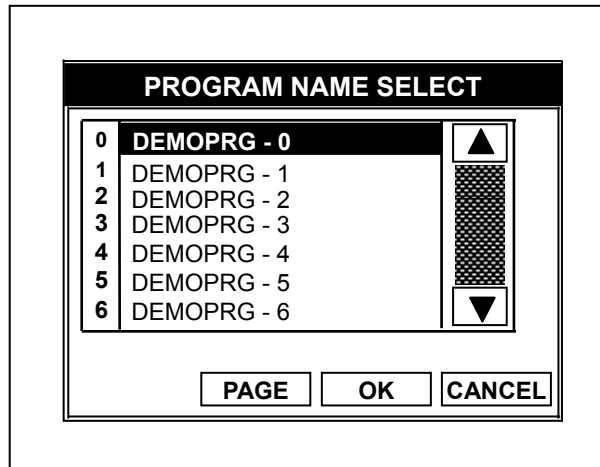
<IPOC5000D, Synchronous mode> or IPC5000S : 0 ~ 31

(3.2) Setting the program number using the program name

- Press (1)  CLICK TO CHANGE in the Figure 4.1. Then, the cursor will be displayed on the name of the current program number as shown in the Figure 4.1.1. (Selected line will be highlighted.)
- Press the ,  button at the right side to move to the target position to select the proper program name and number.
- When you press the “OK” button, the screen shown in the Figure 4.1 will appear. then, the program name (1) and number (3) will be updated.
- Or, if you press the “CANCEL” button, the screen shown in the Figure 4.1 will appear but the data in (1) and (3) will not be modified.

If you press the “PAGE” button, the 7 items are displayed.





<Figure 4.1.1> Selecting the Program Name

► To start **LINK** operation

Press the **LINK** button to highlight the button. Then, press the button (7)  in the Figure 4.1 to set the link number to run. When the numeric keypad appears, input the link number and press the Ent key to set it. Or, press the Esc key to cancel input link number.

- Setting range: 0 ~ 9
- To set the data for program link control, select the "PROGRAM" button in the menu screen and set the data in the "LINK SET" screen. (For more details, refer to the '7.5 LINK SET' section.)

(4) Setting the **RUN MODE**

- You can select whether control operation will be executed quickly or by the scheduled time using a timer.

► To start quickly(**QUICK**)

Control operation starts right after you press the button or input the contact point.

Press the **QUICK** button in the Figure 4.1. The button will be highlighted.

► To start with a timer (**SCHEDULE**)

Program operation starts at the scheduled time. Press the **TIMER** button. Then, the button will be highlighted and the item (5) in the Figure 4.1 will appear on the screen.

(5) Setting the running schedule

- If you set the **TIMER** run mode, you can set the date and time to start operation.

► Setting the running date – Month (M), Day (D)

When you press the (5-1) section in the Figure 4.1, the numeric keypad will appear. Set the month and day and

---

press the ENT button to update, or press the ESC key to cancel updating.

▶ Setting the running time – Hour (H), Minute (M)

When you press the (5-2) section in the Figure 4.1, the numeric keypad will appear. Set the hour and minute and press the ENT button to update, or press the ESC key to cancel updating.

(6) Setting the **POWER FAIL mode**

- You can select the power failure mode when you press one of the **BREAK**, **COLD** or **HOT** buttons.

When the power is recovered 5 seconds after power failure, one of the messages (BREAK, COLD or HOT) will appear according to the power failure mode setting in the operation screen. Then, the operation set by the mode will be started.

- ▶ **BREAK**: Operation will be stopped when the power is recovered.
- ▶ **COLD**: Program operation starts from the beginning after power recovery.
- ▶ **HOT**: Program resumes right before the power failure after power recovery.

The above three power failure modes are applicable for program control only. For fix control or the power recovered within 5 seconds, the HOT mode will be applied. (Not affected by the power failure mode.)

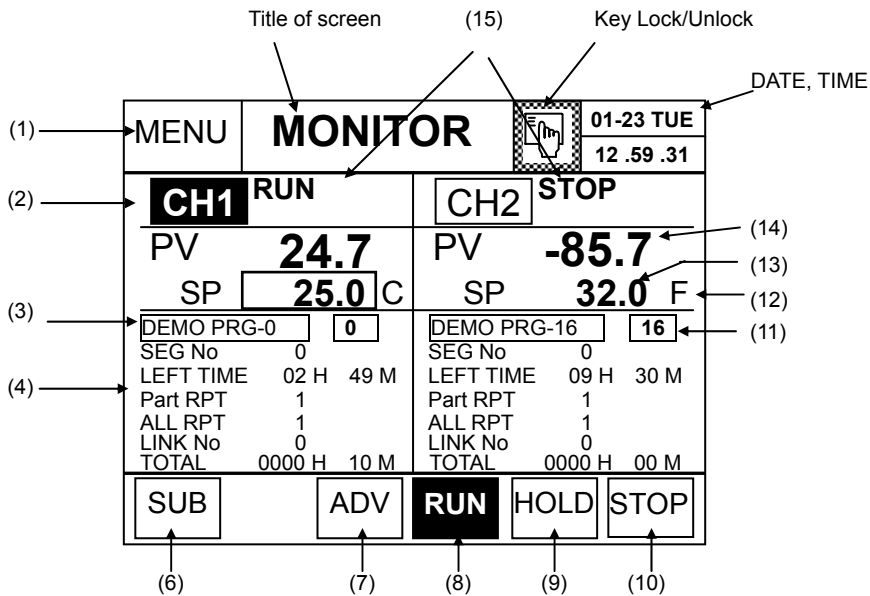
## 5. MONITOR Screen

### 5.1 MONITOR Screen-IPC5000D(DUAL LOOP)

#### 5.1.1 Program control-IPC5000D

In this screen, the program operation status will be displayed for the user. Additionally, current measurement value (PV), set point (SP), operation status, operating program number, program name, operating segment number and elapsed time will be displayed for the user so that he/she can use it during operation. RUN/STOP operation also can be performed.

##### 5.1.1.1 Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D



<Figure 5.1.1> MONITOR Screen (Program Operation, Asynchronous Mode)

#### (1) Button to move to the MENU screen.

- You can move to the main menu screen.

#### (2) Channel selection button

- You can select CH1 or CH2. Once selected, it will be highlighted.

#### (3) Displaying the name and number of the program

- The number and the name of the program that are currently registered will be displayed.
- When setting the link, number and name of the first registered program in the link number will be displayed.
- Program number will be displayed for each channel as followings,

CH1: 0 ~ 15

CH2: 16 ~ 31

#### (4) Displaying the segment progress status

- **SEG No:** The number of the segment currently running, which is automatically updated as the program is running.

- 
- **LEFT TIME:** The remained control time of the segment currently running, which decreases by 1 minute or 1 second.
  - Time unit : Shows the current time unit.(00H 00M / 00M 00S)
  - **Part RPT:** Shows the number of repetition in the segment sector that is currently running. It is decreased by 1 after operation starts.
  - **ALL RPT:** Shows the number of total repetitions of the currently running program. It is decreased by 1 in the reserve order after operation starts.
  - **LINK No.:** Shows the link number currently running. The data appears only for program link operation.
  - **TOTAL time:** Shows the time elapse from beginning of program operation (RUN input) to the operation stopping, which increases by 1 minute or 1 second.

**(6) 'SUB' button**

- Moves to the MON SUB screen.

**(7) 'ADV' (ADVANCE) button**

- Moves the current segment to the next one.
- If you press this button in the GSOAK WAIT mode, operation of GSOAK will be stopped.

**(8) 'RUN' button**

- Starts control operation. If you press the **RUN** button, it will be highlighted ( **RUN** ) that shows the running state

**(9) 'HOLD' button**

- Stops current control operation temporarily and controls operation with the current set point.  
If you press the **HOLD** button, it will be highlighted ( **HOLD** ) that shows the holding state.

**(10) 'STOP' button**

- Stops control operation. If you press the **STOP** button, it will be highlighted ( **STOP** ) that shows the stop state.

**(11) Program number display**

- Displays the program number each channel that is currently set.

**(12) Temperature unit**

- Displays the temperature that is currently set. Two types are available – [C] or [F].
- The temperature unit will not be displayed when setting the measurement signal like DCV or mA in the AI SET.

**(13) Displaying the Set point (SP) and setup target SP**

- Displays the working set point of each channel according to control settings.
- SP displays the Start SP of each program in the STOP mode.
- Temporarily, target SP(set point) can be setup during running SOAK segment of Program.  
Refer to reference “(1) setup the target SP during run operation”.

**(14) Process value (PV)**

- Displays the current temperature value of each channel.

**(15)** Shows the current operation status of IPC5000. (For more details, see 5.1.1.2 “Displaying operation status”).

### 5.1.1.2 Displaying operation status

- The operation status will be displayed on MONITOR screen.

**Table 5.1 List of Operation Status**

Operation Status	Status Display	Remark
In GSOAK wait	<b>WAIT</b>	
In Auto tuning	<b>TUNE</b>	
It starts the control operation.	<b>RUN</b>	
Temporary stop.	<b>HOLD</b>	
Control is stopped.	<b>STOP</b>	
Waiting by the schedule	<b>READY</b>	
Completion of control operation	<b>END</b>	
Operation stops after power recovery	<b>BREAK</b>	
Restarts operation from the beginning after power recovery	<b>COLD</b>	
Resumes operation after power recovery	<b>HOT</b>	
The system error was occurred.	<b>TROUBLE</b>	

- Description on the operation status is based on the case of CH1 at the asynchronous control.

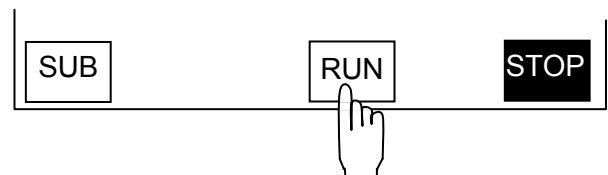
#### [RUN]: Operation

There are two methods of running control operation depending on the RUN mode in the RUN setting screen.

#### < QUICK START >

Operation starts immediately when you press the **RUN** button in the STOP mode or DI1 (RUN/STOP) is set to On. Then, the RUN button will be highlighted. At this time, the operation status (“**RUN**”) will be displayed at the right side of CH1 or CH2.

<b>CH1</b> STOP	CH2 STOP
PV <b>20.0</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>
SP 0.0 C	SP 32.0 F



Press the RUN button.


<b>CH1</b> RUN	CH2 STOP
PV <b>20.0</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>
SP 0.0 C	SP 32.0 F



<Figure 5.1.2> Displaying the RUN Operation Status

### <TIMER START> - Running by the Schedule

When you press the **RUN** button in the STOP mode or DI1 (RUN/STOP) is set to On, the RUN button will be highlighted but operation will not be started until the scheduled time is due. At this time, the Ready operation status will be displayed at the right side of CH1 or CH2 as below. The following message will appear in the "READY" Status.

MENU	<b>MONITOR</b>			01-23 TUE 12.59.31
<b>CH1</b>	READY	<b>CH2</b>	STOP	
PV	<b>20.0</b>	PV	<b>-85.7</b>	
SP	<b>0.0 C</b>	SP	<b>32.0 F</b>	
DEMO PRG-0	<b>0</b>	DEMO PRG-16	<b>16</b>	
SEG No	0	SEG No	0	
LEFT TIME	02 H 59 M	LEFT TIME	09 H 30 M	
<b>START 00M00D00H00M</b>		Part RPT	1	
ALL RPT	1	ALL RPT	1	
LINK No	0	LINK No	0	
TOTAL	0000 H 00 M	TOTAL	0000 H 00 M	
SUB	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP

<Figure 5.1.3> READY Status Display

When the scheduled time is due, the message will disappear and the status will be changed to "RUN", and operation will start.


### [STOP]

Operation stops immediately when you press the **STOP** button in the RUN or HOLD mode or DI1 (RUN/STOP) is set to On. Then, the STOP button will be highlighted. At this time, the operation status "STOP" will be displayed at the right side of CH1 or CH2 as below.

<b>CH1</b>	RUN	<b>CH2</b>	STOP	
PV	<b>20.0</b>	PV	<b>-85.7</b>	
SP	20.1 C	SP	32.0 F	

SUB	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP
-----	-----	------------	------	------

Press the STOP button. 

<b>CH1</b>	STOP	<b>CH2</b>	STOP	
PV	<b>20.0</b>	PV	<b>-85.7</b>	
SP	0.0.C	SP	32.0 F	

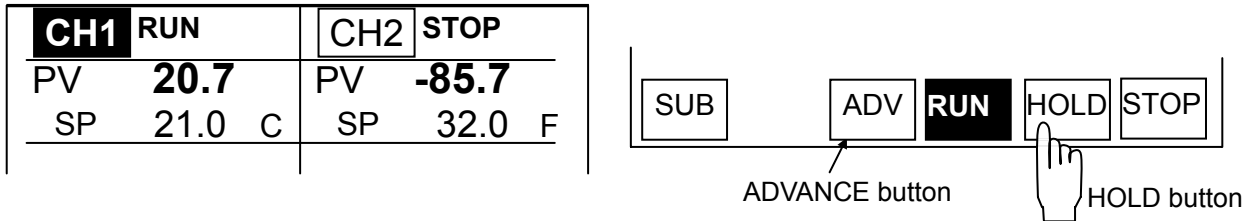
SUB		RUN		<b>STOP</b>
-----	--	-----	--	-------------

<Figure 5.1.4> Displaying the STOP Mode

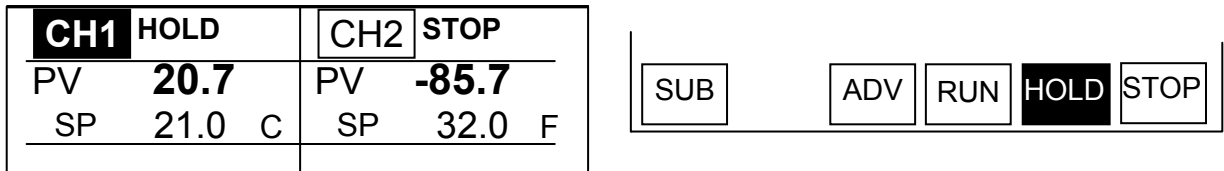


### [HOLD]

If you press the **HOLD** button in the RUN mode as shown in the Figure (a), or the DI2 (HOLD) is turned on, the **HOLD** button will be highlighted as shown in the Figure (b) and the current status will be maintained. At this time, the operation status “**HOLD**” will be displayed at the right side of CH1 or CH2. The HOLD button will be hidden in the STOP mode. If you turn DI2 (HOLD) off, the RUN state will be activated.



<Figure 5.1.5 (a)> Displaying the RUN Operation Status



<Figure 5.1.5 (b)> Status Display after Pressing the HOLD Button

### [ADVANCE]

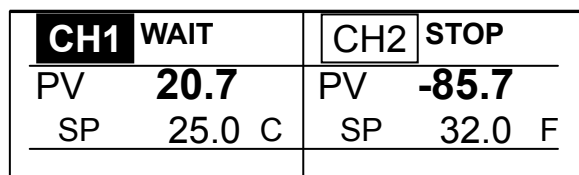
If you press the **ADV** button in the RUN mode or DI3 (ADV) is turned on, the segment currently being processed will be ignored and the next segment will be selected. If you press the ADV in the WAIT mode, waiting operation will be released and the next segment will be selected. No status will be displayed.

The **ADV** button will be hidden in the fix control operation.

### [WAIT]: Waiting operation

If the PV remains off the WAIT area during operation, operation will not proceed to the next segment. Instead, it waits until the PV falls in the area, as below.

Once the PV comes inside the WAIT area, the status display will be cleared and the previous operation mode will be displayed (RUN, HOLD)



<Figure 5.1.6> Displaying WAIT Operation Status

## [TUNE]

Auto tuning is executed for each channel and displayed as shown in the Figure (a). When auto tuning is completed, the previous status will be displayed as shown in the Figure (b).

<b>CH1</b> TUNE	<b>CH2</b> STOP
PV <b>51.0</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>
SP 50.0 C	SP 32.0 F

<b>CH1</b> RUN	<b>CH2</b> STOP
PV <b>49.9</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>
SP 50.0 C	SP 32.0 F

(a) In Auto Tuning

(b) Auto Tuning is Completed

<Figure 5.1.7> Displaying the Tuning Operation Status

## [Power Failure]

If operation is stopped by the power failure, operation and status display will be set by the power failure settings in the OPERATION Set screen, when the power is recovered.

### • BREAK status

Operation will be stopped after power recovery, and the operation screen as shown in the Figure 5.1.8 will be displayed.

<b>CH1</b> BREAK	<b>CH2</b> STOP
PV <b>20.7</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>
SP 0.0 C	SP 32.0 F

SUB	RUN	STOP
-----	-----	------

<Figure 5.1.8> Displaying the BREAK Status

If you press the **STOP** button, the STOP mode will be activated. However, it will not be activated by the RUN button or DI1 contact point input. At this time, the "RST" button will appear in the MONITOR screen.

### • COLD status

Operation will be re-started from the beginning after power recovery and the operation screen as shown in the Figure 5.1.9 will be displayed. For program control operation, operation will be resumed from the first segment of the program.

<b>CH1</b> COLD	<b>CH2</b> STOP
PV <b>20.7</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>
SP 20.1 C	SP 32.0 F

SUB	ADV	RUN	HOLD	STOP
-----	-----	-----	------	------

<Figure 5.1.9> Displaying the COLD Operation Status

At this time, the "RST" button will appear in the MONITOR screen.

• **HOT status**

Operation will be resumed from the state just before power failure and the operation screen as below will be displayed.

<b>CH1</b> HOT	<b>CH2</b> STOP					
PV <b>45.0</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>					
SP 50.0	SP 32.0					
		SUB	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP

<Figure 5.1.10(a)> Displaying the HOT Operation Status

At this time, the "RST" button will appear in the MONITOR screen

• **Clearing BREAK, COLD, HOT display**

MENU	MONITOR		01-23 TUE		
			12.59.31		
<b>CH1</b> COLD	<b>CH2</b> STOP				
PV <b>20.7</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>				
SP 20.1 C	SP 32.0 F				
DEMO PRG-0 0	DEMO PRG-16 16				
SEG No 0	SEG No 0				
LEFT TIME 02 H 58 M	LEFT TIME 02 H 30 M				
Part RPT 1	Part RPT 1				
ALL RPT 1	ALL RPT 1				
LINK No 0	LINK No 0				
TOTAL 0010 H 00 M	TOTAL 0000 H 00 M				
SUB	<b>RST</b>	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP

MENU	MONITOR		01-23 TUE		
			12.59.31		
<b>CH1</b> RUN	<b>CH2</b> STOP				
PV <b>20.7</b>	PV <b>-85.7</b>				
SP 20.1 C	SP 32.0 F				
DEMO PRG-0 0	DEMO PRG-16 16				
SEG No 0	SEG No 0				
LEFT TIME 02 H 58 M	LEFT TIME 02 H 30 M				
Part RPT 1	Part RPT 1				
ALL RPT 1	ALL RPT 1				
LINK No 0	LINK No 0				
TOTAL 0010 H 02 M	TOTAL 0000 H 00 M				
SUB	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP	

<Figure 5.1.10(b)> RST Button Handling

When you press the "RST" button in the MONITOR screen, the current message is disappeared and will be changed a status message, **BREAK to STOP, COLD and HOT to RUN.**

**[TROUBLE]: Malfunction during operation**

When the malfunction occurs during system operation through Digital inputs, it will be displayed as following Figure. (For more details, see the Installation Manual, 3.18.TROUBLE SET.)

<b>CH1</b> TROUBLE	<b>CH2</b> STOP
PV	7
EMERGENCY STOP!	
CELAR	

<Figure 5.1.11> Displaying the Trouble Status with trouble message

**[END]: Completing operation**

After operation is continued to the scheduled time, the result will be displayed as following Figure. The SP and TIME at the time of completion are as follows.

MENU	<b>MONITOR</b>			01-23 TUE
				12 .59 .31
<b>CH1</b>	<b>END</b>	<b>CH2</b>	<b>STOP</b>	
PV	<b>40.1</b>	PV	<b>-85.7</b>	
SP	<b>40.0</b> C	SP	<b>32.0</b> F	
DEMO PRG-0	0	DEMO PRG-16	16	
SEG No	99	SEG No	0	
LEFT TIME	00 H 00 M	LEFT TIME	02 H 30 M	
Part RPT	1	Part RPT	1	
ALL RPT	1	ALL RPT	1	
LINK No	0	LINK No	0	
TOTAL	0099 H 59 M	TOTAL	0000 H 00 M	
SUB	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP

<Figure 5.1.12> Displaying the END Status



**Reference**

**(1) setup the target SP during run operation**

Changing the target SP can be setup during running SOAK segment of program.

<b>CH1</b>	<b>RUN</b>	<b>CH2</b>	<b>STOP</b>
PV	<b>20.0</b>	PV	<b>-85.7</b>
SP	<input type="text" value="0.0"/> C	SP	32.0 F

Press the box as shown in figure, keypad will appear. Then input the data and press 'Ent' key.

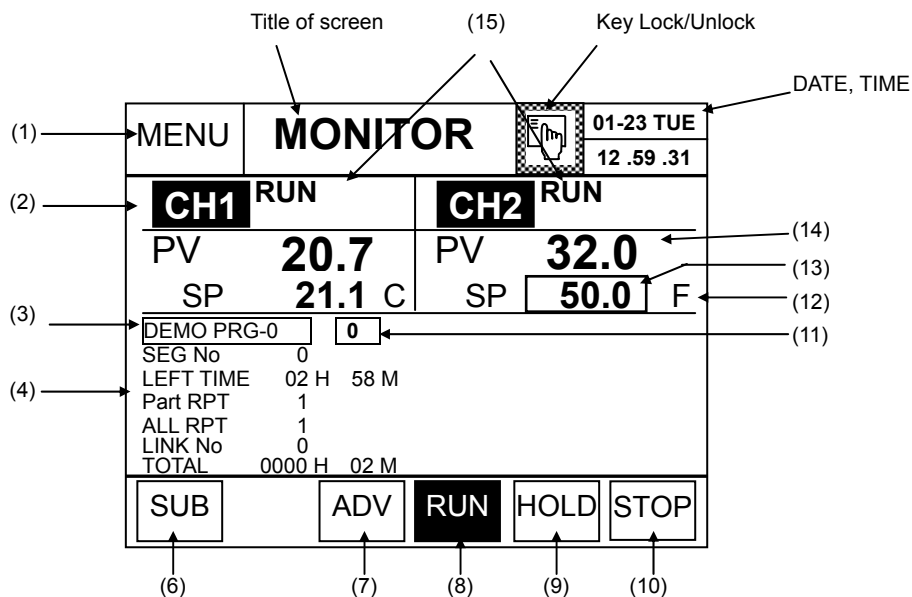
The value of SP is temporarily changed and program data is not changed.

**(2) None of the segments is in the current program**

The message will be displayed 'NO SEGMENTS' as following.

MENU	<b>MONITOR</b>			01-23 TUE
				12 .59 .31
<b>CH1</b>	<b>STOP</b>	<b>CH2</b>	<b>STOP</b>	
PV	<b>20.7</b>	PV	<b>-85.7</b>	
SP	<b>0.0</b> C	SP	<b>32.0</b> F	
DEMO PRG-0	--	DEMO PRG-16	16	
SEG No	-	SEG No	0	
LEFT TIME	-- H -- M	LEFT TIME	01 H 00 M	
<b>NO SEGMENTS !</b>		Part RPT	1	
ALL RPT	-	ALL RPT	1	
LINK No	0	LINK No	0	
TOTAL	-- H -- M	TOTAL	0000 H 00 M	
SUB	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP

### 5.1.1.3 Synchronous mode



<Figure 5.1.13> MONITOR Screen (Program Operation, Synchronous Mode)

#### (1) Displaying the name and the number of the program

- Displays the number and the registered name of the program that is currently set.
- Displays the number and name of the firstly registered program in the link number, when setting the link.  
Program number display: 0 ~ 31

#### (2) Displaying the segment execution status

- Displays the number of the previous and next segment based on the current segment, set point SP1 and SP2 and TIME (remained time).

#### (13) Displaying Set point (SP) and setup the target SP

- Display the working set point of each channel according to control settings.
- SP displays the Start SP of each program in the STOP mode.
- Temporarily, target SP(set point) can be setup during running SOAK segment of Program.  
Refer to reference "(1) setup the target SP during run operation".

Refer to the 5.1.1.1. Asynchronous mode for more details on others screen display and button operation.

• **Status display of the synchronous mode**

Operation status display for CH1 and CH2 is same. However, if the CH1 is being tuned, the status of the CH2 becomes HOLD. On the contrary, if the CH2 is being tuned, the CH1 will be in the HOLD mode.

**[TUNE]**

When tuning is proceeded for the currently selected channel, the status of CH1 and CH2 will be displayed as shown in the Figure 5.1.14 (a) and (b). When auto tuning is completed, the previous operation status will be resumed.

<b>CH1</b>	<b>TUNE</b>	<b>CH2</b>	<b>HOLD</b>	<b>CH1</b>	<b>RUN</b>	<b>CH2</b>	<b>RUN</b>
PV	<b>51.0</b>	PV	<b>32.0</b>	PV	<b>49.9</b>	PV	<b>32.2</b>
SP	50.0 C	SP	32.2 F	SP	50.0 C	SP	32.3 F

(a) Auto Tuning is in Progress

(b) Auto Tuning is Completed

<Figure 5.1.14> Displaying the Tuning Operation Status

### 5.1.1.4 Displaying the input status

Depending on the PV input that is currently being displayed, the messages will be displayed on the MONITOR screen as shown in Figure 5.1.15.

- **INP HIGH** : PV input value is greater than the PV range on RANGE set, PV becomes 105% of the high range value.
  - **INP LOW** : PV input value is lower than the PV range on RANGE set, PV becomes -5% of the low range value.
  - **INP FAIL** : When the Burn-out is happened, and there are two cases as following,
    - (1) When the PV input is out of the instrument range.
      - PV input is greater than 105% of the instrument range, PV becomes 105% of the instrument range.
      - PV input is lower than -5% of the instrument range, PV becomes -5% of the instrument range.
    - (2) When the sensor is disconnected from the device.
      - PV input is not any more, PV becomes -5% of the instrument range.
- \*\* Burn-out may be happened differently depending on sensor type and instrument range.  
 \*\* For **Linear inputs**(DC Voltage, milli-ampere), the message '**INP LOW**' will be displayed.

<b>CH1</b>	<b>RUN</b>	<b>INP FAIL</b>	<b>CH2</b>	<b>STOP</b>	<b>INP FAIL</b>
PV	<b>-220.0</b>		PV	<b>-235.0</b>	
SP	0.0 C		SP	32.0 F	

Input status display

<Figure 5.1.15> Message Display by the PV Input Range

**Table 5.2 Messages by the Input Range**

e.g.,) When PV sensor (Pt1) : -200.0°C~500.0°C, RANGE (PV range) : -100.0 ~ 200.0 are set.

PV Input	PV Display	Message
Normal range (-100.0°C~200.0°C)	Displays PV (within range)	<b>-(None)</b>
PV : -115.0°C ~ -100.0°C	Displays PV (within range)	<b>-( None)</b>
PV : -225.0°C ~ -115.0°C	Displays -115.0°C	<b>INP LOW</b>
PV : Under -225.0°C	Displays -115.0°C	<b>INP FAIL</b>
PV : 200.0°C~215.0°C	Displays PV (within range)	<b>-( None)</b>
PV : 215.0°C~525.0°C	Displays 200.0°C	<b>INP HIGH</b>
PV : Over 525.0°C	Displays 200.0°C	<b>INP FAIL</b>
Note1) Input disconnection	Displays -115.0°C	<b>INP FAIL</b>

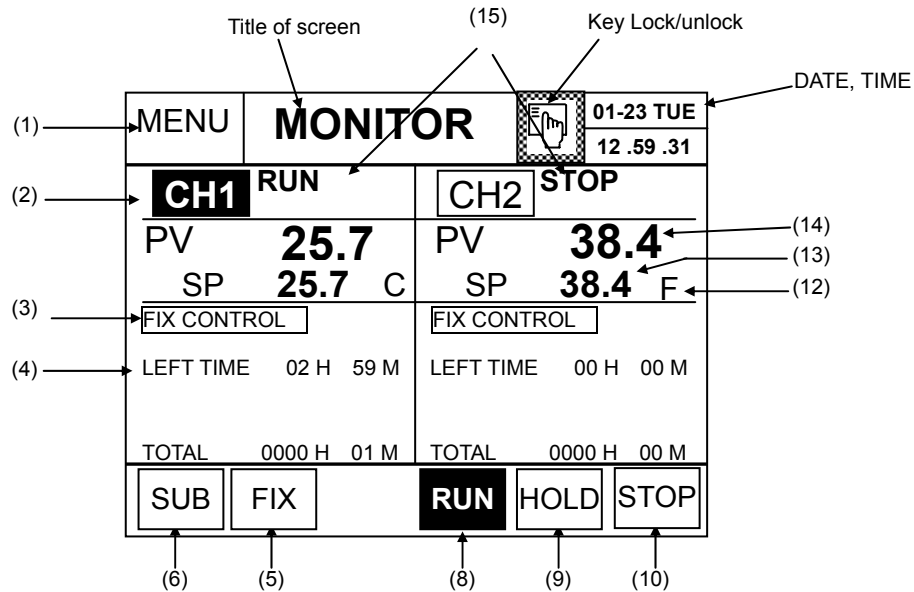
Note 1) Unavailable if the sensor input is current (mA) or voltage (DCV).

## 5.1.2 Fix Control – IPC5000D

Fix control means keeping temperature at the fixed SP value. When you select the **FIX** operation method in the operation setting screen, the fix control screen will be displayed.

For fix control, you can set temperature in the **FIX SET** screen. (See the 5.5 Setting Fix Control). You can invoke the fix setting screen from the **MONITOR** screen by pressing the **FIX** button.

### 5.1.2.1 Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D



<Figure 5.1.16> MONITOR Screen (FIX Control, Asynchronous Mode)

#### (3) Displaying the control status

- Displays that the current control method is FIX control.

#### (4) Displaying the running status

- Displays the remaining control time (LEFT TIME) and total operation time (TOTAL TIME).

#### (5) Fix control setting button

- Moves to the FIX SET screen. Available for fix control only.

#### (13) Displaying the Set point (SP)


- The SP in the STOP mode is same with the current value (PV).

**Refer to the 5.1.1. Program Control for more details on operation display and button handling.**



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### 5.1.2.2 Synchronous mode-IPC5000D

MENU	MONITOR			01-23 THU
				12 .59 .31
<b>CH1</b>	RUN	<b>CH2</b>	RUN	
PV	<b>25.7</b>	PV	<b>38.4</b>	
SP	<b>25.7 C</b>	SP	<b>38.4 F</b>	
FIX CONTROL				
(4) →	LEFT TIME 02 H 59 M			
TOTAL 0000 H 01 M				
SUB	FIX	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP

<Figure 5.1.17> MONITOR Screen (Fix Control, Synchronous Mode)

#### (4) Displaying the running status

- Displays the remained target value (LEFT TIME) and the total operation time (TOTAL TIME).




**Note**

**If program control runs differently from fix control for each channel**

You can exercise program control and fix control independently in the asynchronous mode, as shown in the Figure 5.1.18. Different buttons will be available for program control and fix control. Status display will look different, depending on current channel operation.

**Setting cannot be made in a synchronous mode.**

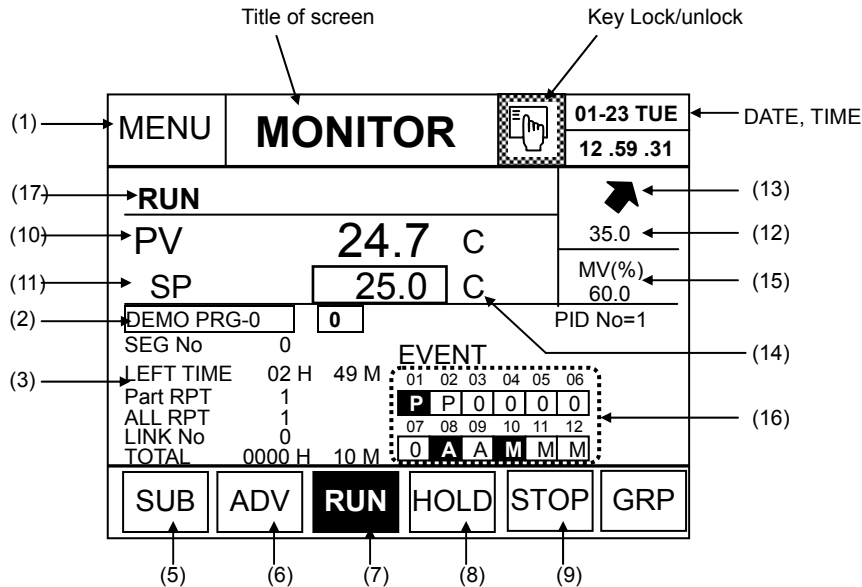
MENU	<b>MONITOR</b>		01-23 TUE 12. 59. 31	
<b>CH1</b>	RUN	CH2	STOP	
PV	<b>-52.7</b>	PV	<b>32.0</b>	
SP	<b>0.0 C</b>	SP	<b>32.0 F</b>	
DEMO PRG1	<b>0</b>	FIX CONTROL		
SEG No	0	LEFT TIME	00 H 00 M	
LEFT TIME	00 H 30 M	LEFT TIME	00 H 00 M	
Part RPT	1			
ALL RPT	1			
TOTAL	0001 H 29 M	TOTAL	0000 H 00 M	
SUB	ADV	<b>RUN</b>	HOLD	STOP

<Figure 5.1.18> MONITOR Screen (The different control method)

## 5.2 MONITOR Screen-IPC5000S(SINGLE LOOP)

### 5.2.1 Program control-IPC5000S

In this screen, the program operation status will be displayed for the user. Additionally, current measurement value (PV), set point (SP), operation status, operating program number, program name, operating segment number and elapsed time will be displayed for the user so that he/she can use it during operation. RUN/STOP operation also can be performed.



<Figure 5.2.1> MONITOR Screen (Program Operation)

(1) Button to move to the MENU screen.

- You can move to the main menu screen.

(2) Displaying the name and number of the program

- The number and the name of the program that are currently registered will be displayed.
- When setting the link, number and name of the first registered program in the link number will be displayed.
- Program number will be displayed for each channel as followings,

(3) Displaying the segment progress status

- **SEG No**: The number of the segment currently running, which is automatically updated as the program is running.
- **LEFT TIME**: The remained control time of the segment currently running, which decreases by 1 minute or 1 second.
- Time unit : Shows the current time unit.(00H 00M / 00M 00S)
- **Part RPT**: Shows the number of repetition in the segment sector that is currently running. It is decreased by 1 after operation starts.
- **ALL RPT**: Shows the number of total repetitions of the currently running program. It is decreased by 1 in the

---

reserve order after operation starts.

- **LINK No.:** Shows the link number currently running. The data appears only for program link operation.
- **TOTAL time:** Shows the time elapse from beginning of program operation (RUN input) to the operation stopping, which increases by 1 minute or 1 second.

(5) 'SUB' button

- Moves to the MON SUB screen.

(6) 'ADV' (ADVANCE) button

- Moves the current segment to the next one.
- If you press this button in the GSOAK WAIT mode, operation of GSOAK will be stopped.

(7) 'RUN' button

- Starts control operation. If you press the **RUN** button, it will be highlighted ( **RUN** ) that shows the running state

(8) 'HOLD' button

- Stops current control operation temporarily and controls operation with the current set point.  
If you press the **HOLD** button, it will be highlighted ( **HOLD** ) that shows the holding state.

(9) 'STOP' button

- Stops control operation. If you press the **STOP** button, it will be highlighted ( **STOP** ) that shows the stop state.

(10) Process Value

- Displays the current temperature value.




(11) Displaying Set point (SP) and setup the target SP

- Displays the temperature set point of each channel according to control settings.
- SP displays the Start SP of each program in the STOP mode.
- Temporarily, target SP(set point) can be setup during running SOAK segment of Program.  
Refer to reference "(1) setup the target SP during run operation".

(12) Target Set point

- Displays the target set point of each segment in Program control.

(13) Progressing status

- Displays the progressing status such as rising(  ), maintain(  ), decreasing(  ).

(14) Temperature unit

- Displays the temperature that is currently set. Two types are available – [C] or [F].
- The temperature unit will not be displayed when setting the measurement signal like DCV or mA in the AI SET.

(15) Control output value

- Displays the MV of control output.

(16) Status of event output

- Displays the event output each Digital Output(DO terminal).

(17) Shows the current operation status of IPC5000. (For more details, see 5.2.1.2 "Displaying operation status".)

### 5.2.1.2 Displaying operation status

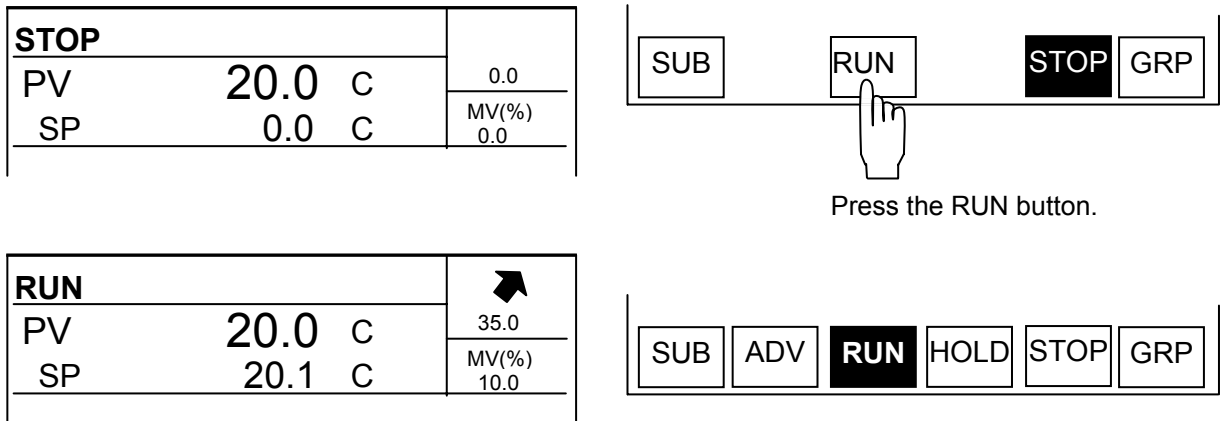
- The operation status will be displayed on MONITOR screen.

#### [RUN]: Operation

There are two methods of running control operation depending on the RUN mode in the RUN setting screen.

#### < QUICK START >

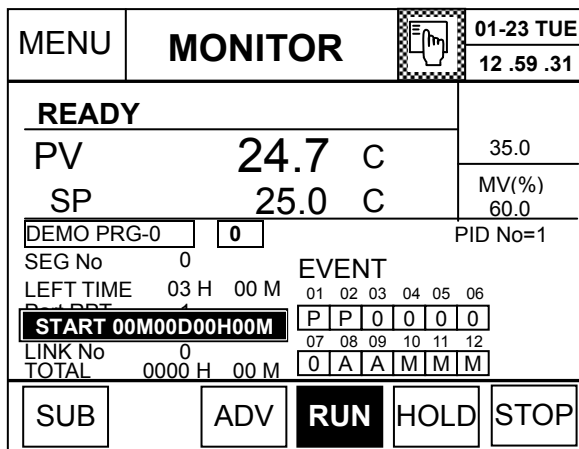
Operation starts immediately when you press the **RUN** button in the STOP mode or DI1 (RUN/STOP) is set to On. Then, the RUN button will be highlighted.



<Figure 5.2.2> Displaying the RUN Operation Status

#### <TIMER START> - Running by the Schedule

When you press the **RUN** button in the STOP mode or DI1 (RUN/STOP) is set to On, the RUN button will be highlighted but operation will not be started until the scheduled time is due. At this time, the Ready operation status will be displayed as below. The following message will appear in the "READY" Status.




<Figure 5.1.3> READY Status Display

When the scheduled time is due, the message will disappear and the status will be changed to “**RUN**”, and operation will start.


**[STOP]**

Operation stops immediately when you press the **STOP** button in the RUN or HOLD mode or DI1 (RUN/STOP) is set to On. Then, the STOP button will be highlighted. At this time, the operation status “**STOP**” will be displayed as below.

<b>RUN</b>				 35.0
PV	20.7	C		
SP	21.0	C		MV(%) 10.0



Press the STOP button.

<b>STOP</b>				 0.0
PV	20.0	C		
SP	0.0	C		MV(%) 0.0




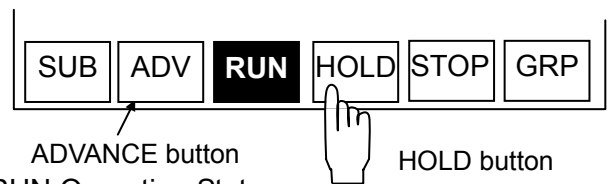
<Figure 5.2.4> Displaying the STOP Mode

**[HOLD]**


If you press the **HOLD** button in the RUN mode as shown in the Figure (a), or the DI2 (HOLD) is turned on, the **HOLD** button will be highlighted as shown in the Figure (b) and the current status will be maintained. At this time, the operation status “**HOLD**” will be displayed as below.

The HOLD button will be hidden in the STOP mode. If you turn DI2 (HOLD) off, the RUN state will be activated.

<b>RUN</b>				 35.0
PV	20.7	C		
SP	21.0	C		MV(%) 10.0



<Figure 5.2.5 (a)> Displaying the RUN Operation Status

<b>HOLD</b>				 35.0
PV	20.7	C		
SP	21.0	C		MV(%) 10.0



<Figure 5.2.5 (b)> Status Display after Pressing the HOLD Button

---

### [ADVANCE]


If you press the **ADV** button in the RUN mode or DI3 (ADV) is turned on, the segment currently being processed will be ignored and the next segment will be selected. If you press the ADV in the WAIT mode, waiting operation will be released and the next segment will be selected. No status will be displayed.

The **ADV** button will be hidden in the fix control operation.

### [WAIT]: Waiting operation

If the PV remains off the WAIT area during operation, operation will not proceed to the next segment. Instead, it waits until the PV falls in the area as below.


Once the PV comes inside the WAIT area, the status display will be cleared and the previous operation mode will be displayed (RUN, HOLD)


<b>WAIT</b>			
	20.7	C	35.0
SP	25.0	C	MV(%) 100.0

<Figure 5.2.6> Displaying WAIT Operation Status

### [TUNE]

Auto tuning is executed and displayed as shown in the Figure (a). When auto tuning is completed, the previous status will be displayed as shown in the Figure (b).

<b>TUNE</b>			
PV	48.9	C	50.0
SP	50.0	C	MV(%) 100.0

<b>RUN</b>			
PV	49.9	C	50.0
SP	50.0	C	MV(%) 10.0

(a) In Auto Tuning

(b) Auto Tuning is Completed

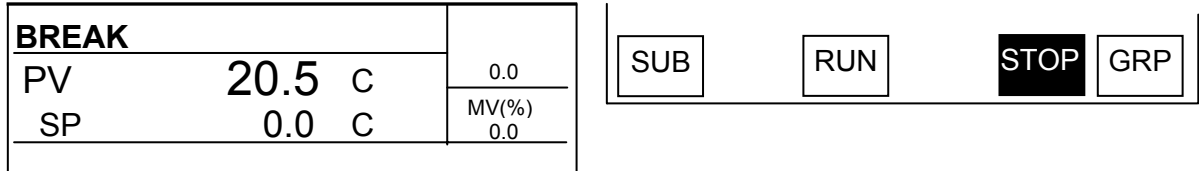
<Figure 5.2.7> Displaying the Tuning Operation Status

### [Power Failure]

If operation is stopped by the power failure, operation and status display will be set by the power failure settings in the OPERATION Set screen, when the power is recovered.

• **BREAK status**

Operation will be stopped after power recovery, and the operation screen as following figure will be displayed.

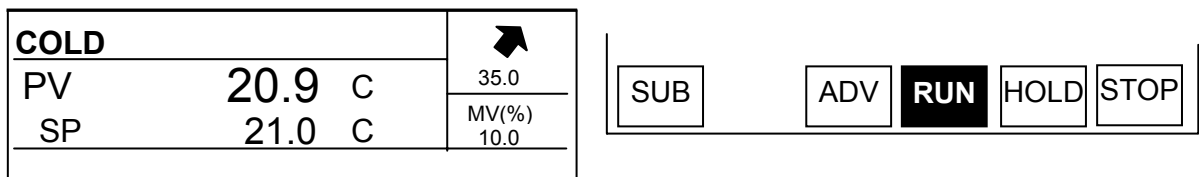


<Figure 5.2.8> Displaying the BREAK Status

If you press the **STOP** button, the STOP mode will be activated. However, it will not be activated by the RUN button or DI1 contact point input. At this time, the “RST” button will appear in the MONITOR screen.

• **COLD status**

Operation will be re-started from the beginning after power recovery and the operation screen as following figure will be displayed. For program control operation, operation will be resumed from the first segment of the program.

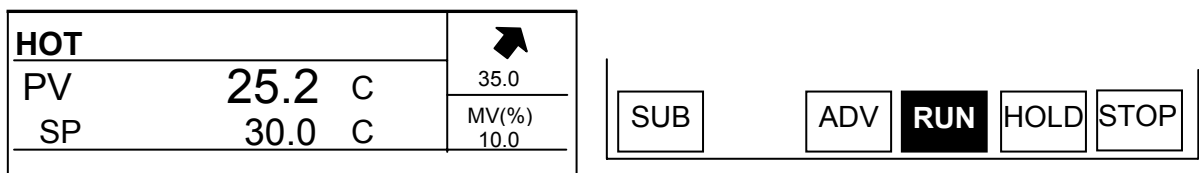


<Figure 5.2.9> Displaying the COLD Operation Status

At this time, the “RST” button will appear in the MONITOR screen.

• **HOT status**

Operation will be resumed from the state just before power failure and the operation screen as below will be displayed.

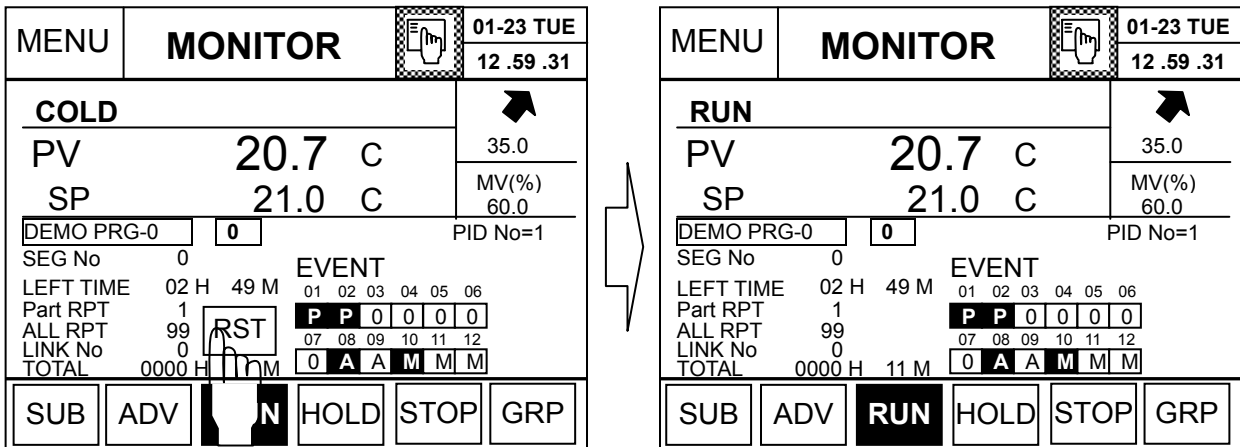


<Figure 5.2.10(a)> Displaying the HOT Operation Status

At this time, the “RST” button will appear in the MONITOR screen



• Clearing BREAK, COLD, HOT display

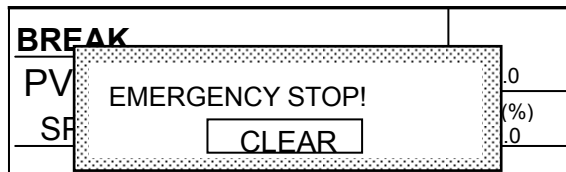


<Figure 5.2.10(b)> RST Button Handling

When you press the “RST” button in the MONITOR screen, the current message is disappeared and will be changed a status message, **BREAK to STOP, COLD and HOT to RUN.**

**[TROUBLE]: Malfunction during operation**

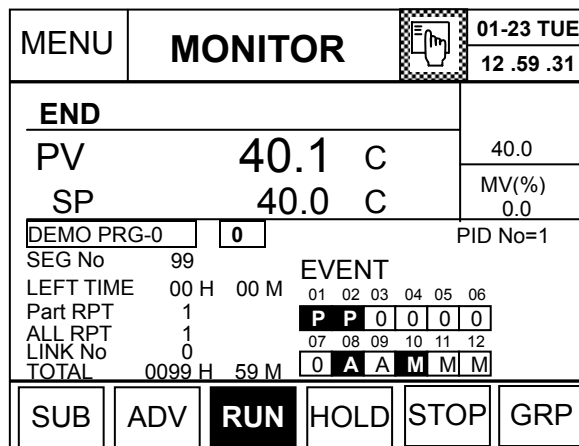
When the malfunction occurs during system operation through Digital inputs, it will be displayed as following Figure. (For more details, see the Installation Manual, 3.18.TROUBLE SET.)



<Figure 5.2.11> Displaying the Trouble Status with trouble message

**[END]: Completing operation**

After operation is continued to the scheduled time, the result will be displayed as following Figure. The SP and TIME at the time of completion are as follows.



<Figure 5.1.12> Displaying the END Status



## Reference

### (1) setup the target SP during run operation

Changing the target SP can be setup during running SOAK segment of program.

<b>RUN</b>		
PV	49.9 C	50.0
SP	50.0 C	MV(%) 10.0

Press the box as shown in figure, keypad will appear. Then input the data and press 'Ent' key.  
The value of SP is temporarily changed and program data is not changed.

### (2) None of the segments is in the current program

The message will be displayed 'NO SEGMENTS' on MONITOR screen.

MENU	<b>MONITOR</b>		01-23 TUE 12 .59 .31
<b>STOP</b>			40.0
PV	40.1 C		MV(%) 0.0
SP	40.0 C		
DEMO PRG-0	--		PID No=1
SEG No	--		
LEFT TIME	-- H -- M	EVENT	
		01 02 03 04 05 06	
		<b>NO SEGMENTS !</b>	P P 0 0 0 0
LINK No	0		07 08 09 10 11 12
TOTAL	-- H -- M		0 A A M M M
SUB	RUN	<b>STOP</b>	

---

#### 5.2.1.4 Displaying the input status

For the message depending on PV input, see the section 5.1.1.4.

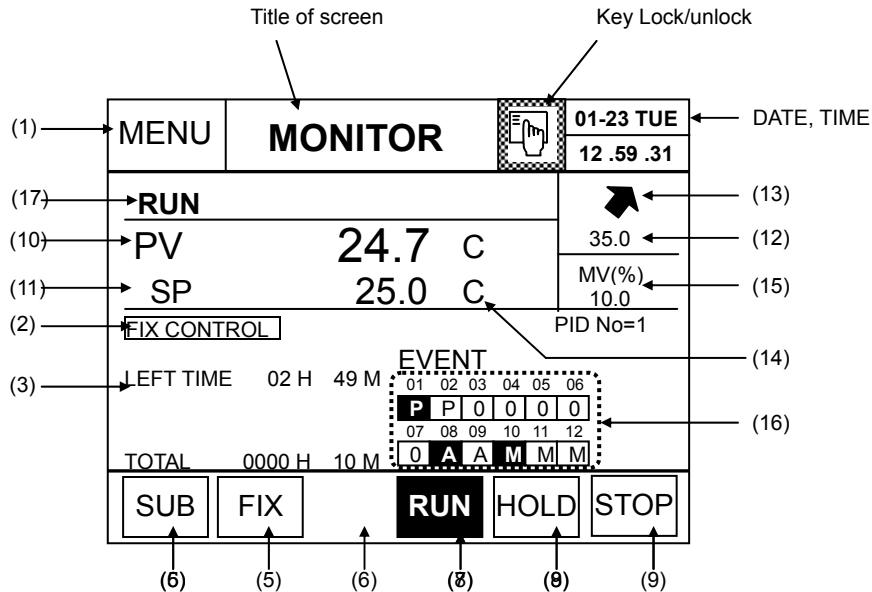
- **INP HIGH** : PV input value is greater than the PV range on RANGE set, PV becomes 105% of the high range value.
- **INP LOW** : PV input value is lower than the PV range on RANGE set, PV becomes –5% of the low range value.
- **INP FAIL** : When the Burn-out is happened, and there are two cases as following,
  - (1) When the PV input is out of the instrument range.
    - PV input is greater than 105% of the instrument range, PV becomes 105% of the instrument range.
    - PV input is lower than –5% of the instrument range, PV becomes -5% of the instrument range.
  - (2) When the sensor is disconnected from the device.
    - PV input is not any more, PV becomes –5% of the instrument range.

## 5.2.2 Fix Control – IPC5000S

Fix control means keeping temperature at the fixed SP value. When you select the **FIX** operation method in the operation setting screen, the fix control screen will be displayed.

For fix control, you can set temperature in the **FIX SET** screen. (See the 5.5 Setting Fix Control). You can invoke the fix setting screen from the **MONITOR** screen by pressing the **FIX** button.

### 5.2.2.1 Asynchronous mode-IPC5000S



<Figure 5.1.16> MONITOR Screen (FIX Control, Asynchronous Mode)

#### (3) Displaying the control status

- Displays that the current control method is **FIX** control.

#### (4) Displaying the running status

- Displays the remaining control time (**LEFT TIME**) and total operation time (**TOTAL TIME**).

#### (5) Fix control setting button

- Moves to the **FIX SET** screen. Available for fix control only.

#### (11) Displaying the working Set point (SP)

- The working SP in the **STOP** mode is same with the current value (PV).

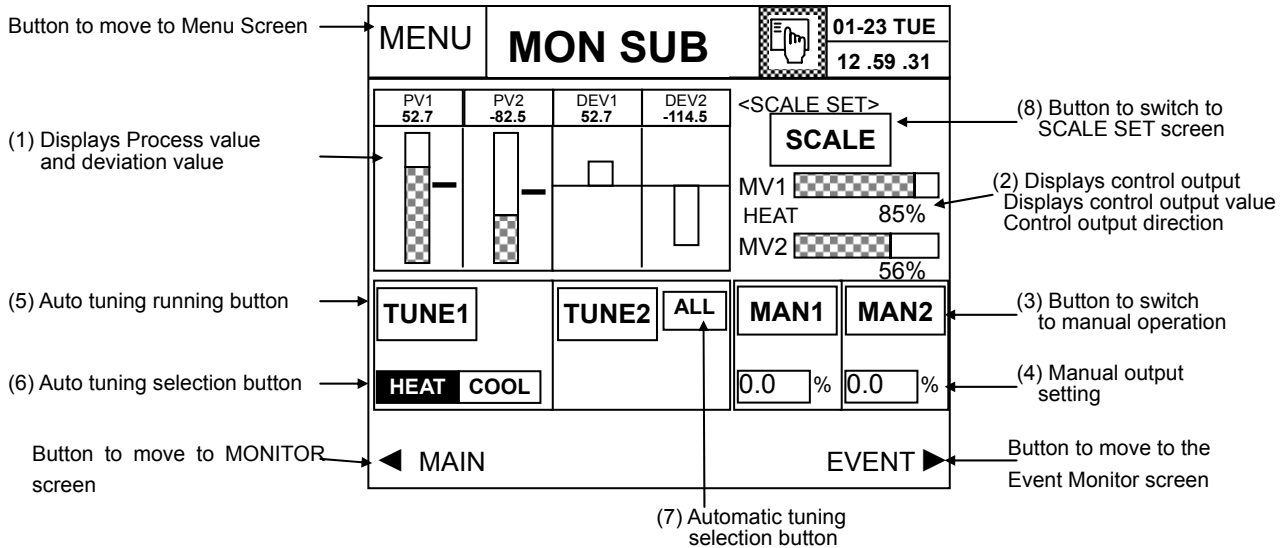
#### (12) Displaying the Target Set Point and set button

- Display the target SP.
- pressing (12), (13), the keypad is shown and you can set the new target SP.

**Refer to the 5.2.1. Program Control for more details on operation display and button handling.**

## 5.3 MON SUB Screen

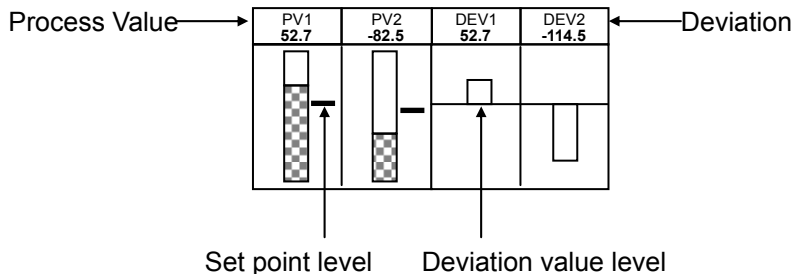
### 5.3.1 MON SUB screen-IPC5000D



<Figure 5.3.1> MON SUB Screen

#### (1) Displaying the set point level, current value and deviation value

- Displays for each channel.

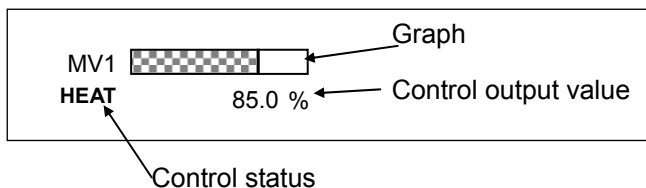


- The deviation value shows the variation value of [Process value (PV) – set point (SP)].
- Display of the variation value is updated in real-time.

#### (2) Displaying the control output

##### (2-1) Displaying the control output value

- Displays the control output value by each channel with graphical and numeric presentation.  
(Range: 0.0 % ~ 100.0 %)



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(2-2) Control status display

- The control status will be displayed as described in the Table 5.3 if it is HEAT/COOL control.

**Table 5.3 Displaying the Control Status**

No	Control Status	Display	Note
1	High temperature control	HEAT	See the Installation Manual 3.16 "PID SET" for the output value and status display,
2	Low temperature control	COOL	

(3) Button to switch to the manual operation mode

(4) Setting and display the manual output value

- It is available in case that MAN1 or MAN2 button is ON

(5) Button to start auto tuning

(6) Selection button to operate auto tuning for HEAT or COOL control

(7) Selection button to operate auto tuning automatically for all zones or PID groups

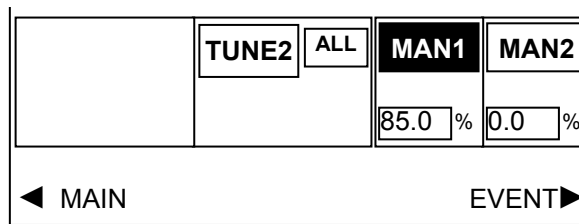
(8) Button to switch to SCALE SET screen

---

## Setting Order

### (1) Switching to the manual operation

- Press the “MAN1” or “MAN2” button in the normal operation mode. Then, the button will be highlighted and the manual operation mode will be engaged.
- TUNE and ALL buttons for the selected channel will disappear.
- The current operation mode will be displayed as “MANUAL” on ‘MONITOR’ screen.
- When you press the MV %, the numeric keypad will be displayed at the right side. Set the amount. Input the set point and press the ENT key to update. Otherwise, press the ESC key to cancel updating.



<Figure 5.3.2> Manual Operation Status (CH1)

- Setting range: **-5.0 ~ 105.0%**



If you press the “**MAN**” button, the initial MV output value will be replaced with the preset value or Control output value by PID operation.

**The “TUNE” and “ALL” buttons will be disabled during Manual operation .**

### (2) Switching to the automatic operation

- If the “MAN1” or “MAN2” is pressed in the MANUAL operation mode, the button will be reverted and the current operation mode will be switched to the automatic operation mode.
- The previous operation status will be displayed.

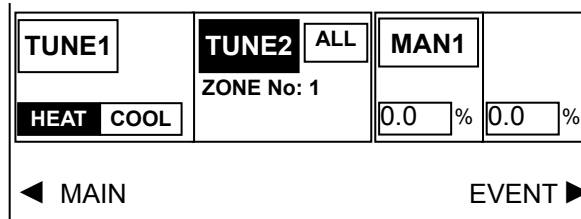
### (3) Running the auto tuning (ACCU TUNE)

- Run auto tuning only when the current status is RUN, HOLD or WAIT. The operation status will be changed to TUNE.
- When auto tuning (ACCU TUNE) is executed, the ‘MAN1’ or ‘MAN2’ button will disappear from the screen.
- The PID constant will be automatically saved when auto tuning is completed. And, the previous operation status will be displayed and the TUNE button will be automatically highlighted.

**(3-1) Single auto tuning**

Runs auto tuning for one time according to the target set point of the current channel, and figures out the PID constant.

- Press the 'TUNE2' button to start auto tuning. The Figure 5.2.7 shows the operation status. The button will be highlighted and 'MAN2' button will be disappeared as following.

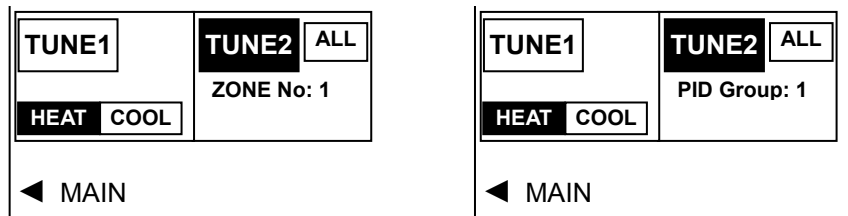


<Figure 5.3.3> Auto Tuning Operation Status (CH2)

- Displays the zone number and PID group number that are currently being processed according to the PID group. Refer to the Installation Manual, 3.13 CONTROL SET and 3.14 PID ZONE SET for more details.

**(a) PID Group : ZONE**

- Displays the zone number to which the SP currently being processed belongs, as shown in the Figure (a).



(a) Zone PID

(b) Segment PID

<Figure 5.3.4> Displaying Zone and PID Group Number

- The target set point is automatically set by the PID zone type, as described in the Table 5.4.

Table 5.4 Selecting the Target Set point

No	PID ZONE TYPE	PID Group	Target Set point
1	PV	-	Target set point = Process Value (PV)+2
2	SP	ZONE	Target set point = working SP
		SEG	Target set point =Target SP in the segment

**(b) PID Group : SEG(Segment)**

- Displays the PID group number set in the program segment that is currently in progress, as shown in the Figure (b).
- The target set point is automatically set by the PID zone type, as described in the Table 5.4.



---

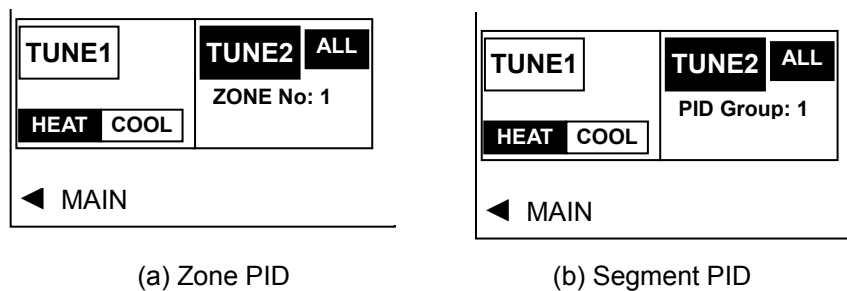
### (3-2) Multi Auto tuning (execute the Auto tuning automatically for all groups)

Runs multiple instances of auto tuning based on the tuning point of the PID group, and figures out the PID constant. (See the Installation Manual 3.15 for more details on the tuning point.)

- When you press the ALL button and the 'TUNE2' button for CH2, the screen as the following Figure will be displayed. The Tuning operation is as shown in figure 5.3.8.

#### (a) PID Group : ZONE

- Runs tuning as much as the number of zones that are set from the first zone. The zone number to which the current PV or SP in the PID zone belongs will be displayed. When auto tuning is completed, the next zone number will be automatically displayed. (See the Installation Manual 3.14 on PID ZONE SET)



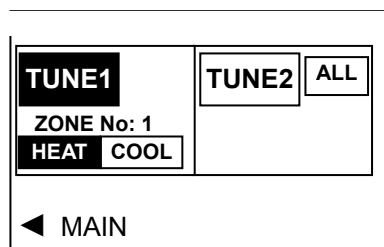
<Figure 5.3.5> Auto Tuning Operation Status

#### (b) PID Group : SEG(Segment)

- When auto tuning is executed from PID group number 1 to 8 sequentially, it will be displayed as shown in the Figure (b). When auto tuning is completed, the next PID group number will be automatically displayed.

### (3-2) Auto tuning for HEAT/COOL control

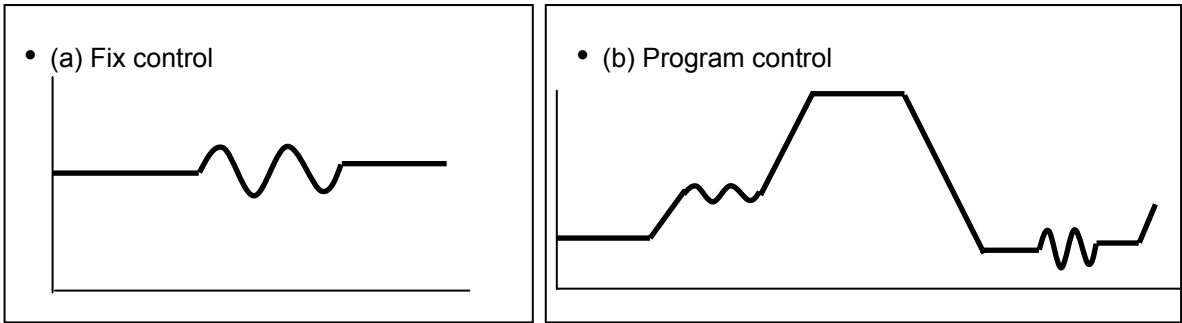
Buttons and handling methods are same as single auto tuning. The **ALL** button will disappear and the selection button (**HEAT|COOL**) will appear instead, as following.



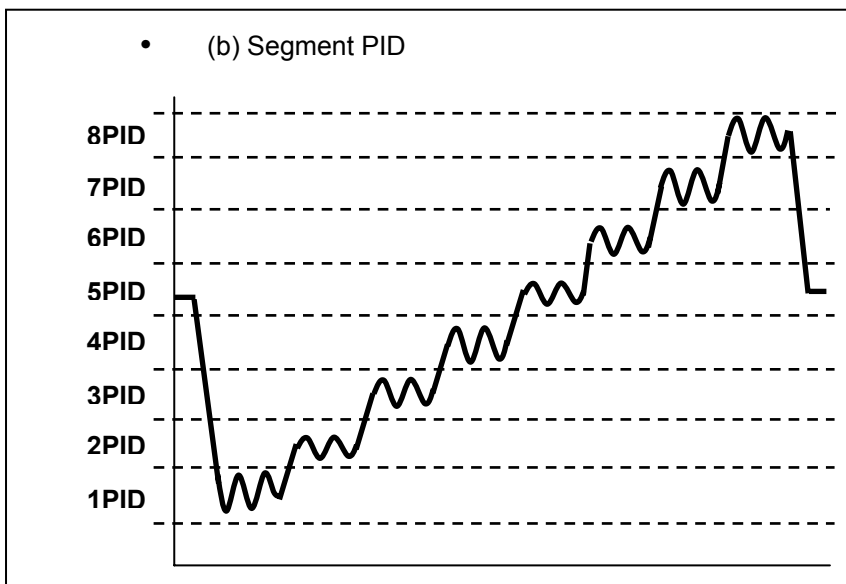
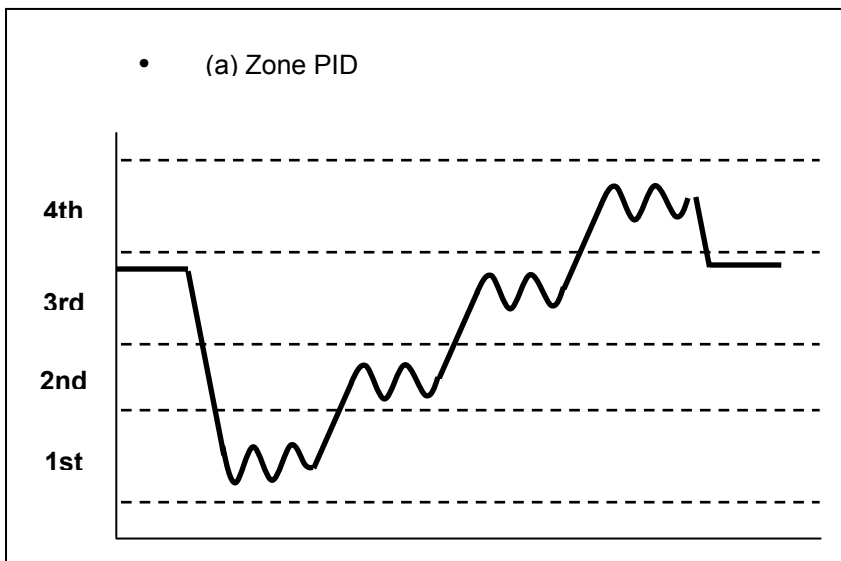
- To run auto tuning for heat area, select HEAT and press the 'TUNE1' button for CH1. Then, the button will be highlighted as following.
- Select the COOL button for auto tuning for cool area. Then, press the TUNE button to start auto tuning.

Reference

[Auto Tuning]

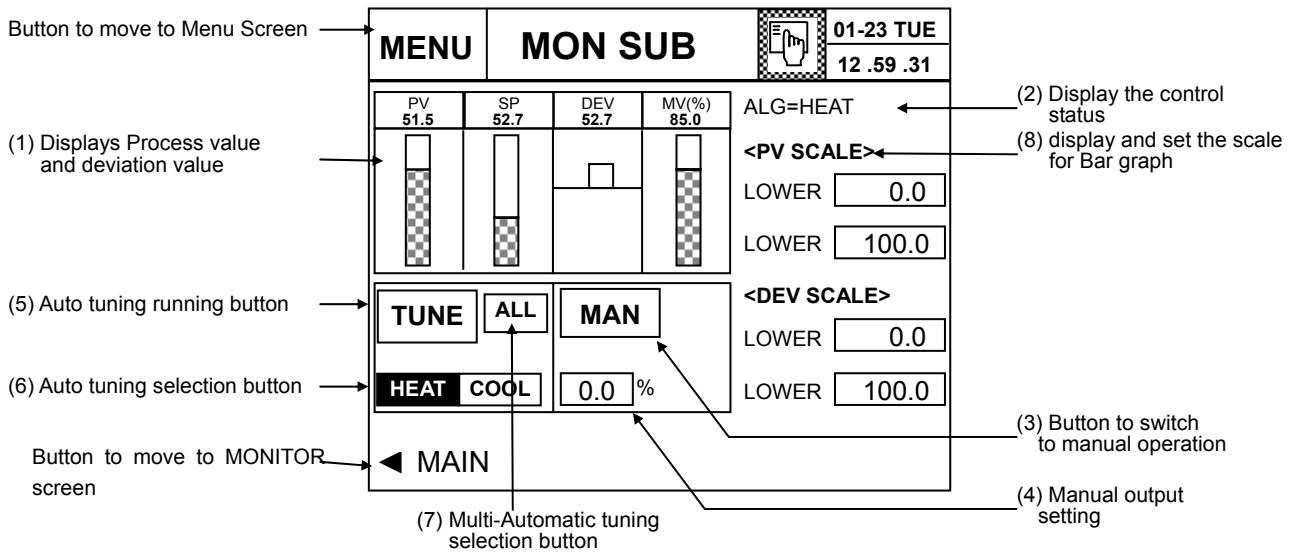


<Figure 5.3.7> Running Single Auto Tuning



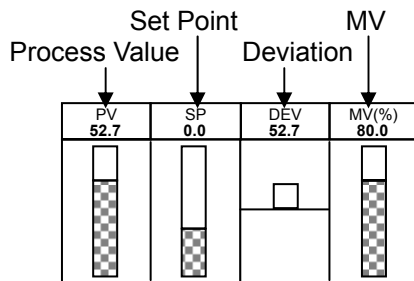
<Figure 5.3.8> Running Multi Auto Tuning

### 5.3.2 MON SUB screen – IPC5000S



<Figure 5.3.9> MON SUB Screen

(1) Displaying the set point level, current value and deviation value



- The deviation value shows the variation value of [Process value (PV) – set point (SP)].
- Display of the variation value is updated in real-time.

(2) Control status display

- The control status will be displayed as described in the Table 5.3 if it is HEAT/COOL control.

**Table 5.3 Displaying the Control Status**

No	Control Status	Display	Note
1	High temperature control	HEAT	See the Installation Manual 3.16 “PID SET” for the output value and status display,
2	Low temperature control	COOL	

(3) Button to switch to the manual operation mode

(4) Setting and display the manual output value

- It is available in case that MAN1 or MAN2 button is ON

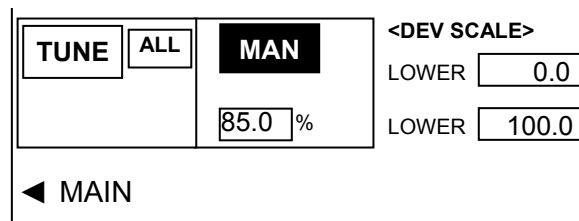
- 
- (5) Button to start auto tuning
  - (6) Selection button to operate auto tuning for HEAT or COOL control
  - (7) Selection button to operate auto tuning automatically for all zones or PID groups
  - (8) Button to switch to SCALE SET screen

---

## Setting Order

### (1) Switching to the manual operation

- Press the “MAN1” or “MAN2” button in the normal operation mode. Then, the button will be highlighted and the manual operation mode will be engaged.
- TUNE and ALL buttons for the selected channel will disappear.
- The current operation mode will be displayed as “MANUAL” on ‘MONITOR’ screen.
- When you press the MV %, the numeric keypad will be displayed at the right side. Set the amount. Input the set point and press the ENT key to update. Otherwise, press the ESC key to cancel updating.



<Figure 5.3.10> Manual Operation Status (CH1)

- Setting range: **-5.0 ~ 105.0%**



If you press the “**MAN**” button, the initial MV output value will be replaced with the preset value or Control output value by PID operation.

**The “TUNE” and “ALL” buttons will be disabled during Manual operation .**

### (2) Switching to the automatic operation

- If the “MAN1” or “MAN2” is pressed in the MANUAL operation mode, the button will be reverted and the current operation mode will be switched to the automatic operation mode.
- The previous operation status will be displayed.

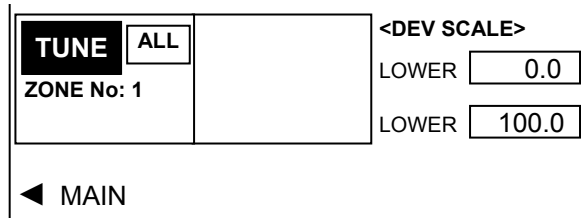
### (3) Running the auto tuning (ACCU TUNE)

- Run auto tuning only when the current status is RUN, HOLD or WAIT. The operation status will be changed to TUNE.
- When auto tuning (ACCU TUNE) is executed, the ‘MAN1’ or ‘MAN2’ button will disappear from the screen.
- The PID constant will be automatically saved when auto tuning is completed. And, the previous operation status will be displayed and the TUNE button will be automatically highlighted.

**(3-1) Single auto tuning**

Runs auto tuning for one time according to the target set point of the current channel, and figures out the PID constant.

- Press the 'TUNE2' button to start auto tuning. The Figure 5.3.7 shows the operation status. The button will be highlighted and 'MAN2' button will be disappeared as following.

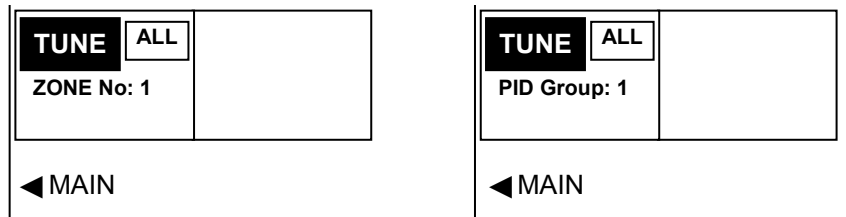


<Figure 5.3.11> Auto Tuning Operation Status

- Displays the zone number and PID group number that are currently being processed according to the PID group. Refer to the Installation Manual, 3.13 CONTROL SET and 3.14 PID ZONE SET for more details.

**(a) PID Group : ZONE**

- Display the zone number to which the SP currently being processed belongs, as shown in the Figure (a).



(a) Zone PID

(b) Segment PID

<Figure 5.3.12> Displaying Zone and PID Group Number

- The target set point is automatically set by the PID zone type, as described in the Table 5.4.

Table 5.4 Selecting the Target Set point

No	PID ZONE TYPE	PID Group	Target Set point
1	PV	-	Target set point = Process Value (PV)+2
2	SP	ZONE	Target set point = working SP
		SEG	Target set point =Target SP in the segment

**(b) PID Group : SEG(Segment)**

- Display the PID group number set in the program segment that is currently in progress, as shown in the Figure (b).
- The target set point is automatically set by the PID zone type, as described in the Table 5.4.

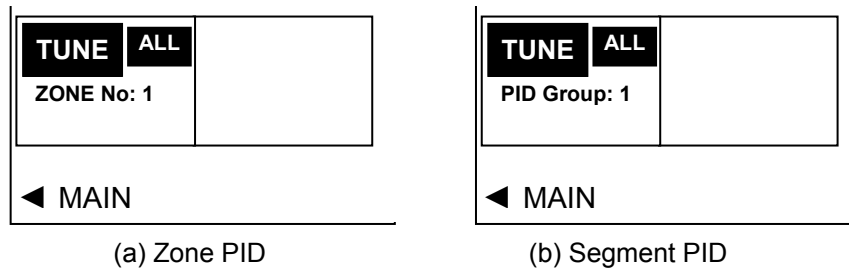
**(3-2) Multi Auto tuning (execute the Auto tuning automatically for all groups)**

Runs multiple instances of auto tuning based on the tuning point of the PID group, and figures out the PID constant. (See the Installation Manual 3.15 for more details on the tuning point.)

- When you press the ALL button and the 'TUNE2' button for CH2, the screen as shown in the Figure 5.2.5 will be displayed. The Tuning operation is as shown in figure 5.2.8.

**(a) PID Group : ZONE**

- Runs tuning as much as the number of zones that are set from the first zone. The zone number to which the current PV or SP in the PID zone belongs will be displayed. When auto tuning is completed, the next zone number will be automatically displayed. (See the Installation Manual 3.14 on PID ZONE SET)



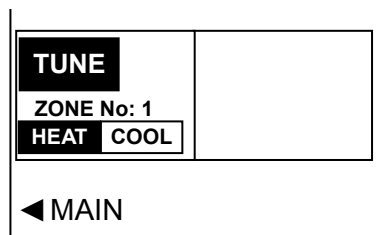
<Figure 5.3.13> Auto Tuning Operation Status

**(b) PID Group : SEG(Segment)**

- When auto tuning is executed from PID group number 1 to 8 sequentially, it will be displayed as shown in the Figure (b). When auto tuning is completed, the next PID group number will be automatically displayed.

**(3-2) Auto tuning for HEAT/COOL control**

Buttons and handling methods are same as single auto tuning. The **ALL** button will disappear and the selection button (**HEAT**/**COOL**) will appear instead, as following.



<Figure 5.3.14> Heat/Cool Auto Tuning Operation Status

- To run auto tuning for heat area, select HEAT and press the 'TUNE1' button for CH1. Then, the button will be highlighted as following.
- Select the COOL button for auto tuning for cool area. Then, press the TUNE button to start auto tuning.

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## 5.4 SCALE SET screen-IPC5000D

It is available for IPC5000D(DUAL LOOP).

The screenshot shows the SCALE SET screen with a menu bar at the top containing 'MENU', 'SCALE SET', a touch icon, and the date/time '01-23 FRI 12. 59. 50'. The main area is divided into two sections: '<PV SCALE>' and '<DEV SCALE>'. Each section has a 'LOWER' and 'UPPER' column with input boxes for 'CH1' and 'CH2'. Arrows labeled (1) and (2) point to the PV and DEV sections respectively. A 'SUB' button with a left arrow is at the bottom left.

	LOWER	UPPER
<PV SCALE>		
CH1	-19999.0	20000.0
CH2	-19999.0	20000.0
<DEV SCALE>		
CH1	-19999.0	20000.0
CH2	-19999.0	20000.0

◀ SUB

<Figure 5.4.1> Display SCALE Setting Screen

**You can set the scale for PV and DEV graph display for the screen described in 5.2 MON SUB Screen.**

(1) You can set lower and upper limit value for the PV SCALE of the CH1 and CH2.

(2) You can set lower and upper limit value for the DEV SCALE of the CH1 and CH2.

### **Setting Order**

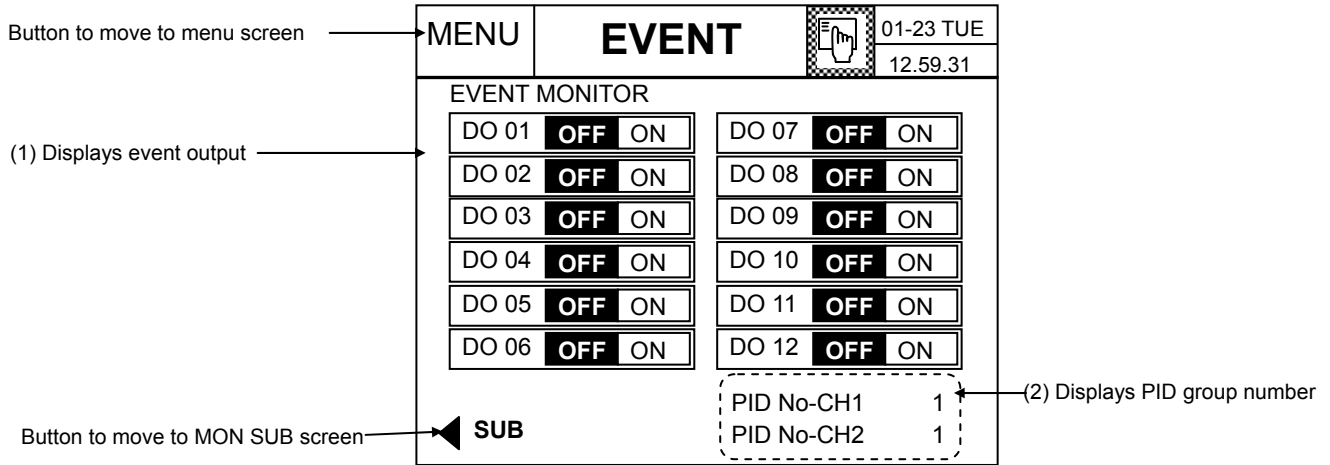
If you press the button in the screen, the numeric keypad will appear at the right side. Press the Ent key to update your setting, or press the Esc key to cancel updating.



---

## 5.5 EVENT screen

This screen displays the event output status that you have set.(Event monitor screen)



<Figure 5.4.1> Event Screen

### (1) Displaying the event output

- Displays the event output status that you have set.
- Display of the output status varies according to the event operation that you have set in the FIX SET or the program segment. If the output is available currently, the "ON" will be highlighted.

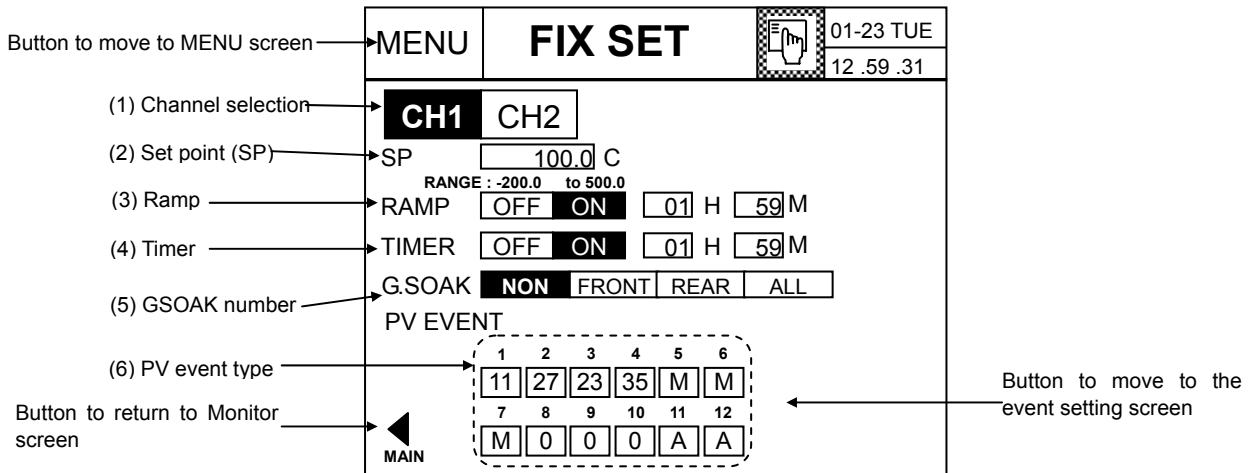
### (2) Displaying the PID group number

- Displays the PID group number that is applied to each channel.

## 5.6 FIX SET screen

You can perform fix control in this screen.


To invoke the fix control setting screen, the control method should be FIX in the operation setting screen and the **FIX** button should be pressed in MONITOR screen.



<Figure 5.6.1> FIX SET Screen

<Set point (SP)> : Temperature set point each channel.

<Ramp>: You can set the ramp of rising (or declining) from the present value to the target SP, or the time to reach to the target SP. When the target temperature is reached, fix control will be carried out. Set to OFF if you don't need to raise or decline to the specific ramp.



**No Setting**  
 You cannot change (5) GSOAK number during operation. Additionally, if the FIX TIMER is on and running, all section except (1), (6) will be disabled.

(1) Channel selection : It is available for IPC5000D.

---

## Setting Order

(1) Select the channel. It is available for IPC5000D.

- The data of the highlighted channel will be displayed.
- When you press this button, the channel will be changed and the modified section will be highlighted

(2) Setting the temperature SP

- If you press the section (2), the numeric keypad will appear.
- Input the temperature set point and press the Ent key to update the settings. Otherwise, press the Esc key to cancel.

(3) RAMP ON/OFF and RAMP rate setting

- OFF  ON setting: Select  ON to make the SP value to reach to the target value while having the ramp. If you don't need the RAMP, select  OFF.
- Setting RAMP rate

Two setting methods are available.

◆ RAMP rate per unit hour to reach to the set point (SP)

RAMP  OFF  ON  C/min

Rise or decline by 9.9C per minute to the set point (SP).

- Setting range: 0.0 ~ 9.9

◆ Time to reach to the set point (SP)

RAMP  OFF  ON  H  M

Rise or decline from SP to the set point (SP) for 1 hour and 59 minutes.

- Setting range: 00H 00M ~ 99H 59M or 00M 00S ~ 99M 59S

(4) FIX TIMER ON/OFF and setting time

- OFF  ON setting: If you need the control time, select  ON. Otherwise, select  OFF.
- Setting the fix control time

If you press the  in the section (4), the keypad will appear. Press the ENT key to update the settings.

Or, press the Esc key to cancel updating.

Setting range: 00H 00M ~ 99H 59M or 00M 00S ~ 99M 59S

(5) Setting GSOAK wait function

- You can set GSOAK wait function to control the current value (PV) is within  $\pm$ WAIT value of the set point (SP). (See 7.6 WAIT SET for more details.)

**NONE** – Do not check for the G.SOAK wait.

**FRONT** wait check–check before the FIX timer is started.

**REAR** wait check –check after the operating time is terminated.

**ALL** wait check –check during the operation.

(6) Setting the PV event

- Set the event for each DO number for fix control.

UP to 12 PV events can be entered into each channel.

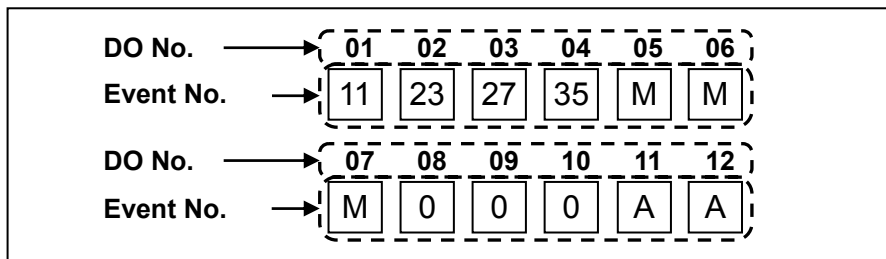
**Ex1. Example of allocating the event to the digital output**

In case of Asynchronous mode, assuming that all the digital outputs are assigned to CH1.

Allocation of events: Three mode event, two alarm event, four PV event and three event off.

For IPC5000S, events are assigned to CH1.

Digital Output No.	Event No.	Event Type	Setting Items
1	11	PV event PV-ABS-LOW (CH 1)	The Event number to allocate in PV EVENT set screen shows.(Refer to the scetion 5.6)
2	23	PV event SP-ABS-HIGH (CH 1)	
2	27	PV event SP-DEV-ON (CH 1)	
3	35	PV event MV-ABS-LOW (CH 1)	
5	M	RUN	Mode: RUN MODE ASSIGN : 5
6	M	END	Mode: END MODE ASSIGN : 6
7	M	DOWN	Mode: DOWN MODE ASSIGN : 7
8	0	Not used	
9	0	Not used	
10	0-	Not used	
11	A	Alarm event	ALM ASSIGN : 11
12	A	Alarm event	ALM ASSIGN : 12



<Figure 5.6.2> Allocation of events for digital output

- Setting: Press the  in the section (6) to set the individual event. (see the 'PV EVENT –FIX' screen)  
Then, the screen will be switched so that the individual event can be set with the currently selected DO number.



### No Setting

The PV event cannot be set for the DO terminal registered in the MODE event or ALARM event or PWM for control. The following symbol will appear.

**A** : DO terminal is used by the alarm event.

**M** : DO terminal is used by the mode event.

**R** : DO terminal is used for control output.

- There is an input limitation for the asynchronous mode because the certain number of DO are allocated for each channel. If the DO number to set goes off the range of the digital output channel adjustment, the PV event cannot be set. (See the Installation Manual 3.17 SYSTEM SET for more details.)
- Time event is not set.



## Reference

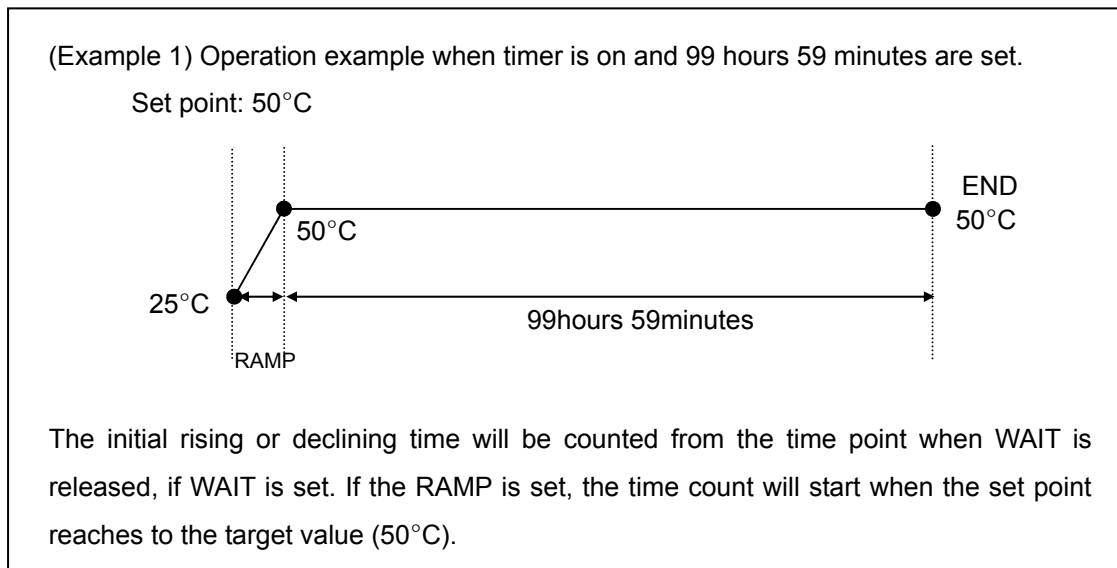
[FIX control timer function]

### What is FIX TIMER?

For normal fix control, the temperature setting is maintained before operation with that temperature setting is stopped. However, if the timer is set, operation will continue for the defined period of time and stopped. (Useful for the case that temperature should be maintained for a certain period of time.)

When the timer is set for the previous fix control setting (FIX SET) screen as shown in the (4) of the following Figure, normal fix control operation will be activated if you set the button to OFF. Or, if you set to ON, fix control timer operation will continue as long as the time set at the right side.

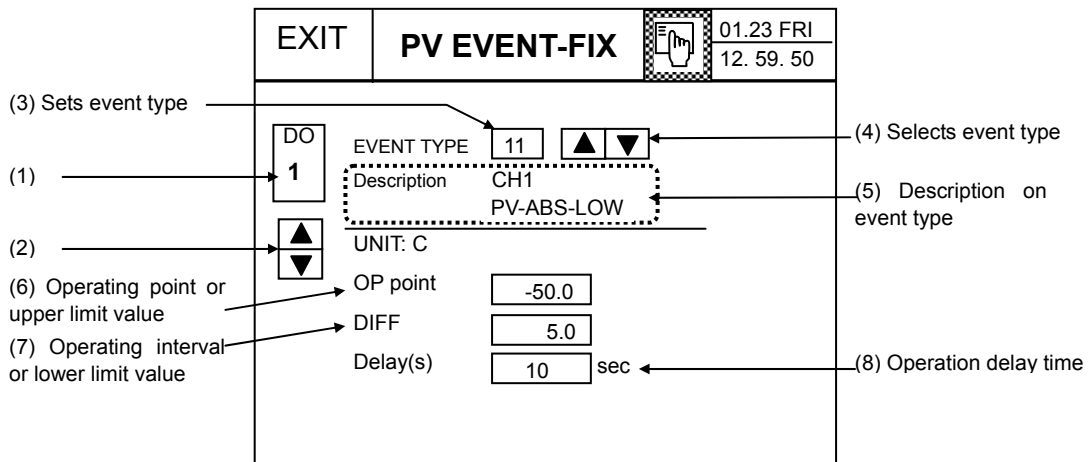
Current value: 25°C



<Figure 5.6.3 > Control operation by FIX TIMER setting

## 5.7 PV EVENT-FIX

You can set the **PV event** when performing fix control in this screen.



<Figure 5.7.1> PV Event Setting Screen

- (1) Button to set directly the **DO number for editing**.
- (2) **DO selection button** for editing
- (3) Button to set directly the EVENT TYPE number.
- (4) Selection button of EVENT type number for editing

### Setting Order

- (1) Set the DO number for editing.
  - (1-1) Setting the DO number directly
    - When you press the button(1), the numeric keypad will appear at the right. Set the number directly.
    - Setting range: 1 ~ 12
  - (1-2) Select the DO number
    - Press the **▲ ▼** button in the button (2) to select the DO number.
    - The DO number will increase by 1 each time you press the **▲** button.
    - The DO number will decrease by 1 each time you press the **▼** button.
- (2) Set the event type number
  - (2-1) Setting the event type number directly.
    - When you press the  button on the button (3), the keypad will appear at the right. Set the number directly.
    - Range : 0, 11 ~ 38 (excluding 19, 20, 29 and 30). However, 0 means event off.  
For even number, it is not available for IPC5000S.  
Refer to the Table 5.7 for more details.
  - (2-2) Selecting the event type number
    - Press the **▲ ▼** button in the section (4) to select the event type number.

---

< IPC5000D >

◆ In Asynchronous mode

- The event type number will increase/decrease by 2 each time you press the  /  button.

◆ In Synchronous mode,

- The event type number will increase/decrease by 1 each time you press the  /  button.

< IPC5000S >

- The event type number will increase/decrease by 2 each time you press the  /  button.

- The following Figure shows how to set the event and the event is displayed by the type number.

EVENT TYPE	<input type="text" value="11"/>	<input type="button" value="▲"/> / <input type="button" value="▼"/>
Description	CH1 PV-ABS-LOW	
UNIT: C		
OP point	<input type="text" value="-50.0"/>	
DIFF	<input type="text" value="5.0"/>	
Delay(s)	<input type="text" value="10"/>	sec

EVENT TYPE	<input type="text" value="25"/>	<input type="button" value="▲"/> / <input type="button" value="▼"/>
Description	CH1 SP-DEV-OFF	
UNIT: C		
MAX VALUE	<input type="text" value="50.0"/>	
MIN VALUE	<input type="text" value="5.0"/>	
Delay(s)	<input type="text" value="10"/>	sec

<Figure 5.7.2> Event setup Screen

(3) Description on the event type (See the Table 5.7)

- Provides the detailed description on the selected type number.

(4) Set the operating '**OP-point**' and the '**MAX VALUE**'

- Press the button (6) to set the operating point and the maximum value. The setting range differs depending on the target value and the operating point.

(5) Set the operating differential(**DIFF**) or '**MIN VALUE**'

- Press the button (7) to set the deviation and minimum value. The set range differs depending on the target value and the operating point.

(6) Set the **Delay(s)**(delay time)

- Press the button (8) to set the operating delay time.



**Table 5.7.1 PV Event Flowchart**

Target	Type	Channel	Description	Operating Target Value	Operating Interval	Delay Time
PV Process Value	11/12	CH1/CH2	PV-ABS-LOW	-19999~20000	0~1000SPU	0~99sec
	13/14	CH1/CH2	PV-ABS-HIGH	-19999~20000	0~1000SPU	0~99sec
	15/16	CH1/CH2	PV-DEV-LOW	-19999~20000	0~1000SPU	0~99sec
	17/18	CH1/CH2	PV-DEV-HIGH	-19999~20000	0~1000SPU	0~99sec
SP Set point	21/22	CH1/CH2	SP-ABS-LOW	-19999~20000	0~1000SPU	0~99sec
	23/24	CH1/CH2	SP-ABS-HIGH	-19999~20000	0~1000SPU	0~99sec
MV Output Value	31/32	CH1/CH2	MV-ABS-LOW	-5.0 ~ 105.0 %	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0~99sec
	33/34	CH1/CH2	MV-ABS-HIGH	-5.0 ~ 105.0 %	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0~99sec

Target	Type	Channel	Description	Upper Value	Lower Value	Delay Time
SP Set point	25/26	CH1/CH2	SP-DEV-OFF	-19999~20000	-19999~20000	0~99sec
	27/28	CH1/CH2	SP-DEV-ON	-19999~20000	-19999~20000	0~99sec
DV Segment Target Value	31/32	CH1/CH2	DV-DEV-OFF	-19999~20000	-19999~20000	0~99sec
	33/34	CH1/CH2	DV-DEV-ON	-19999~20000	-19999~20000	0~99sec

(NOTE 1) When setting the lower/upper limit value, the upper limit value should be greater than the lower one.

(NOTE 2) See the Table 5.7.2 in the next page for details on PV event On/Off operation algorithm.

**Table 5.7.2 PV Event On/Off Operation Algorithm**

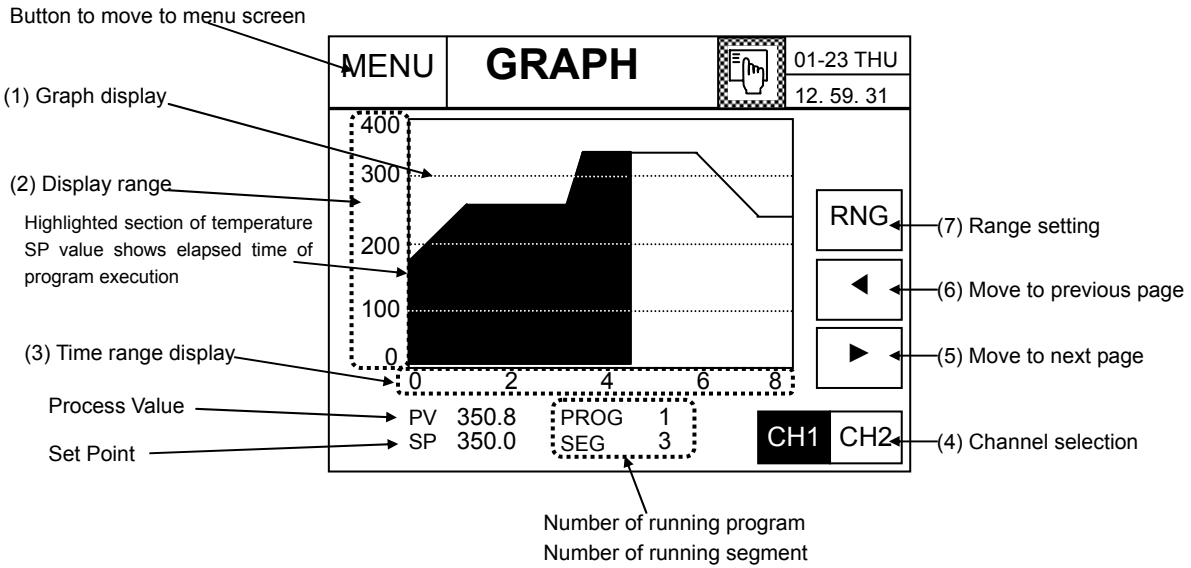
No	Description	Data Setting Range	No	Description	Data Setting Range
11 12	<p>PV-ABS-LOW</p>	<p>DIFF (0~1000SPU) OP point (-19999~20000)</p>	21 22	<p>SP-ABS-LOW</p>	<p>DIFF (0~1000SPU) OP point (-19999~20000)</p>
13 15	<p>PV-ABS-HIGH</p>	<p>DIFF (0~1000SPU) OP point (-19999~20000)</p>	23 24	<p>SP-ABS-HIGH</p>	<p>DIFF (0~1000SPU) OP point (-19999~20000)</p>
15 16	<p>PV-DEV-LOW</p> <p>Deviation = SP+OP SP: Variable set point (Working SP)</p>	<p>DIFF (0~1000SPU) OP point (-19999~20000)</p>	25 26	<p>SP-DEV-OFF</p> <p>If SP is between upper and lower limit value, it is OFF. Otherwise, it is ON. SP: Variable set point (Working SP)</p>	<p>Max. (-19999~20000) min. (-19999~20000)</p>
17 18	<p>PV-DEV-HIGH</p> <p>Deviation = SP+OP SP: Variable set point (Working SP)</p>	<p>DIFF (0~1000SPU) OP point (-19999~20000)</p>	27 28	<p>SP-DEV-ON</p> <p>If SP is between upper and lower limit value, it is ON. Otherwise, it is OFF. SP: Variable set point (Working SP)</p>	<p>Max. (-19999~20000) min. (-19999~20000)</p>
35 36	<p>MV-ABS-LOW</p>	<p>DIFF (0.0~100.0%) OP point (-5.0~105.0%)</p>	31 32	<p>DV-DEV-OFF</p> <p>If DV is between upper and lower limit value, it is OFF. Otherwise, it is ON. DV: Destination Value</p>	<p>Max. (-19999~20000) min. (-19999~20000)</p>
37 38	<p>MV-ABS-HIGH</p>	<p>DIFF (0.0~100.0%) OP point (-5.0~105.0%)</p>	33 34	<p>DV-DEV-ON</p> <p>If DV is between upper and lower limit value, it is ON. Otherwise, it is OFF. DV: Destination Value</p>	<p>Max. (-19999~20000) min. (-19999~20000)</p>

For even number, it is not available for IPC5000S.

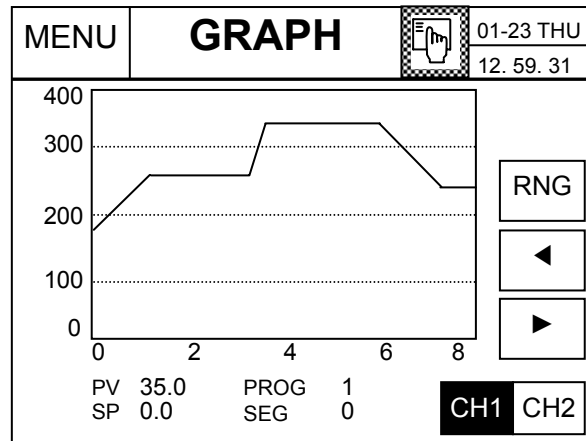
# 6. GRAPH

## 6.1 GRAPH Screen

### 6.1.1 Program control



<Figure 6.1.1> Graph Display while Program is Running



<Figure 6.1.2> Graph Screen in the STOP Mode

- (1) Displays the graph screen.
- (2) Displays the SP range.
  - The range set in the 6.2 Range Setting Screen will be displayed with 4 equal parts.
- (3) Displays the time range.
  - The range set in the 6.2 Range Setting Screen will be displayed with 4 equal parts.
- (4) Button to select a channel. It is available for IPC5000D.

---

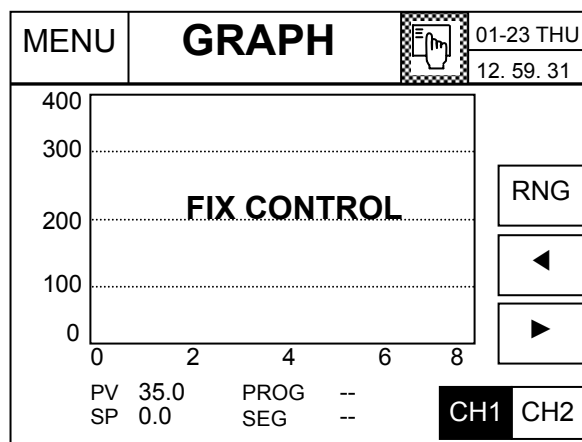
(5) Moves to the next screen.

(6) Moves to the previous page.

(7) Button to move to the screen that sets time or scale for SP.

---

## 6.1.2 Fix control

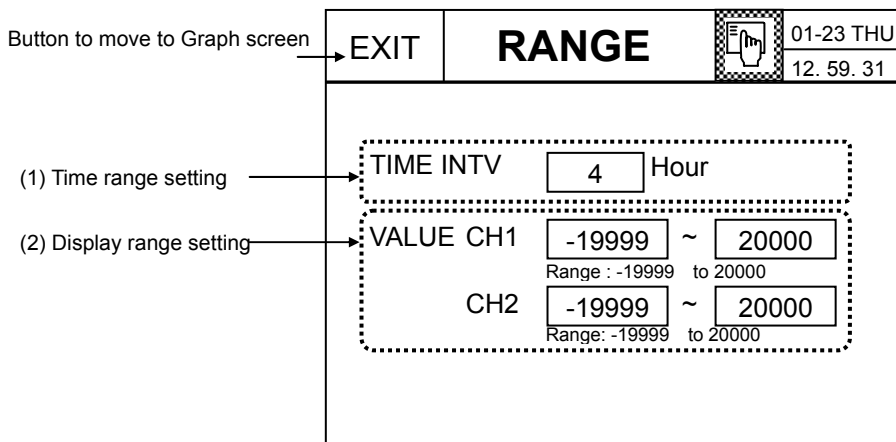


<Figure 6.1.3> Graph Display for Fix Control

\* Unavailable if the current channel is in fix control.

---

## 6.2 RANGE set



<Figure 6.2.1> Range Set Screen

### Setting Order

#### (1) Setting the time range

- When you press the button (1) in the Figure 6.2.1, the keypad will be displayed at the bottom.
- Set the time value and press the ENT key to set. To cancel, press the ESC key.

Setting range: 4~240

#### (2) Setting the display range

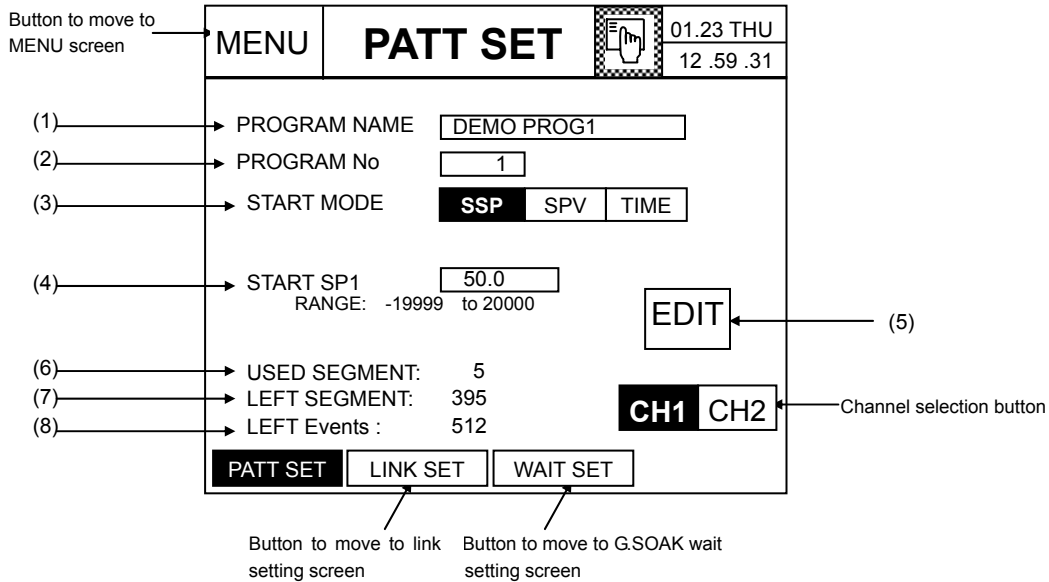
- When you press the button (2) in the Figure 6.2.1, the keypad will be displayed at the bottom.
- Input the value and press the ENT key to update. To cancel, press the ESC key.

## 7. Program Setting

### 7.1 PATT SET Screen


#### 7.1.1 Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

Press the **PROGRAM** button shown in the 'MENU' to move to the following screen.



<Figure 7.1.1> Program Setting Screen

For channel selection, it is available for IPC5000D.

 **No Setting**

- You cannot change (3) and (4) if the program number is included in the link group or the currently running program.
- You can change the value for other program number, or in the fix controller operation or STOP mode.

#### (6) Number of registered segment

- Displays the number of segments that are registered in the current program.

#### (7) Number of remained segment

- Displays the total of segment that can be registered for the currently selected channel.
- **IPC5000D** : CH1 and CH2 can have up to 400 segments respectively. The total segment deducted from (6) will be displayed for each channel.

**IPC5000S** : It has up to 800segments. The total segment deducted from (6) will be displayed.

#### (8) Number of remained event

- Display the total of event that can be registered.

---

## Setting Order

### (1) Displaying and setting the **PROGRAM NAME**

#### (1-1) Displaying the program name

- The program name that is set in the Figure 7.1.1 (2) will be displayed.

#### (1-2) Setting the **PROGRAM NAME**

- Press the  button in the Figure 7.1.1 (1) to move to the **PGM NAME** setting (PGM NAME) screen.

### (2) Setting the **PROGRAM number**

- Input the program number to change
- When you press the  button in the Figure 7.1.1 (2), the keypad will be displayed at the right side. Input the program number and press the Ent key to update, or press the Esc key to cancel updating.
- Setting range

**IPC5000D** : You can set the following range for each channel.

CH1: 0 ~ 15

CH2: 16 ~ 30

**IPC5000S** : you can set 0 to 31.

### (3) Setting the program **START MODE**

- Sets the program **START MODE**.
- Press the  button in the Figure 7.1.1 (3) to select one of the following three **Start Mode**.

MODE	Description
<b>SSP</b>	Program starts from Start SP1 and proceeds to the segment #0.
<b>SPV</b>	Proceeds from the current PV value to the program target segment number according to the condition.
<b>TIME</b>	Starts from the temporary point of the current PV and proceeds to the #0 segment of the program.

- Refer to the "Program start mode" for more details.

### (4) Setting the program starting SP

- Sets the program starting SP (**START SP1**).
- The Start SP1 will appear when START MODE is SSP or SPV.

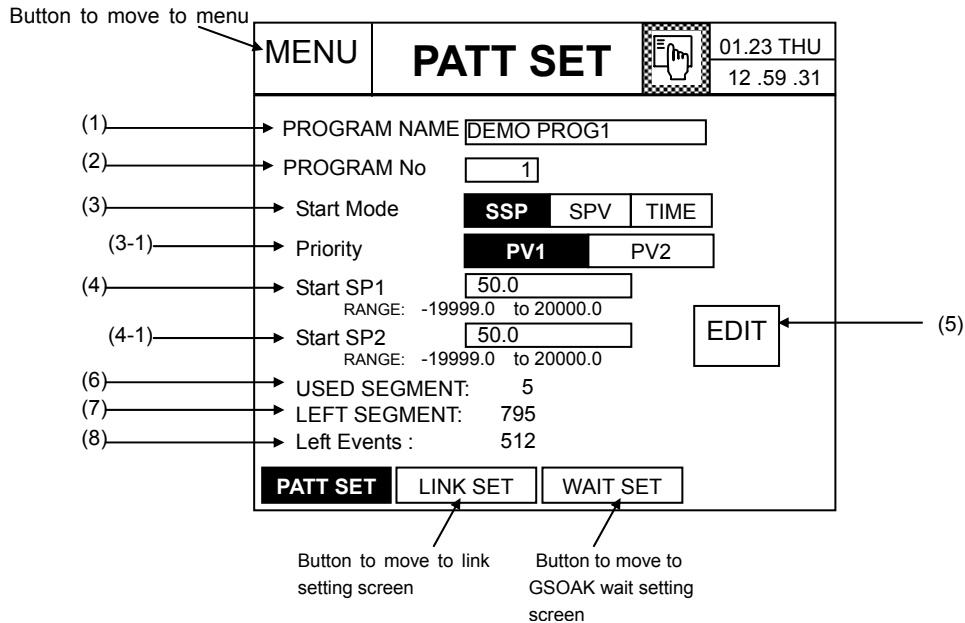
### (5) Setting the segment

- Press the  **EDIT** button to set the program segment. Then, the segment setting screen will appear.



## 7.1.2 Synchronous mode-IPC5000D

It is available for IPC5000D.



<Figure 7.1.2> Program Setting Screen (Synchronous Mode)



### No Setting

- You cannot change (3), (3-1) and (4) if the program number is included in the link group or the currently running program.
- You can change the value for other program number, or in the fix controller operation or STOP mode.

\* Refer to the 7.2.1.1 Asynchronous mode section for other settings and button operation.

---

## Setting Order

(1) Displaying and setting the **PROGRAM NAME**

(2) Setting the **PROGRAM number**

(3) Setting the program **START MODE**

(3-1) Program **START MODE**

Mode	Description	
SSP	Program starts from Start SP1 and Start SP2 and proceeds to the segment #0.	
SPV	Proceeds from the current PV value to the program target segment number according to the condition.	
	PV1	Starts by searching the target segment by condition based on CH1 PV.
	PV2	Starts by searching the target segment by condition based on CH2 PV.
TIME	Starts from the temporary point of the current PV and proceeds to the segment #0 of the program.	

- Refer to the “Program **Start mode**” for more details.

(4) Setting the program Starting set point

- Sets the **START SP1** and **START SP2** for each channel in the current program

(5) Setting the segment

- Press the **EDIT** button to set the program segment. Then, the segment setting screen will appear.

(6) Number of registered segment

- Displays the number of segments that are registered in the current program.

(7) Number of remained segment

- Displays the number of segment that can be registered. The maximum number is 800.

\*\* Refer to the 7.1.1 Asynchronous Mode for more details on other button operation and setting.



## Reference

### [Program Start Mode]

- Definition of the condition at the time of program starting

Asynchronous mode: Different program starting conditions apply for each channel.

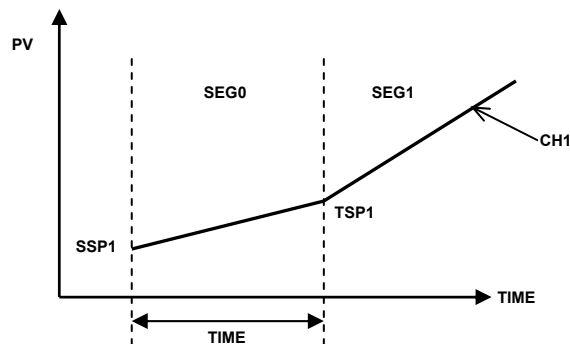
Synchronous mode: The target Set point (SP) of CH1 and CH2 in the program is synchronous so that the same conditions apply.

#### (1) START MODE = SSP (Starting the program from Start SP)

The program starts from Start SP1 and Start SP2 and proceeds to the segment #0 as shown in the Figure 7.1.3. At that time, the operation is delayed until PV reach to SP.

$$\text{Ramp rate} = [\text{Target SP} - \text{Start SP}] / [\text{Segment TIME}]$$

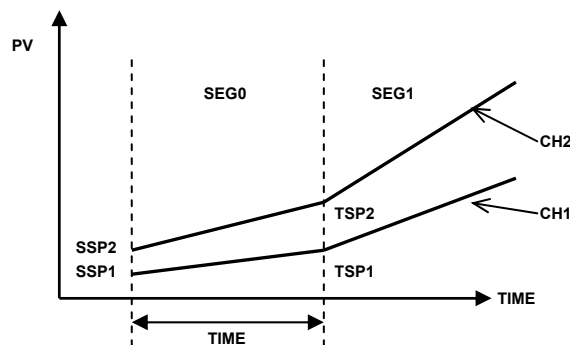
- (i) Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S



<Figure 7.1.3(a)> Starts from the Start SP.

SSP1: Start SP1 , TSP1: Target SP for each channel

- (ii) Synchronous mode-IPC5000D



<Figure 7.1.3(b)> Starts from the Start SP.

SSP1: Start SP1, SSP2: Start SP2

TSP1, TSP2: Target SP for each channel



(2) Start Mode=SPV

Starts from the target segment number (starting point) depending on the condition, based on PV1.

(2-1) Starts from PV if the maintenance sector exists in the segment #1.

(a) Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

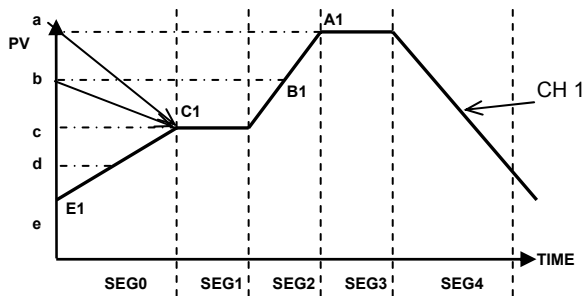


Table 7.1

CH	PV	Starting Point
A		C1
B		C1
C		C1
D		D1
E		E1(SSP1)

<Figure 7.1.4(a)> Starting form PV

SSP1: Start SP1, TSP1 : Target SP1

(b) Synchronous mode-IPC5000D

**Starts from CH1 PV if the SOAK segment exists in CH1.** (Priority =PV1)

Starts with the next segment number by applying slope of the CH1 PV first. (e.g., segment #1)

e.g.,) If the position of CH1 PV is "c", CH1 proceeds to C1 and CH2 proceeds to C2 segment simultaneously.

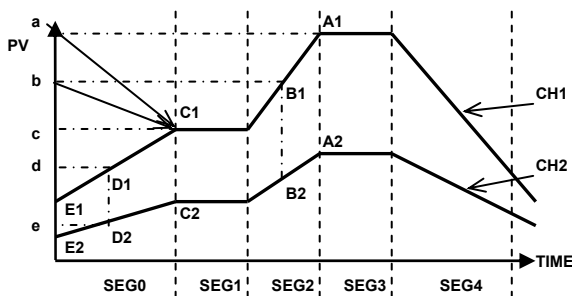


Table 7.2

PV1 Position	CH1 Starting Point	CH2 Starting Point
a	C1	C2
b	C1	C2
c	C1	C2
d	D1	D2
e	E1(SSP1)	E2(SSP2)

<Figure 7.1.4(b)> Starting from PV

SSP1: Start SP1 SSP2: Start SP2



(2-2) Start from PV if the SOAK segment exists

(a) Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

If the SOAK segment is located at segment number 2 or higher.

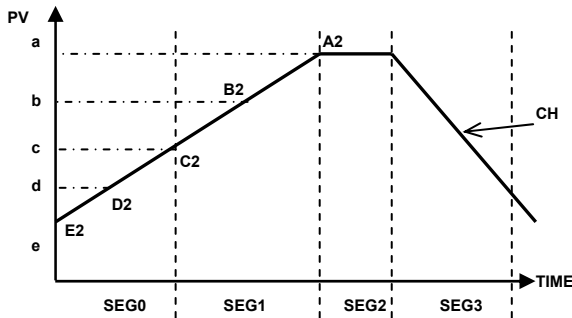


Table 7.3

PV Point	Starting Point
a	A2
b	B2
c	C2
d	D2
e	E2(SSP2)

<Figure 7.1.4(c)> Starting from PV

(b) Synchronous mode-IPC5000D

i) Start from CH2 PV if CH2 contains the SOAK segment (Priority=PV2)

Start from PV2 with the next segment number by applying ramp rate of the CH2 PV first.

e.g.,) If CH2 PV position is "a", CH2 starts from A2 and CH1 starts from A1.

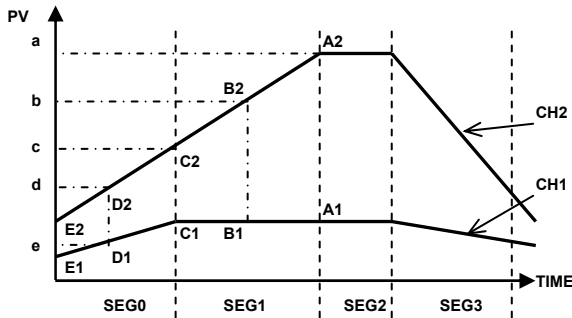


Table 7.4

PV2 Point	CH 2 Starting Point	CH 1 Starting Point
a	A2	A1
b	B2	B1
c	C2	C1
d	D2	D1
e	E2(SSP2)	E1(SSP1)

<Figure 7.1.4(d)> Starting from PV

(ii) Start from CH2 PV if CH2 doesn't contain the SOAK segment. (Priority=PV2)

Start from PV2 with the next segment by applying ramp rate of the CH2 PV first.

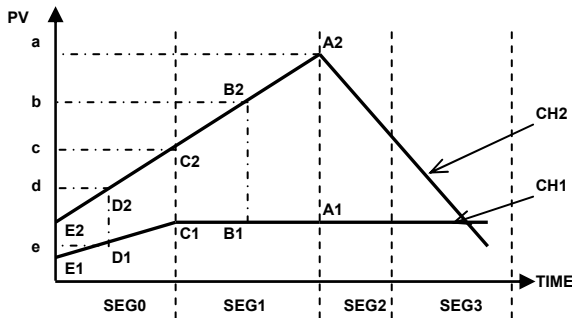


Table 7.5

PV2 Point	CH 2 Starting Point	CH 1 Starting Point
a	A2	A1
b	B2	B1
c	C2	C1
d	D2	D1
e	E2(SSP2)	E1(SSP1)

<Figure 7.1.4(e)> Starting from PV



(2-3) Starting the program having the rising ramp only

(a) Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

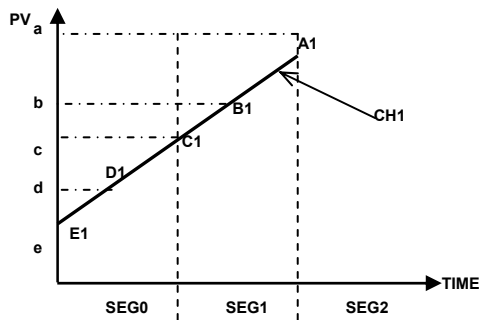


Table 7.6

PV Point	Starting Point
a	Not started
b	B1
c	C1
d	D1
e	E1 (SSP1)

<Figure 7.1.5(a)> Starting the program if only the rising ramp is available

(b) Synchronous mode (Priority=PV1)-IPC5000D

If CH1 in the program has the rising ramp only, it moves to the next segment based on CH1.

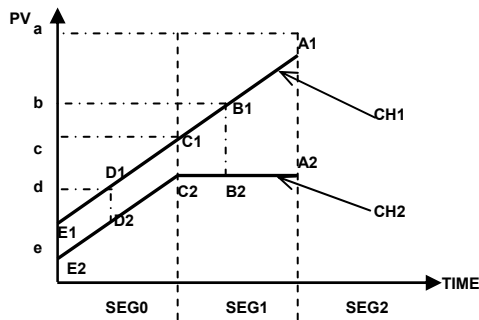


Table 7.7

PV1 Point	CH 2 Starting Point	CH 1 Starting Point
a	Not started	Not started
b	B1	B2
c	C1	C2
d	D1	D2
e	E1 (SSP1)	E2 (SSP2)

<Figure 7.1.5(b)> Starting from PV1 if only rising ramp is available



### (3) Start Mode=TIME

The program starts from segment #0 of the PV position.

$$\text{RAMP rate} = [\text{Target SP} - \text{Process value (PV)}] / \text{Segment Time}$$

The actual ramp can be displayed differently depending on the time setting by RAMP Unit.

#### (a) Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

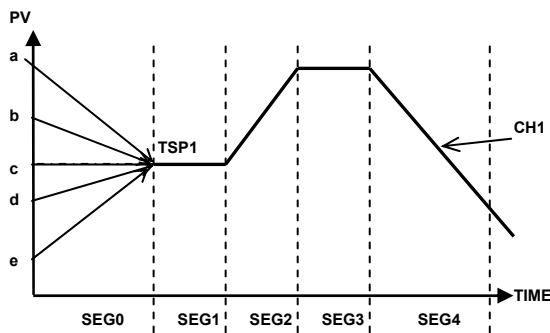


Table 7.8

PV Point	CH Starting Point
a	a
b	b1
c	c1
d	d1
e	e1 (SSP1)

<Figure 7.1.6 (a)> Starting from the Temporary PV

#### (b) Synchronous mode-IPC5000D

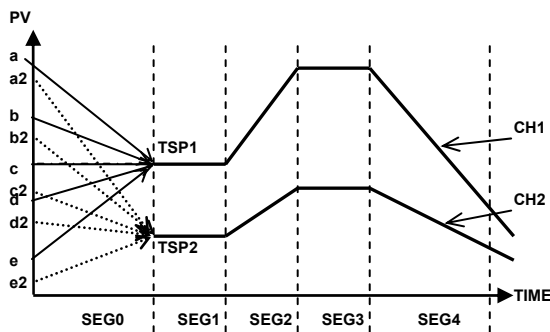


Table 7.9

PV Point	CH1 Starting Point	CH 2 Starting Point
a	a	a2
b	b1	b2
c	c1	c2
d	d1	d2
e	e1 (SSP1)	e2 (SSP2)

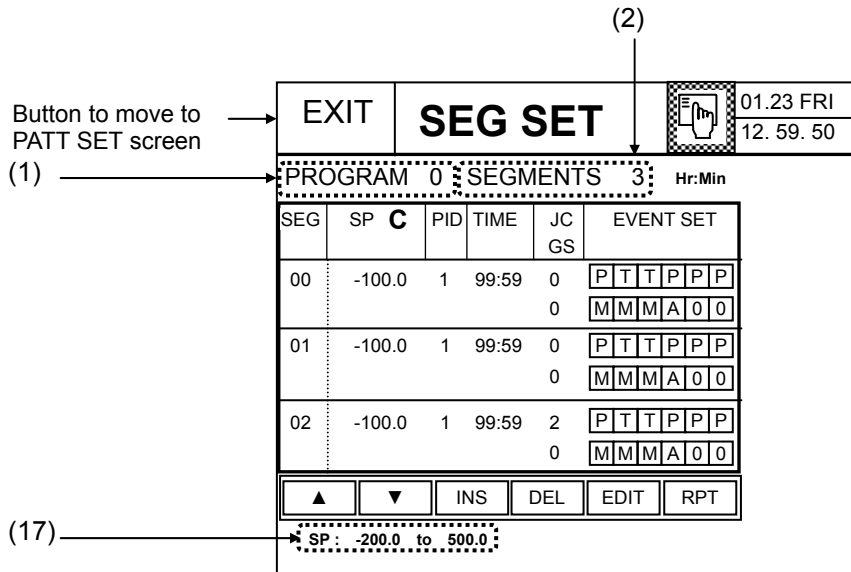
<Figure 7.1.6 (b)> Starting from the PV

## 7.2 Segment Editing(SEG SET screen)

When you press the **EDIT** button in PATT SET screen, the screen as shown in the Figure 7.2.1 will appear. You can set the program in this screen – programming each segment data (target set point, operating time, junction code, GSOAK wait and event) by the program number, and setting the total number of repetition of the current program and the number of repetition of the specific segment.

### 7.2.1 Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

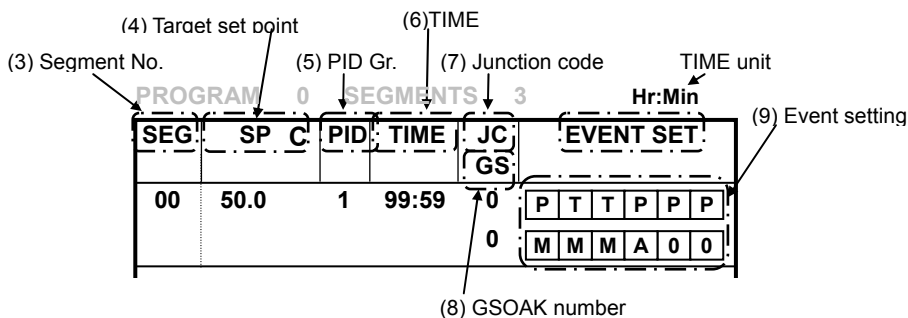
#### 7.2.1.1 CHANNEL 1



<Figure 7.2.1> Displaying the Segment Data (CH1)

- (1) Displays the number of setting programs.
- (2) Displays the number of total registered segments.

#### ◆ Displaying the segment data



<Figure 7.2.1.1(a)> Segment Components

- (3) Displays the segment sequence number.
  - Displays 3 segments per page.

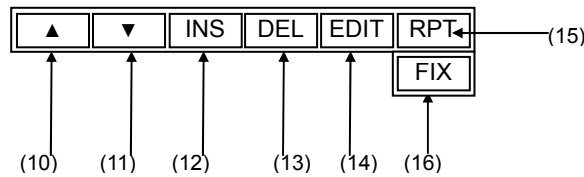


- 
- (4) Displays the target set point, and temperature and other unit of the channel that is currently being set.
  - (5) The PID item will appear if the **SEGMENT** is selected for PID group type.

**The following section describes the case that the selected PID group is in segment.**

- (6) Segment operation time.
- (7) Junction code for operation at the time of segment completion.
- (8) Displays the number for the GSOAK wait function.
- (9) The number of segment event output operation.

◆ Displaying the editing buttons



<Figure 7.2.1.1(b)> Segment Editing Buttons

- (10) Displays the previous page.
- (11) Displays the next page.
- (12) **INS**: Inserts the segment.
- (13) **DEL**: Deletes the segment.
- (14) **EDIT**: Starts segment editing.
- (15) Button to move to the repetition setting screen.
- (16) Button to move to the fix control setting screen. (See the junction code)
- (17) Displays the SP setting range by channel.



**No Setting**

**(12), (13) and (14) buttons are not allowed to use.**

- You cannot use program number if it is included in the link group or the currently running program.
- You can change the value for other program number, or in the fix controller operation or STOP mode.

## 7.2.1.2 CHANNEL 2 (CH2)-IPC5000D

It is available for IPC5000D in case of Asynchronous mode.

(2) Total number of segments

Button to move to PATT SET screen

(1) Current program number

(9) Event setting

SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00	-100.0	1	99:59	0	0	P T T P P P M M M A 0 0
01	-100.0	1	99:59	0	0	P T T P P P M M M A 0 0
02	-100.0	1	99:59	0	0	P T T P P P M M M A 0 0

EXIT    **SEG SET**    01.23 FRI  
12. 59. 50

PROGRAM 16 SEGMENTS 4 Hr:Min

▲ ▼ INS DEL EDIT RPT

SP: -200.0 to 500.0

<Figure 7.2.1.2> Displaying the Segment Data (CH2)

(1) The program number display starts from 16.

(9) The display of events may be different depending on the allocation of digital output.

\* Refer to the '7.2.1.1 CHANNEL 1' section for other settings and button operation.

## Setting Order

- (1) Start program editing by pressing the **EDIT** button of (12) as shown at the bottom of the Figure 7.2.1.
- (2) When you press the EDIT button, the numeric keypad will appear, and the setting cursor will be located at the temperature Set point (**SP**) of the segment #0, as shown in the Figure 7.2.1. If the current program doesn't have any segment data at all, all initialized data will be inserted and displayed as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.3. Additionally, the number in the "SEGMENTS" section (2) in the Figure 7.2.1, will increase by 1.

PROGRAM		0		SEGMENTS		4		Hr:Min				
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC	GS	EVENT SET					
00	■	0.0	1	0:00	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P
						0	M	M	M	A	0	0

Cursor →

<Figure 7.2.1.3> Setting Segment Data

- (3) To set the segment data or to move the setting cursor, press the arrow key on the numeric keypad or the **Ent** key. If the input data remains in the allowable range, the value will be accepted and the cursor moves to the next column. Otherwise, the cursor will remain in the current position. To cancel data input, press the **Esc** key.

(3-1) Cursor movement inside the segment

- ▶ To move the cursor without data input, press the arrow key you want.
- ▶ To move the cursor after saving the data, press the ENT key or the arrow key.

① ENT key : The input data will be updated and the setting cursor moves to the next input position.

If the setting cursor is located at the JC position of the segment, it will move as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.4 (a), (b), (c) and (d).

PROGRAM		0		SEGMENTS		4		Hr:Min				
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC	GS	EVENT SET					
00	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P
						0	M	M	M	A	0	0

① → JC  
② → GS  
③ → EVENT SET

<Figure 7.2.1.4 (a)> Cursor Movement in the Segment

When you press the ENT button at the Figure 7.2.1.4 (a) ① position , the cursor moves to the position ②. When you press the ENT button again, the cursor moves to the position ③. If the position to move is set with mode event or alarm event, the cursor moves to the next available position automatically as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.4 (b). If the setting cursor moves to the position ③ - the event set area, the separate screen for event setting will appear as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.4 (c).

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 4						Hr:Min
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	M T T P P P M M M A 0 0

<Figure 7.2.1.4 (b)> Cursor Movement in Segment Setting

EXIT		SEG EDIT		01.23 FRI		
PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 4 Hr:Min						
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00						EVENT TYPE 0
01						
02						

<Figure 7.2.1.4 (c)> Event Setting Screen

If all events are set as mode or alarm events, the cursor will move to the position ②, when the ENT button is pressed at the position ① in the Figure 7.2.1.4 (d).

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 4						Hr:Min
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	M M M A A A M M M A M M
00	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	M M M A A A M M M A M M

<Figure 7.2.1.4 (d)> Cursor Movement in Segment Setting

② Arrow key

(a) **Left/Right (←,→) key** sets the input data and moves the cursor to the left/right direction. If no input data is available at the current position, the cursor moves to the next position without data setting. The cursor moves within the segment that it currently locates only.

If the cursor is located at ① or ② as shown in Figure 7.2.1.5(b), and the → key is pressed, the cursor moves to the position ③. If the cursor is located at ③, and the ← is pressed, the cursor moves to the

position ❶.

- (b) **Up/Down (↑,↓) key** sets the input data and moves the cursor as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.5 (a) and (b). If no input data is available at the current position, the cursor moves to the next position without data setting. The cursor moves from ❶ to ❷.

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 4 Hr:Min

SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC	GS	EVENT SET											
00	■	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P	M	M	M	A	0	0
00	■	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P	M	M	M	A	0	0

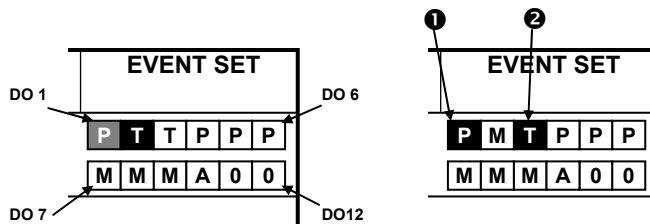
<Figure 7.2.1.5 (a)> Segment Cursor Movement

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 4 Hr:Min

SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC	GS	EVENT SET											
00	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P	M	M	M	A	0	0
00	50.0	1	0:00	0	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P	M	M	M	A	0	0

<Figure 7.2.1.5 (b)> Segment Cursor Movement

- ▶ Press the **←,→** key to complete event data input for the current DO number and move to the next DO number. (See the Figure 7.2.1.5 (c))



<Figure 7.2.1.5 (c)> Segment Cursor Movement

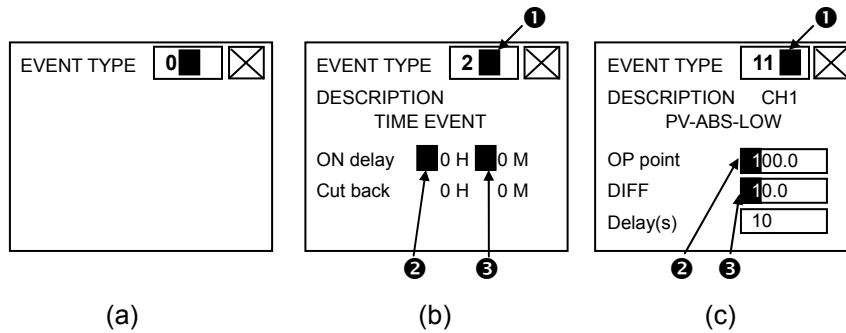
- ▶ If the mode event or alarm event is set for the next DO number, it will be displayed as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.5 (c).

### (3-2) Cursor movement for event setting

The separate screen appears as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.6. The cursor moves when you press the **↑,↓** or **Ent** key on the keypad if the event type is greater than 2. If the input data is within the setting range, the input value will be updated and the cursor moves to the next column. If the data goes off the setting range, the cursor will remain in the current position.

- ▶ Press the  $\uparrow, \downarrow$  key to move the cursor without entering the event data to the current DO number.
- ▶ Press the ENT or  $\uparrow, \downarrow$  key to move the cursor after saving the data.

- ① Ent key: If the input data is within the setting range, the input value will be updated and the cursor moves to the next column. If the data goes off the setting range, the cursor will remain in the current position.
- ② Esc key: If you press the ESC key during data input, setting will be cancelled and the cursor will remain in the current position.
- ③  $\uparrow, \downarrow$  key: Move the cursor to the previous/next position inside the event setting screen only.



<Figure 7.2.1.6> Cursor Movement in the Event Setting Screen

- ▶ Cursor movement in the event setting screen (Figure 7.2.1.6)

The setting cursor won't move in the Figure (a). The setting cursor in the Figure (b) and (C) moves from the position ① to ②, and then ③ when the arrow key or Ent key is pressed.

- ▶ The current DO number in the segment moves from ① to ② in the current segment if the  $\leftarrow, \rightarrow$  key is pressed as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.7. If the Ent key is pressed at the position ①, the cursor will move to the position ③, as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.7. If no registered segment is available after the current segment, one segment will be inserted and the initialized data will be displayed.

PROGRAM		0		SEGMENTS		0		Hr:Min				
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC	GS	EVENT SET					
00	50.0	1		0:00	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P
							M	M	M	A	0	0
00	50.0	1		0:00	0	0	P	T	T	P	P	P
							M	M	M	A	0	0

<Figure 7.2.1.7> Cursor Movement in the Segment

#### (4) Setting the target Set point

- Input the target Set point by using the keypad at the right side and press the ENT or cursor movement key to set. Or, press the Esc key to cancel.
- Sets the value the range as shown at the bottom of the screen as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.1.

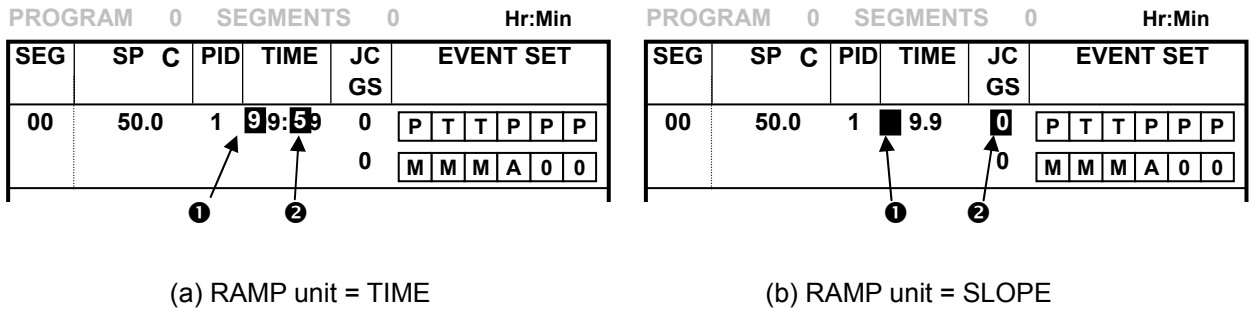
(5) Setting the PID group number

- Input the PID group number to apply to the current segment.
- Range: 1 ~ 8

(6) Setting the operation time

- Input the time if the RAMP unit is TIME, or the ramp rate value if the mode is SLOPE.

(For more details, refer to the **Installation Manual, 3.17 SYSTEM SET.**)



<Figure 7.2.1.8> Time Input

- When you press the Ent or left/right key at the position ❶ in the Figure 7.2.1.8 (a) or (b), the cursor will move to the position ❷.

• Setting range

(a) Time input (TIME) = 00:00 ~ 99:59(Hr:Min or Min:Sec)

(b) Ramp ratio input (SLOPE)= 0.0 ~ 99.99(C/min or F/min or C/sec or F/sec)

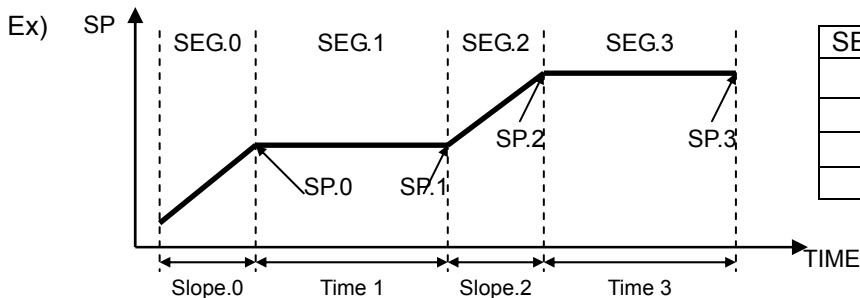
<Reference>

1. When time value is changed slope to time by RAMP unit, the displayed value and operating time is changed by setting range.

Ex) when slope is set to 9.9, the time is 9:59 .

When slope is set to 3.50, the time is 3:50 .

2. when RAMP unit='SLOPE', in case of below pattern, the TIME setting is as following.



SEG No	setting	Remark
0	Slope0	
1	Time1	
2	Slope2	
3	Time3	

Checking : if [SP1-SP0] = 0 → **TIME** setting as SOAK segment.

If [SP2-SP1] < 0 or if [SP2-SP1] > 0 → **SLOPE** setting as tilted segment.

In SOAK segment, if the target SP is changed during setup, it shows the slope value without changing.

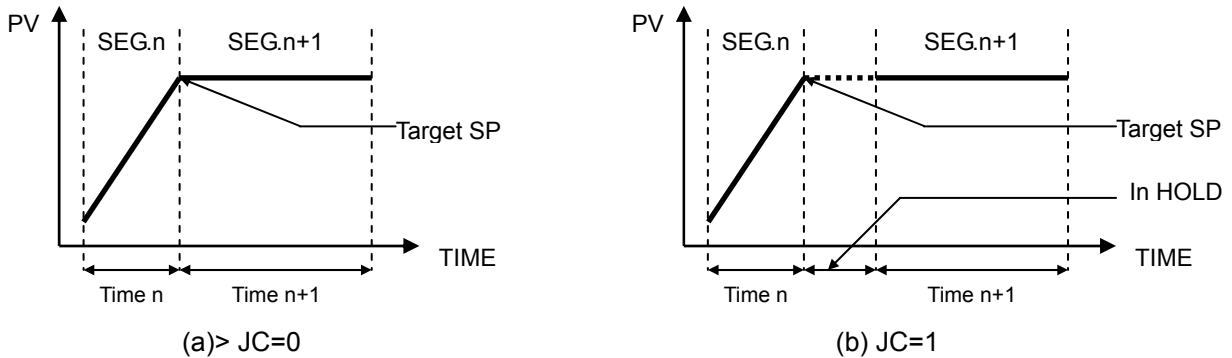
When SOAK time = 1:00, SLOPE value becomes 1.00.

---

(7) Entering the JC (Junction Code)

- **JC=0 : Segment Movement**

Moves to the next segment if the current segment is completed as shown in Figure 7.2.1.9(a). Operation at the last segment will be completed and END is displayed.



<Figure 7.2.1.9> Operation on Junction Code

- **JC=1 : Program Holding**

When the current segment is completed, operation stops temporarily as shown in Fig 7.2.1.9(b) and the HOLD status is displayed as shown in the Figure 3.1.6 (b). Press the RUN button or press the DI2 (HOLD) button for 1 time to release holding, as shown in the Figure 3.1.6 (a).

- **JC=2 : Switching to Fix Control**

When the last segment of the current program is completed, fix control will be engaged. Additionally, the SP Tracking function will be enabled when switched to FIX control. (Refer to the **Installation Manual, 3.17 SYSTEM SET.**)

(8) Setting G.SOAK wait function

- Use this function to suspend control operation until the process value (PV) enters within the  $\pm$ WAIT value of the set point (SP). (See 7.6 WAIT SET for more details.)

- 0 : NONE – Do not check for the G.SOAK wait.

- 1 : FRONT wait check – check before the current segment is started.

- 2 : REAR wait check – check after the target SP is reached and operation time is terminated.

- 3 : ALL wait check – check during the operation.

(9) Setting time and PV event data

- You can set the time or PV event to the DO terminal for event output in time of program control.

- You can input up to 12 time or PV event settings for each channel. (Figure 7.2.1.10)



EXIT		SEG SET				01.23 FRI	
PROGRAM 0		SEGMENTS 3		Hr:Min		0	1
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC	EVENT SET	
					GS		
00				EVENT TYPE	11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	P T T P P P
				DESCRIPTION	CH1		M M M A 0 0
01				PV-ABS-LOW			P T T P P P
				OP point	100.0		M M M A 0 0
				DIFF	10.0		P T T P P P
02				Delay(s)	10		M M M A 0 0
▲		▼		INS	DEL	EDIT	RPT
SP: -200.0 to 500.0							

(17) Close window

<Figure 7.2.1.10> Event Data Setting



### No Setting

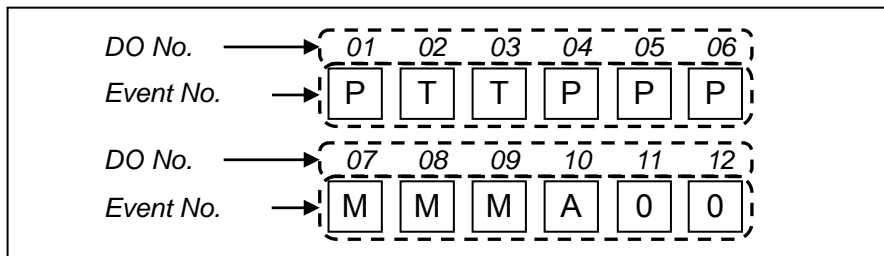
- The PV event cannot be set for the DO terminal registered in the MODE event or ALARM event or PWM for control. The following symbols will appear.
  - A** : DO terminal is used by the alarm event.
  - M** : DO terminal is used by the mode event.
  - R** : DO terminal is used for control output(Either DO1 or DO2 is displayed).
- There is an input limitation for the asynchronous mode because the certain number of DO are allocated for each channel. If the DO number to set goes off the range of the digital output channel adjustment, the PV event cannot be set. (See the Installation Manual 3.17 SYSTEM SET for more details.)
- **TIME and PV events can not be set up to 511.**

### Ex2. Example of allocating the event to the digital output

In case of Asynchronous mode, assuming that all the digital outputs are assigned to CH1.

Allocation of events: Three mode event, two alarm event, four PV event and three event off.

Digital Input No.	Display	Event Type	Setting Items
1	P	PV event PV-ABS-LOW (CH 1)	Event type number is 11
2	T	TIME event	Event type number is 1 or 2.
3	T	TIME event	
4	P	PV event SP-ABS-HIGH (CH 1)	Event type number is 23.
5	P	PV event DV-DEV-ON (CH 1)	Event type number is 27.
6	P	PV event MV-ABS-LOW (CH 1)	Event type number is 35.
7	M	END	Mode: END MODE ASSIGN : 7
8	M	DOWN	Mode: DOWN MODE ASSIGN : 8
9	M	RUN	Mode: DOWN MODE ASSIGN : 9
10	A	Alarm event	ALM ASSIGN : 10
11	-	Not used	
12	-	Not used	



<Figure 7.2.1.11> Allocation of digital output for events

- If the button(17) is pressed as shown in Figure 2.7.1.10, the **event setting window is closed**.  
If the ← or → is pressed, the event setting screen is opened.

#### (9-1) Setting the event type number

##### ① Setting the event type number manually

- Input the number manually, using the keypad at the right side. The kind of event will be displayed.

##### \* Display by the kind of event

1, 2 : T

11~38 : P

- Setting range: 0, 1, 2, 11 ~ 38 (excluding 3~10, 19, 20, 29 and 30). However, 0 means event off.

② Selecting the even type number

- Press the   button at the bottom of the Figure 7.2.1.12 to select the event type number.

◆ In Asynchronous mode,

- The event type number will increase/decrease by 2 each time you press the  /  button.

◆ In Synchronous mode,

- The event type number will increase/decrease by 1 each time you press the  /  button.

(9-2) Description on the event type (See the Table 5.4)

- Provides the detailed description on the selected type number.

(9-3) Setting the time event

Setting range: 0, 1, 2 (Refer to 'Description on the time event operation'.)

① **ON delay:** Input hour or minute to set and press the ENT key to set the data. Then, the cursor moves to minute or second column. Input the minute and press the ENT key to set the data and move to the "Cut back".

② **Cut back:** Input hour or minute to set and press the ENT key to set the data. Then, the cursor moves to minute or second column. Input the minute and press the ENT key to set the data and move to the next DO number.

(9-4) Setting the PV event (Refer to the Table 5.6 for more details)

① Setting the **OP point**(operation point) or the upper limit value(**MAX VALUE**)

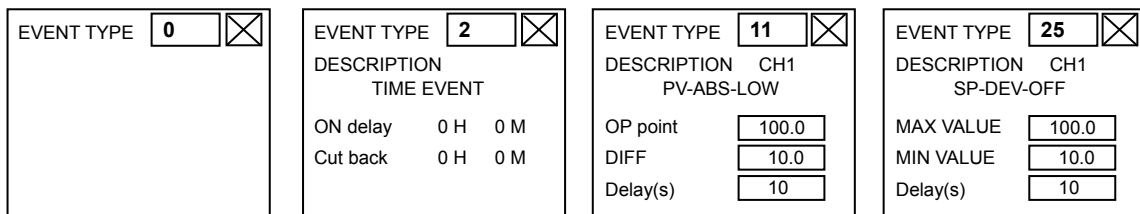
- Set the **OP point** or the **MAX VALUE** using the keypad at the right side.
- Setting range varies depending on the target value or OP point

② Setting the **DIFF**(differential value) or the lower limit value(**MIN VALUE**)

- Set the **DIFF** or the **MIN VALUE** using the keypad at the right side.
- Setting range varies depending on the target value or OP point

③ Setting the **Delay(s)** (delay time)

- Set the operation delay time using the keypad at the right side.
- Press the ENT key to complete setting and move to the next DO number.
- When the event is set, you can input the data and will be displayed as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.12.



(a) No Setting

(b) Time Event Setting

(c) PV Event Setting 1

(d) PV Event Setting 2

<Figure 7.2.1.12> Event Setting Screen



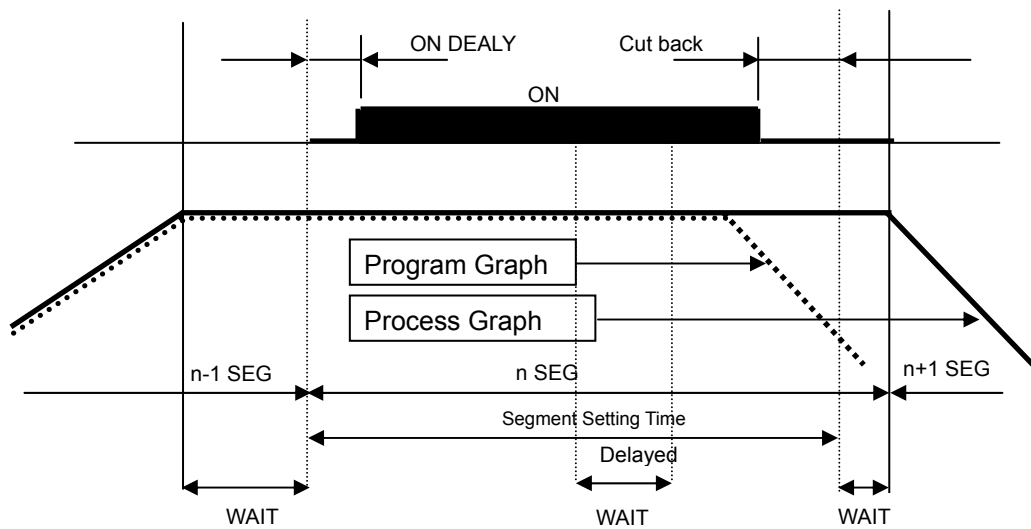
## Reference

### [Description on time event operation]

1. Event type = 0: Time even output will be off in the concerned segment.
2. Event type = 1: Time event output will be on in the concerned segment.
3. Event type = 2: Set time event operation.

Time event operation is associated with the segment time counter. The counter of the "ON delay" time starts with the segment time counter and the events becomes "ON" when the delay time elapses. The "Cut back" time is the off time before expiry of the segment setting time. When the delay counter is held, the "ON delay" counter will stop.

3. The Figure 7.2.1.13 shows the output operation for each time event.



<Figure 7.2.1.13> Description of Time Event Operation

(10) Inserting a segment

- When you press the (12) INS button in the Figure 7.2.1.2, the new segment is inserted and filled with the initialized data as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.14. The cursor will be displayed at the position of the current segment, and the number in “SEGMENTS” increases by 1.
- The Figure 7.2.1.14 (a) shows the case that one segment is registered.

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 1 Hr:Min						
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00	■ 50.0	2		1:30	0	M T T P P P
					1	M M M A 0 0

➔

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 2 Hr:Min						
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00	■ 0.0	1		0:00	0	0 0 0 0 0 0
					0	0 0 0 0 0 0
01	■ 50.0	2		1:30	0	M T T P P P
					1	M M M A 0 0

<Figure 7.2.1.14 (a)> Inserting a Segment

- The Figure 7.2.1.14 (b) shows the case that new segment is inserted when segment number is more than 2 .

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 2 Hr:Min						
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00	■ 50.0	2		1:30	0	M T T P P P
					1	M M M A 0 0
01	■ 100.0	3		2:00	0	M T T 0 P 0
					2	T M M A A 0

➔

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 3 Hr:Min						
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET
00	■ 50.0	2		1:30	0	M T T P P P
					1	M M M A 0 0
01	■ 50.0	2		0:00	0	0 0 0 0 0 0
					1	0 0 0 0 0 0
02	■ 100.0	3		2:00	0	M T T 0 P 0
					2	T M M A A 0

<Figure 7.2.1.14 (b)> Inserting a Segment

- Inserted data will be displayed as followings except the event setting data.
  - ▶ When the segment number is 0, all data are initialized into 0.
  - ▶ When the segment number is up to 1,
    - TIME : The time data is initialized into 0.
    - Others : The data of the previous segment are inserted and displayed


**No Setting**

\* If the number of registered segments are up to 800, the insertion is not operated.

(11) Deleting a segment

- When you press the (13) DEL button in the Figure 7.2.1.2, the segment whether the cursor currently locates will be deleted as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.15 and the cursor will move to the next segment. If you press the DEL button on the last segment, the cursor will move to the previous segment. Regardless of the cursor position in the segment, the segment will be deleted and the number in “SEGMENTS” will decrease by 1.

PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 3						Hr:Min					
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET					
00	50.0	2	1:30	0	0	M	T	T	P	P	P
					0	M	M	M	A	0	0
01	■ 50.0	2	1:30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					1	0	0	0	0	0	0
02		3	2:00	0	0	M	T	T	0	P	0
					2	T	M	M	A	A	0

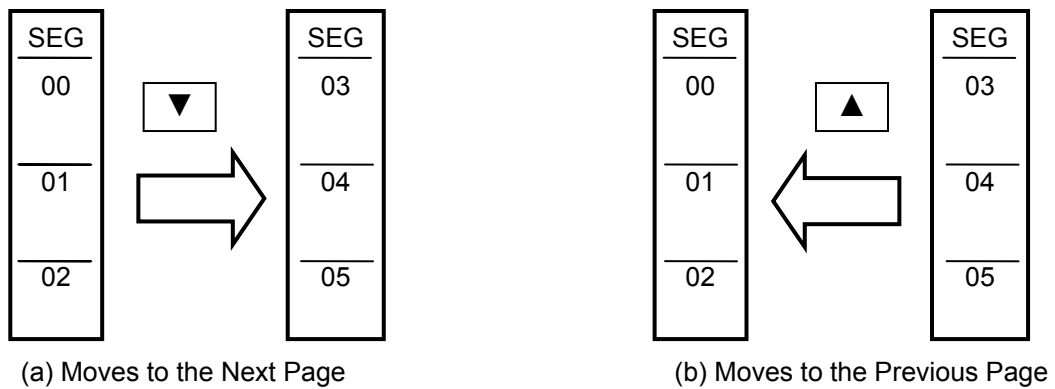


PROGRAM 0 SEGMENTS 2						Hr:Min					
SEG	SP	C	PID	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET					
00	50.0	2	1:30	0	0	M	T	T	P	P	P
					0	M	M	M	A	0	0
01	■ 100.0	3	2:00	0	0	M	T	T	0	P	0
					2	T	M	M	A	A	0

<Figure 7.2.1.15> Deleting a Segment

(12) Page movement

- If you press the  in the Figure 7.1.2, the screen as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.16 (a) will be displayed.
- Or, if you press the  in the Figure 7.1.2, the screen as shown in the Figure 7.2.1.16 (b) will be displayed.



<Figure 7.2.1.16> Page Movement


- When the Event is setting, if the button (17) is pressed as shown in Figure 7.2.1.10, the event setting screen is closed, and the page movement can be set by using the button(10) and (11).

(13) Switch to the repetition setting screen(RPT SET)

- If you press the button (15) in the Figure 7.1.2, the 7.3 REPEAT SET screen will appear.

(14) Setting FIX control by the JC

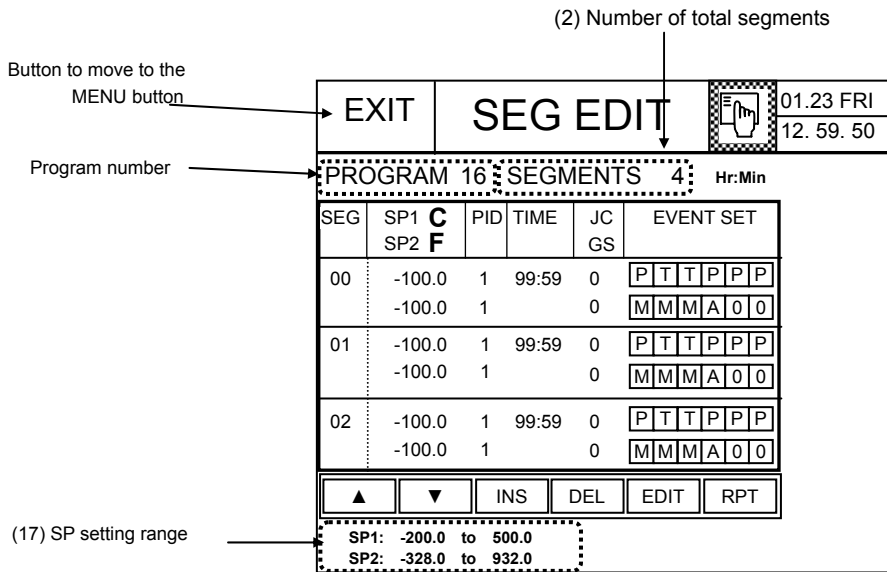
- Valid if the junction code (JC) of the last segment is 2. If you press the button (15) in the Figure 7.1.2, the 5.5 FIX SET screen as shown in Figure 7.2.1.17 will appear.
- PV event can be setup for FIX control.

EXIT	<b>FIX SET</b>		01-23 TUE 12 .59 .31			
<b>CH1</b>	CH2					
SP	<input type="text" value="100.0"/> C					
	<small>RANGE : -200.0 to 500.0</small>					
RAMP	<input type="checkbox"/> OFF <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON	<input type="text" value="01"/> H	<input type="text" value="59"/> M			
TIMER	<input type="checkbox"/> OFF <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON	<input type="text" value="01"/> H	<input type="text" value="59"/> M			
G.SOAK	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<small>0: NONE 1: FRONT 2: REAR 3: ALL</small>				
PV EVENT						
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	<input type="text" value="11"/>	<input type="text" value="27"/>	<input type="text" value="23"/>	<input type="text" value="35"/>	<input type="text" value="M"/>	<input type="text" value="M"/>
	7	8	9	10	11	12
	<input type="text" value="M"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="A"/>	<input type="text" value="A"/>

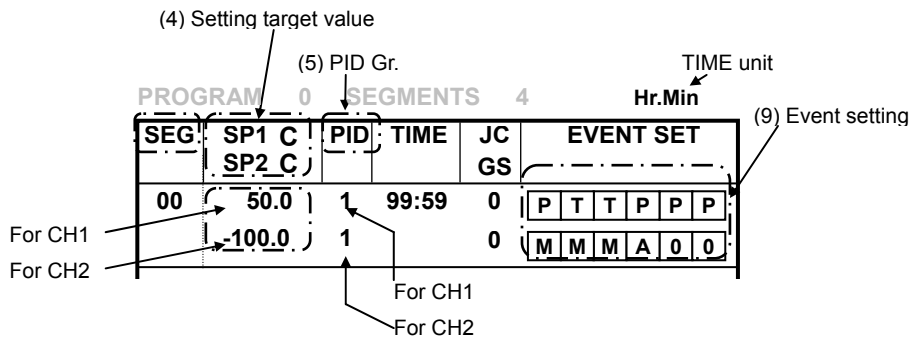
<Figure 7.2.1.17> FIX control setting screen

## 7.2.2 Synchronous mode – IPC5000D

It is available for IPC5000D.



<Figure 7.2.2.1> Displaying the Segment Data



<Figure 7.2.2.2> Displaying the Segment Data

### (4) Target Set point display and setting

- Sets the data for CH1 and CH2 and displays it.

### (5) PID group number display and setting

- Sets the data for CH1 and CH2 and displays it.

### (9) Event setting

- You can set up to 12 numbers for CH1 and CH2. No specific limitation for each channel.

Refer to the 7.2.1 Asynchronous mode for more details on other setting and button operation.



## 7.3 PEPEAT set

You can set whether the entire current program will be repeated or the specific program segment will be repeated for certain times (partial repetition). (Figure 7.3)

Up to 999 times of entire repetition or partial repetition can be set, and up to 5 partial repetition segments can be registered.

Annotations:

- Button to move to SEG SET screen: EXIT
- (1) Number of entire program repetition: ALL REPEAT 999
- (2) Partial repetition segment Start segment ~ End segment: CH 1, 1 (1, 3, 999), 2 (5, 5, 999), 3 (6, 10, 10), 4 (0, 0, 0), 5 (0, 0, 0)
- (3) Number of partial repetition: SEGMENTS COUNT 10
- Current program No.: PROGRAM NO. 0
- Number of segment: 10

CH	1	2	3	4	5
ALL REPEAT	999				
PROGRAM NO.	0				
PART REPEAT No.					
START	1	5	6	0	0
END	3	5	10	0	0
SEGMENTS COUNT	999	999	10	0	0

Keypad: Esc, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, ., ↑, Ent, —, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, ←, ↓, →

<Figure 7.3> RPT SET screen

### Setting Order

- (1) Press the  button to set the data.
- (2) The numeric keypad will appear, which enables you to input the data.
- (3) The default repetition count is set to 1. Each time the program or setting sector is run, it will be taken as one time repetition.  
If the number of segments is 10, the setting range is 0 to 9.
- (4) The segment range for the initial partial repetition is set to 0 ~ 0.
- (5) Setting range for repetition times: 1 ~ 999 (times)



### No Setting

- 1) The **START > END** relationship cannot be established in setting the segment number for partial repetition setting. Input the **END** first when setting the partial repetition segment.
- 2) If the segment number for the current program is 0 ~ 9 when setting the repetition segments, the segment number greater than 10 cannot be set.
- 3) You cannot use the program number that is currently being used or included in the link group.



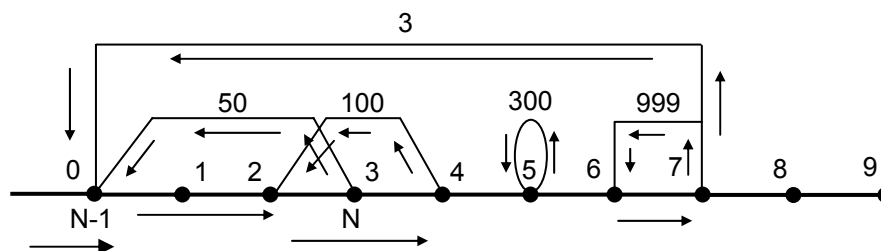
### Reference

#### [Description on the partial repetition]

If the partial repetition segment and number of times are set as shown in the Table 7.11, repetition will be processed by the order as described in the Figure 7.3.1. The order of repetition is set by the END segment number (Smaller one comes first.) The processed segment will not be repeated again.

**Table 7.11 Example of Repetition Setting**

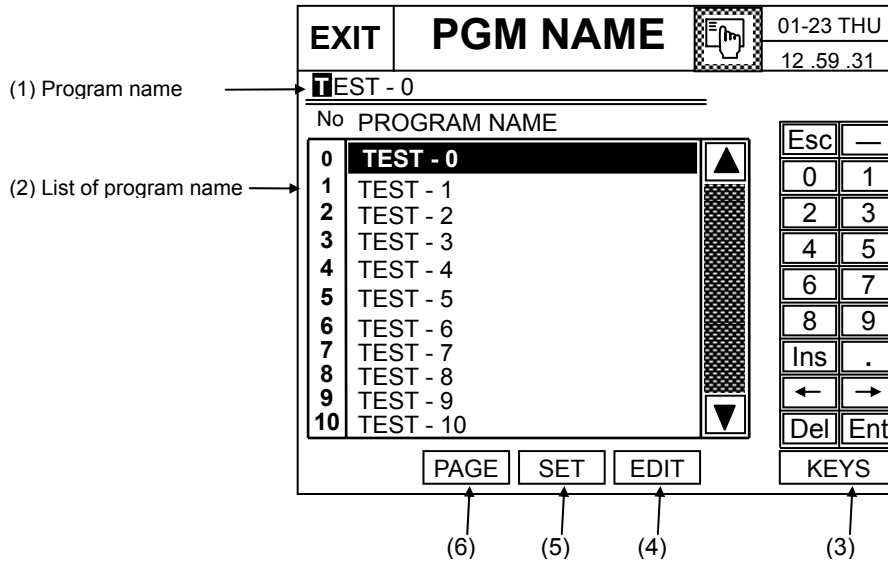
No.	START	END	COUNT
1	0	3	50
2	2	4	100
3	5	5	300
4	6	7	999
5	0	7	3



<Figure 7.3.1> Partial Segment Repetition

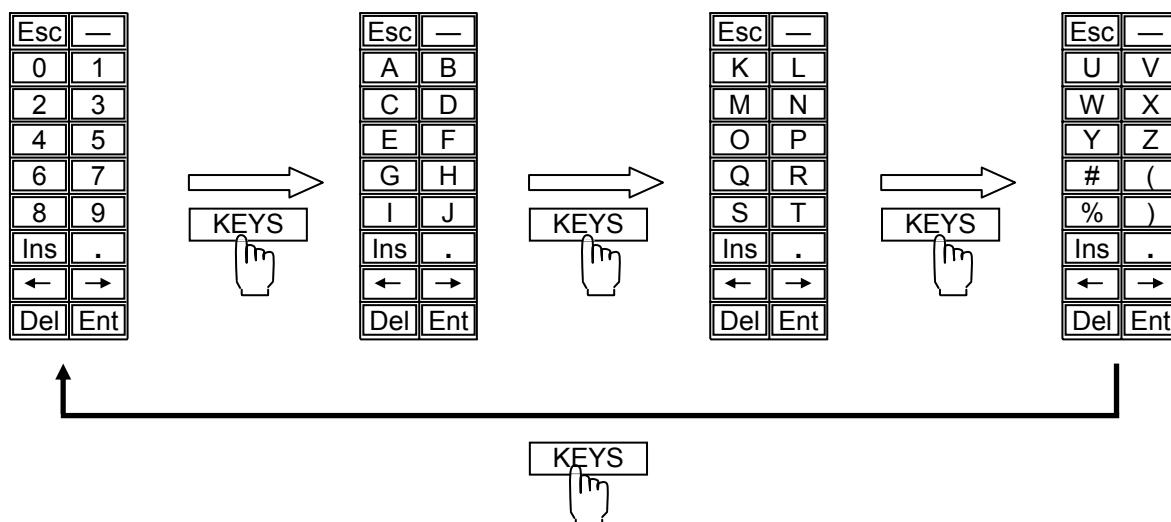
## 7.4 Program Name set(PGM NAME screen)

You can assign up to 32 unique names for the programs. Assign the different name for each program for easy identification.



<Figure 7.4> Assigning the Program Name



- (1) Displays the name of the program.
- (2) Displays the list of program name and number.
- (3) 'KEYS' : Switches the keypad input mode – number, English character and special character, as follows.



<Figure 7.4.1> Keypad Switching

---

## Setting Order

1. Move the cursor to the number of the program to edit using the  and  button. Then, the selected program number and name will be displayed at the position (1) as shown in the Figure 7.4 .
2. Press the **'EDIT'** button. Then, the numeric keypad and **'KEYS'** button will appear at the right side.
3. Input 12 characters by combining numbers, English character and special characters. Then, press the Ent key to update the input name, and it will be displayed at the right side of the concerned program number (2) as shown in the Figure 7.4.

### **Reference**

\* The setting and editing are processed as follow,

- Setting : The characters show by setting numbers, English and special characters on keypad.
- Editing : The cursor is moved to a certain position, and setting a character,  
it is changed to new one.
- Insert : If the **'Ins'** key is pressed, the blank is inserted on the current cursor.
- Delete : If the **'Del'** key is pressed, the character on the cursor is deleted and the next character  
is come to the current cursor.

\* move the cursor during editing

- → (RIGHT) : move to the right side by 1 column.
- ← (LEFT) : move to the left side by 1 column.

4. Press the **'SET'** button after setting. Then, the "PATT SET" screen will appear. The program name and number that are different from the previous one will be displayed (1) and (2) as shown in the Figure 7.1.1.  
If you press the EXIT button, the "PATT SET" screen will appear but the screen will not be changed item (1) and (2) as shown in the Figure 7.1.1.



### **No Setting**

**If the current program number is running, the current program name is not changed.**

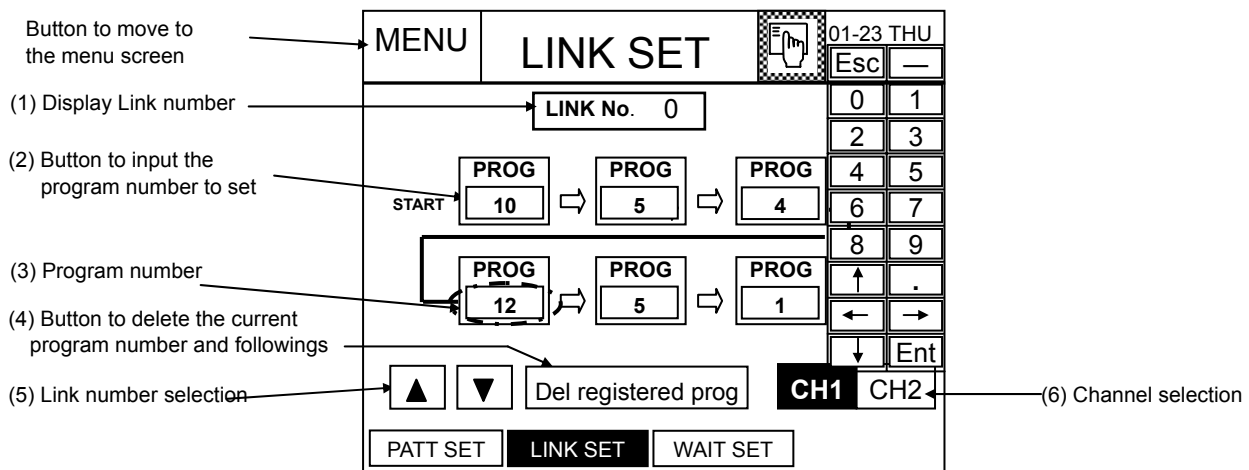
## 7.5. LINK SET Screen

### 7.5.1 Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

Register the link group if you want to group several programs sequentially. You can register up to 6 programs in a link, and set 10 links at maximum. As described in the Figure 7.5.1, the program will be executed by the order of

start PROG10 → PROG 5 → PROG 4 → PROG 12 → PROG 5 → PROG 1 end.

If a program doesn't contain the data while running, the next program will be started. To run the link, select the RUN OBJECT to LINK in the 3. OPERATION screen.



<Figure 7.5.1> LINK SET Screen

(4) Button to delete the registered program

- Press the button (2) in the Figure 7.5.1 to display the button in the screen.

(6) Channel selection : It is available for IPC5000D.

### Setting Order

1. When you press the program number button (2) while the link number is "0", the keypad will appear at the right side. Input the program number. Press the ENT key to set, or the ESC key to cancel.
2. Program numbering starts sequentially from the starting point. The program number cannot be entered in the middle.
3. To set other link number, press the (5) ▲, ▼ button to change the link number. Then, start from step 1 again.
4. Press the (4) DEL registered patt button to delete the registered program number. Then, the program number after the selected number will be removed.

---

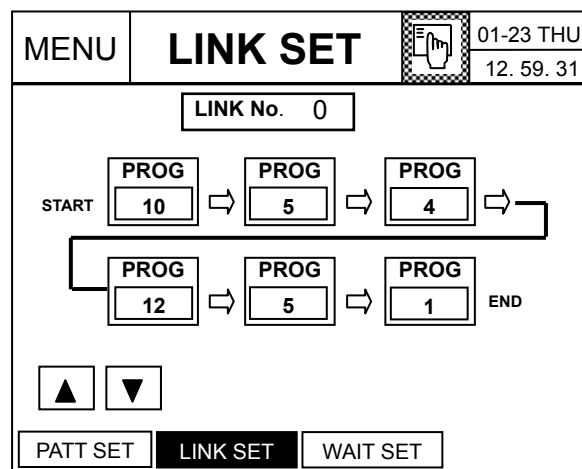
**Warning**



If (4) is deleted in the Figure 7.5.1, all programs registered current and next will be deleted and displayed as (blank).

### 7.5.2 Synchronous mode-IPC5000D

It is available for IPC5000D



<Figure 7.5.2> LINK SET Screen

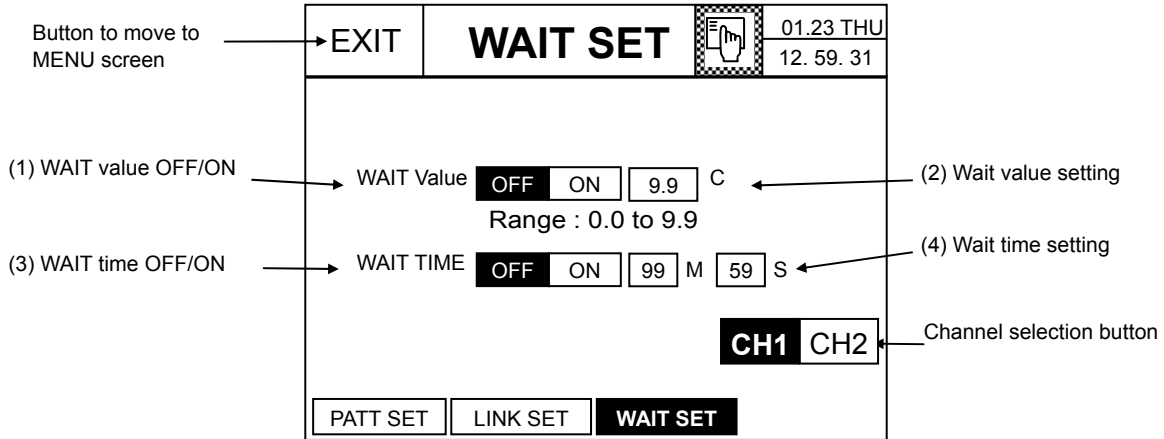
No channel selection is available and 0 ~ 9 link group can be entered.

\* Refer to the 7.5.1 Asynchronous Mode to set the program number.

## 7.6. WAIT SET screen

### 7.6.1 Asynchronous mode-IPC5000D, IPC5000S

You can use this screen to set the GSOAK wait function.



<Figure 7.6.1> WAIT Setting

#### For channel selection, it is available for IPC5000D

Wait setting is designed to wait until the Process value (PV) comes within the  $\pm$ WAIT scope of the target Set point (SP) after running FIX control, or wait until the Process value (PV) comes within the  $\pm$ WAIT scope of the Set point (SP) after running the program, so that the control can be managed stably.

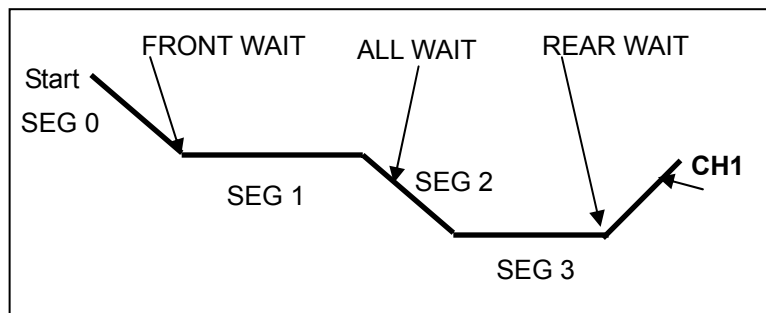
#### Setting Order

1. Set the WAIT value ON to check the GSOAK wait. Press the , set the proper value.
  - Range: 0.0 ~ 9.9
2. Set the WAIT time ON to check within the time. Press the , set the proper time.
  - Range: Max. 99H 59M or 99M 59S



#### Warning

If the WAIT Value is OFF, the GSOAK wait does NOT check.



<Figure 7.6.1.1> Description on the GSOAK Wait Function



## Reference

### [Description on the GSOAK (Guaranteed SOAK) function]

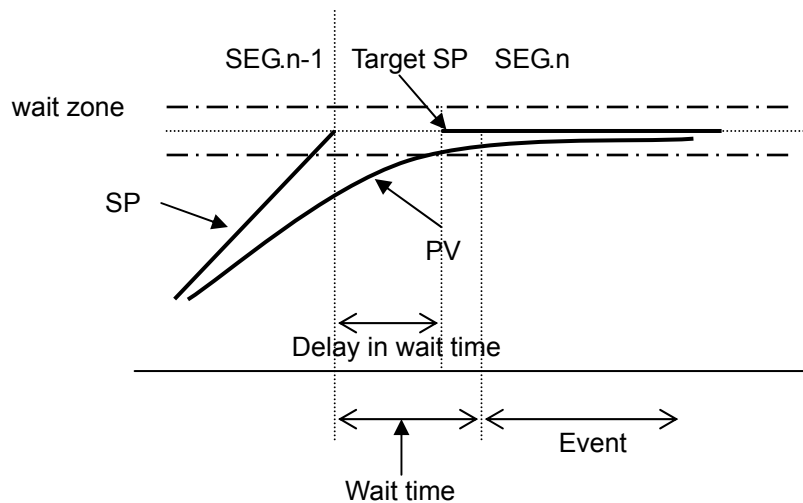
You can set the GSOAK mode using the following three methods. If the PV doesn't enter into the wait zone, the operation state will be "WAIT".

$$\text{Wait zone} = \text{SP} \pm \text{wait value}$$

#### (1) Front wait check

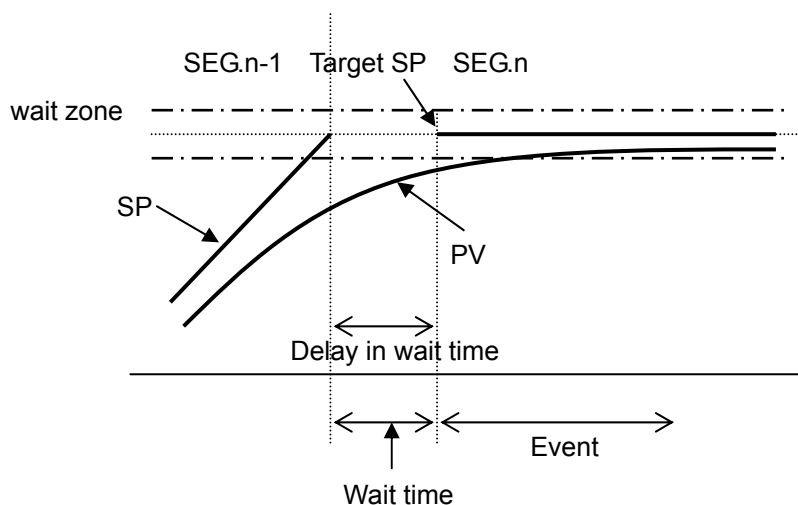
If the Wait value is set ON, check will be started before the current segment and operation will be pending within the wait time setting. The time event does not work.

Example 1) If the PV enters within the wait zone of the target set point before the wait time elapses, waiting of the operation status will be released and the current segment will be executed. (Figure 7.6.1.2)



<Figure 7.6.1.2> Front Wait Operation (1)

Example 2) If the PV does not enter within the wait zone of the target set point and the wait time elapses, waiting of the operation status will be released and the current segment will be executed. (Figure 7.6.1.3)



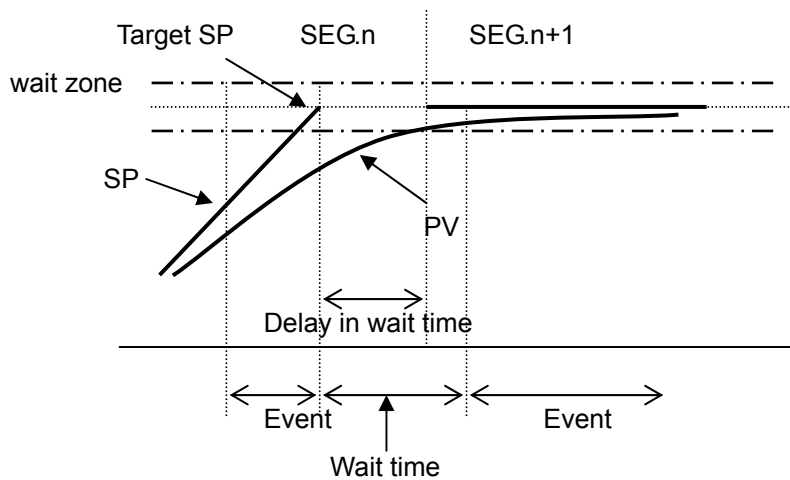
<Figure 7.6.1.3> Front Wait Operation (2)



## (2) Rear wait check

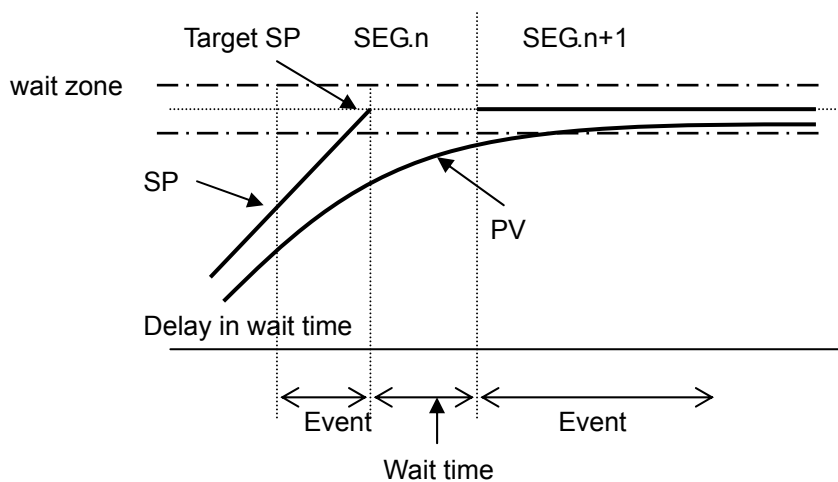
If the Wait value is set ON, check will be started before completing the current segment and current operation will be pending within the wait time. The time event output will be maintained.

Example 1) If the PV enters within the wait zone of the target Set point before the wait time elapses, waiting of the operation status will be released, and the current segment will be completed, and the next segment will be processed. (Figure 7.6.1.4)



<Figure 7.6.1.4> Rear Wait Operation (1)

Example 2) If the PV does not enter within the wait zone of the target Set point and the wait time elapses, waiting of the operation status will be released and the current segment will be completed, and the next segment will be processed. (Figure 7.6.1.5)



<Figure 7.6.1.5> Rear Wait Operation (2)

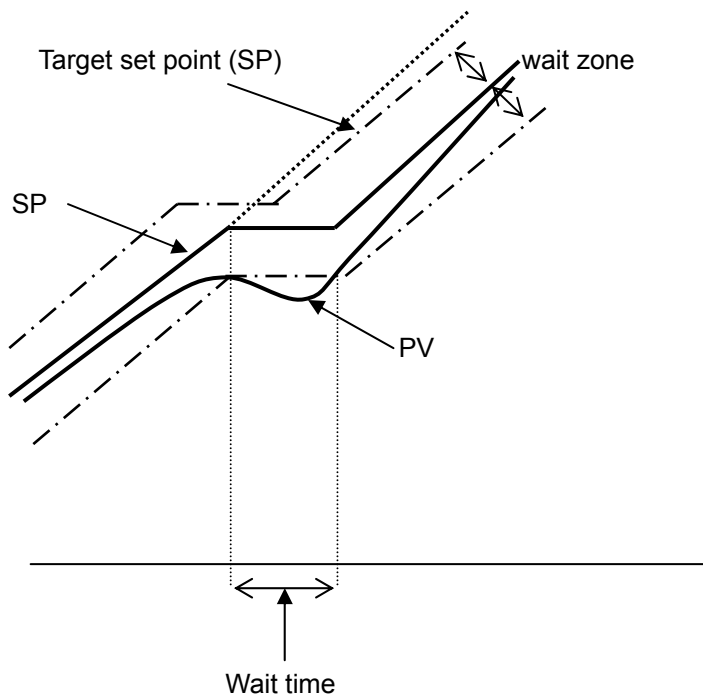
**(3) All (Entire) wait check**

If the Wait value is set ON, check will be started while running the current segment and current operation will be pending within the wait time. At this time, the remained segment time will not be decreased and the time event output will be maintained.

Example) If the PV does not enter within the wait zone of the current target Set point, processing of the current segment will be suspended. (Figure 7.6.1.6)

If the wait time elapses or the PV enters in the wait zone of the target Set point, waiting of the operation status will be released and the following control operation will continue.

And, check again if PV enters in the wait zone, if not, the operation repeats the above procedure.

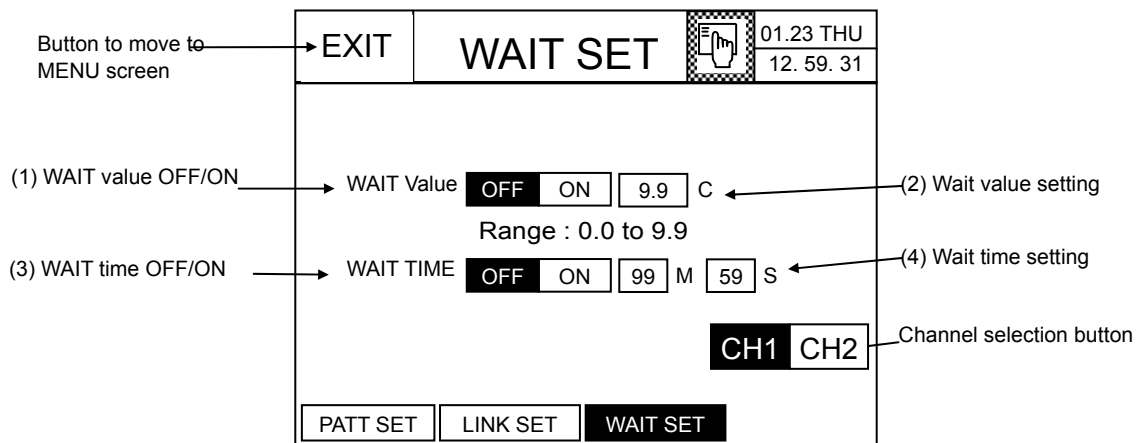


<Figure 7.6.1.6> All Wait Operation

## 7.6.2 Synchronous mode-IPC5000D

It is available for IPC5000D.

### 7.6.2.1 Channel 1

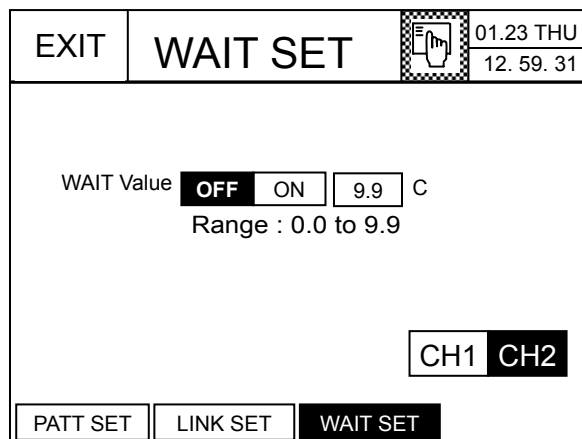


<Figure 7.6.2> Wait Set for Channel 1

The wait value will be set each channel.

Refer to the 7.6.1 Asynchronous Mode for more information on other settings and operation.

### 7.6.2.2 Channel 2

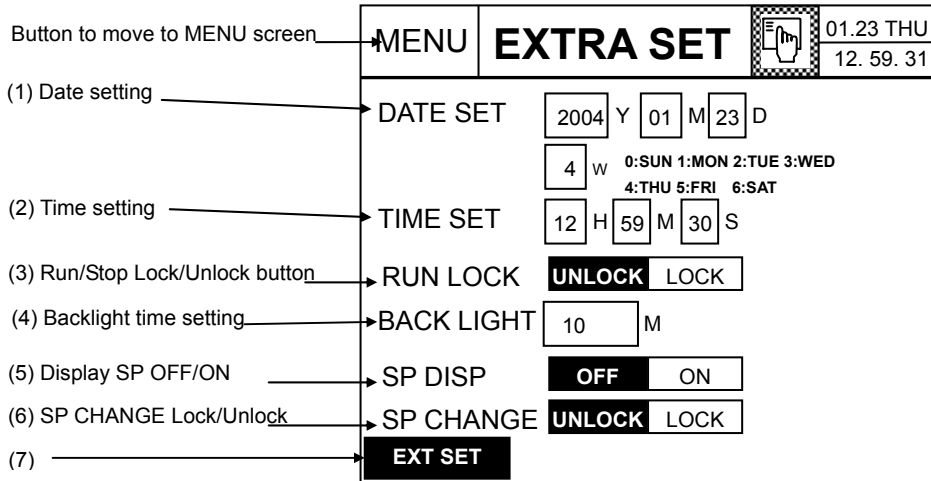


<Figure 7.6.3> WAIT set for channel 2

The wait time is not set in CH2, and button (3) and (4) are not shown.

## 8. EXTRA SET screen

You can general items of IPC5000 such as current date and time, operation handling, and time to turn off the backlight.



<Figure 8.1> Extra Setting

### Setting Order

#### 1. Date setting

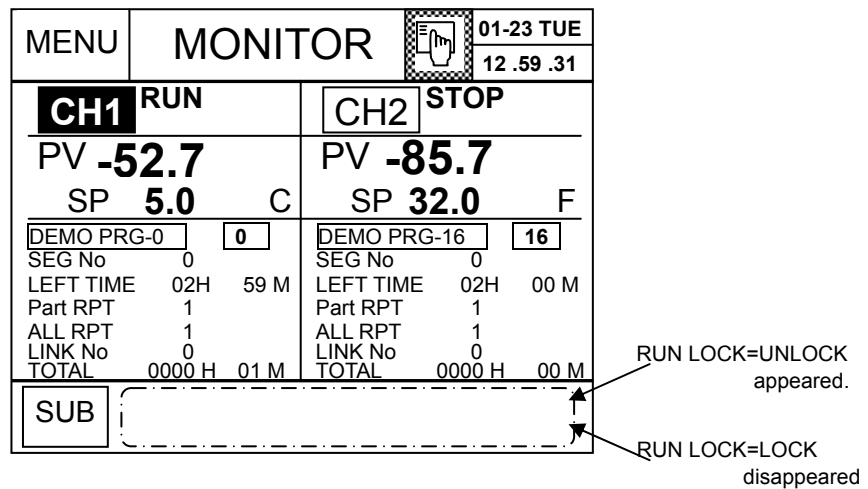
- ▶ You can modify the date that is displayed at the right upper side of the screen.
- ▶ If you press the  button in front of year (Y), month (M) and day (D) among the buttons (1) in the Figure 7.1.1, the number keypad will appear. Press the Ent key to save data input. To cancel data input, press the Esc key.
- ▶ If you press the  button below the DATE SET to set the date, the number keypad will appear. Input 0 ~ 6 that corresponds to the weekdays.

#### 2. Time setting

- ▶ You can modify the time that is displayed at the right upper side of the screen.
- ▶ If you press the  button in front of hour (H) and minute (M) among the buttons (2) in the Figure 7.1.1, the number keypad will appear. Press the Ent key to save data input. To cancel data input, press the Esc key.

#### 3. Setting operation handling

- ▶ You can lock the RUN/STOP button located at the right upper side. If you set the lock, the RUN/STOP button will be hidden. Therefore, you cannot handle the RUN/STOP function.
- ▶ LOCK : The RUN/STOP button will be disabled. (Handling is not permitted), UNLOCK: The RUN/STOP button will be enabled. (Handling is permitted)



<Figure 8.2> MONITOR screen (RUN LOCK=LOCK)

#### 4. Setting the backlight time

▶ You can set the time to turn off the backlight time by pressing the button (4) in the Figure 7.1. Set to "0" to leave the backlight in the ON state. You cannot set the minimum 1 minute. Input the value bigger than at least 2 minutes.

e.g.,) The value in the section (4) of the Figure 8.1 means that the backlight will be off after 10 minutes.

#### 5. Setting display SP option

▶ You can choose the display of SP value either fixed value or working value.

OFF : Display the working SP.

ON : Display the Target SP only.

#### 6. Setting SP CHANGE option

▶ You can choose Target SP change during progressing SOAK segment of Program.

UNLOCK : Target SP can be changed.

LOCK : Target SP can not be changed.

#### 7. Confirm the all setting and redisplay

## Appendix I: Operation Example

### 1. Program Control

#### 1-1. Running the program without the repetition function

(1) Setting OPERATION

- OPER MODE = PGM, RUN OBJECT = PATT

- RUN MODE = QUICK, POWER FAIL = BREAK

(2) RAMP UNIT = **TIME**(refer to Installation Manual)

(3) setting program(PATT SET)

- Program number = 0

-Start mode: TIME

(4) PROGRAM setting(SEG EDIT)

Table A-1. Segment Setting (Program NO. = 0)

SEG	SP	TIME	JC GS	EVENT SET												
00	25.0	00 : 15	0 0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr><tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	0	0	T1	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
0	0	T1	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
01	25.0	01 : 00	0 0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>T2</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr><tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	0	0	T2	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
0	0	T2	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
02	50.0	00 : 15	0 0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>P3</td><td>P2</td><td>M</td></tr><tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	T1	0	0	P3	P2	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
T1	0	0	P3	P2	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
03	50.0	01 : 00	0 0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>T3</td><td>P3</td><td>P2</td><td>M</td></tr><tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	T1	0	T3	P3	P2	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
T1	0	T3	P3	P2	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
04	10.0	00 : 15	0 0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr><tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	0	0	T1	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
0	0	T1	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
05	10.0	01 : 00	0 0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>T2</td><td>T4</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr><tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	T2	T4	0	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
T2	T4	0	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											

\* For T1~ T3, these are displayed the character 'T'.

Table A-2. TIME EVENT setup

EVENT No. 0

Event OFF

No	TYPE	ON-delay	Cut back	Remark
T1	1	-	-	For T1 to T3, 'T' will be displayed in setup screen.
T2	2	00H 15M	00H 00M	
T3	2	00H 20M	00H 20M	
T4	2	00H 30M	00H 00M	

For channel setting of events, it is available for IPC5000D and NOT for IPC5000S.

Table A-3. PV EVENT setup

No	TYPE	Assign	Description	OP point	DIFF	Delay(s)
P1	11	CH1	PV-ABS-LOW	30.0	2.0	10
P2	13	CH1	PV-ABS-HIGH	40.0	2.0	0
No	TYPE	Assign	Description	MAX value	MIN value	Delay(s)
P3	23	CH1	SP-DEV-OFF	55.0	30.0	0

Table A-4. MODE EVENT setup

For setup of data, refer to the Installation Manual '3.11 MODE EVENT set.

No	MODE	Assign	Mode Assign
41	RUN	CH1	DO6
42	UP	CH1	DO 7
43	DOWN	CH1	DO 8

\* ASSIGN : It is channel to be assigned for event output.

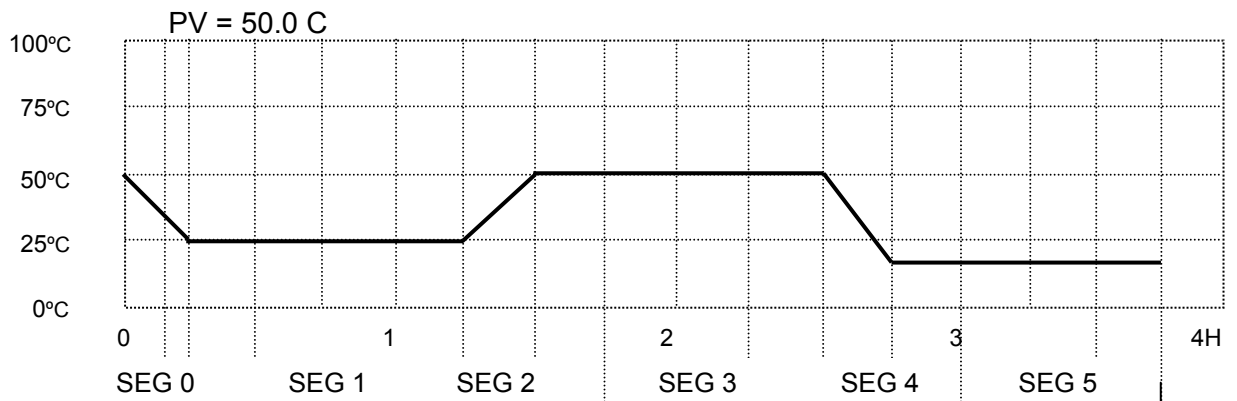
Table A-5. ALARM EVENT setup

For setup of data, refer to the Installation Manual '3.12 ALARM event set.

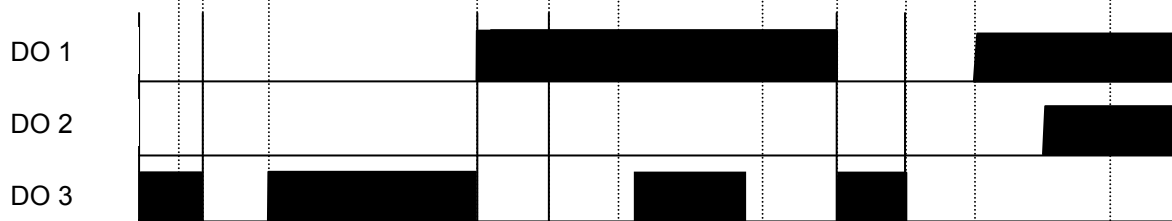
No	TYPE	Assign	Alarm Assign	Description	MAX Value	MIN Value	Delay(s)
61	33	CH1	DO 9	DV-DEV-ON	24.0	0.0	2
62	33	CH1	DO 10	DV-DEV-ON	49.0	25.0	2
63	33	CH1	DO 11	DV-DEV-ON	80.0	50.0	2

- Press the **RUN** button in the MONITOR screen to start PROGRAM control.

① Progress of PROGRAM(check in the GRAPH screen.)



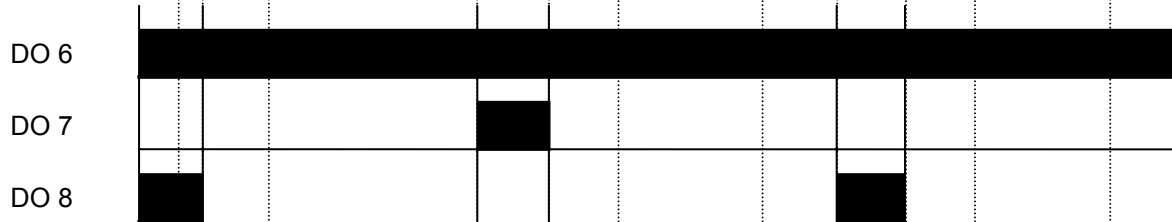
② TIME EVENT operation(Timing Chart)



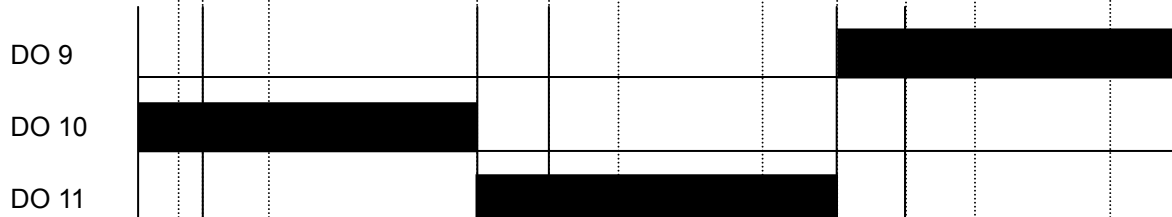
③ PV EVENT operation



④ MODE EVENT operation



⑤ ALARM EVENT operation





---

1-2. Running the program having the repetition function

Set the program number "0" (Table A-1) for the CH1. No GSOAK setting is assumed.

Input the values shown in the Table A-6.

<Table A-6> Setting Repetition(REPEAT set screen)

ALL REPEAT

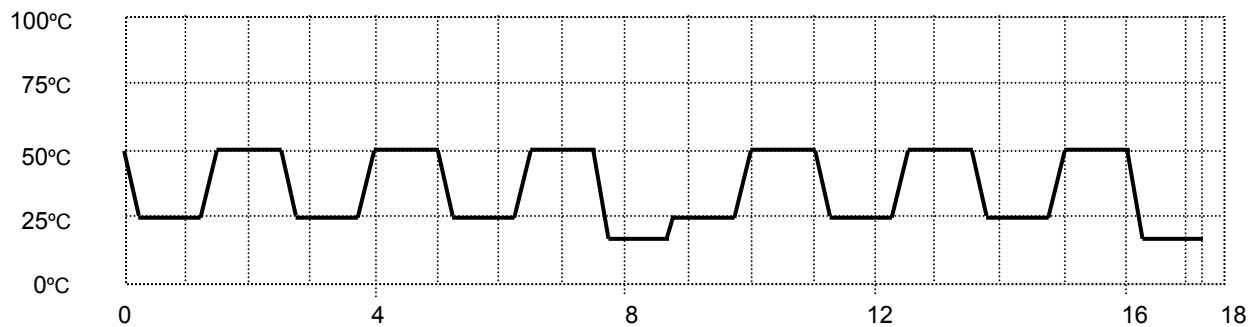
PART REPEAT

No	START	END	COUNT
1	0	3	3

- Press the RUN button in the MONITOR screen to start PROGRAM control.

① Programming (Check in the graph screen.)

Current PV = 50.0 C



- Refer to Table A-2, A-3, A-4 and A-5 for event setting.

1-3. Running the program with **SLOPE**(without the repetition function)

(1) Setting OPERATION

- OPER MODE = PGM, RUN OBJECT = PATT
- RUN MODE = QUICK, POWER FAIL = BREAK

(2) RAMP UNIT = SLOPE(Refer to Insatllation Manual)

(3) setting program(PATT SET)

- Program number = 0
- Start mode: SSP
- Start SP1 = 0.0

(4) PROGRAM setting(SEG EDIT)

Table A-7. Segment Setting (Program NO. = 0)

SEG	SP	TIME	JC	EVENT SET												
			GS													
00	25.0	0 . 50	0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </table>	0	0	T1	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
0	0	T1	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
01	25.0	01 : 00	0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>T2</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </table>	0	0	T2	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
0	0	T2	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
02	50.0	0 . 50	0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>P3</td><td>P2</td><td>M</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </table>	T1	0	0	P3	P2	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
T1	0	0	P3	P2	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
03	50.0	01 : 00	0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>T3</td><td>P3</td><td>P2</td><td>M</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </table>	T1	0	T3	P3	P2	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
T1	0	T3	P3	P2	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
04	10.0	1 . 00	0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>T1</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </table>	0	0	T1	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
0	0	T1	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											
05	10.0	01 : 00	0	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>T2</td><td>T4</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>P1</td><td>M</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </table>	T2	T4	0	0	P1	M	M	M	0	0	0	0
T2	T4	0	0	P1	M											
M	M	0	0	0	0											

**SLOPE** segment

Segment time = (25-0)/0.5=0:50

**SLOPE** segment

Segment time = (50-25)/0.5=0:50

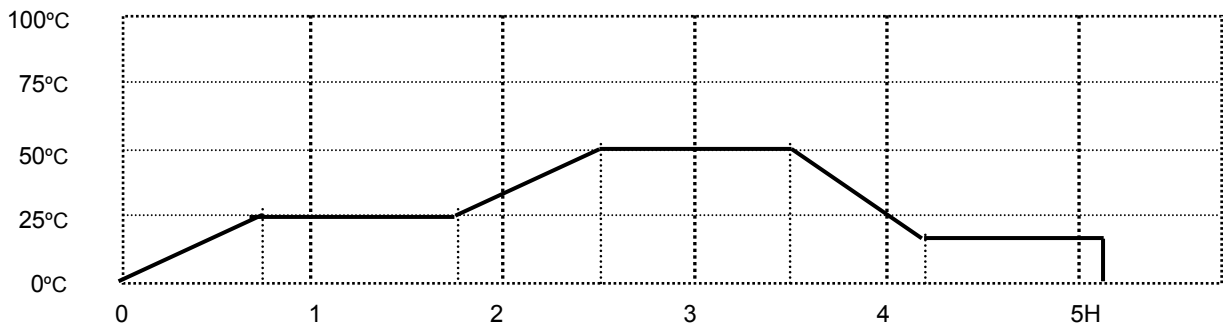
**SLOPE** segment

Segment time = (50-10)/1.0=0:40

\* For T1~ T3, these are displayed the character 'T'.

\*\* For event settings, refer to Table A-2, A-3, A-4 and A-5.

**<GRAPH>**



## 2. Fix Control

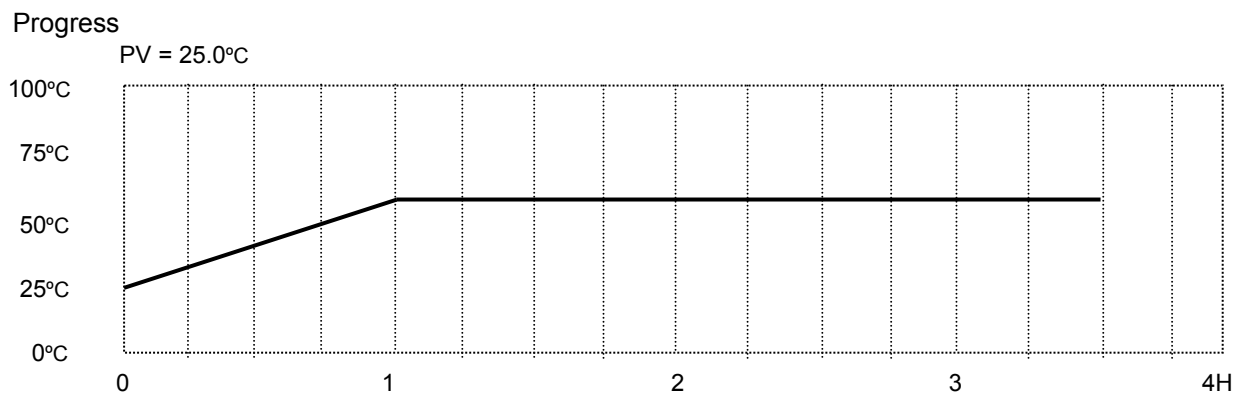
- Control mode = ASYNC, CH1
- SP = 60.0 C
- RAMP = ON, 1.0 C/min (Processing time: 60 minutes)
- TIMER = ON, 01H 30M
- GSOAK = NONE (No GSOAK wait function)
- EVENT

<b>01</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>04</b>	<b>05</b>	<b>06</b>
11	13	0	21	0	M

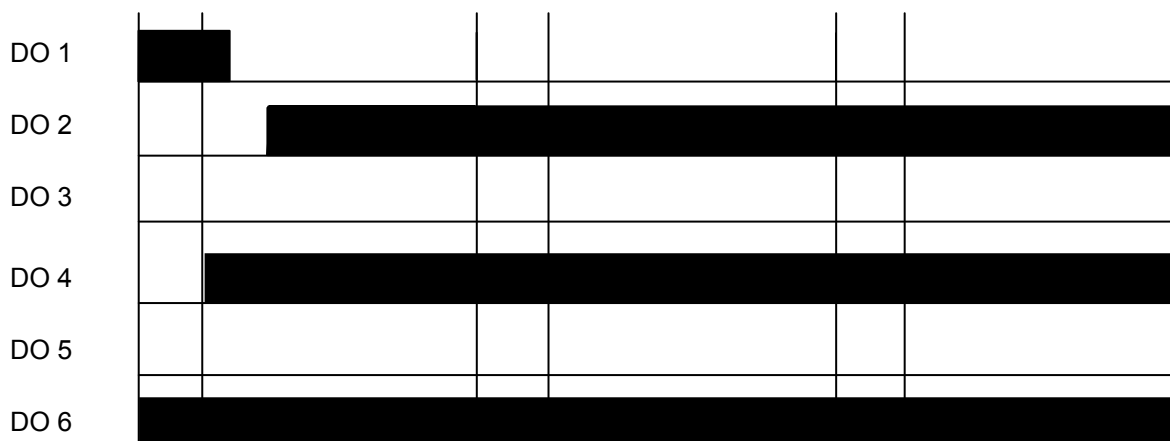
### Check the PV event set point

No	Mode	Type	Range	Level	OP-point	DIFF	Delay(s)
11	CH1	PV	ABS	LOW	30.0	2.0	10
13	CH1	PV	ABS	HIGH	40.0	2.0	0
21	CH1	SP	ABS	HIGH	30.0	5.0	0

### Mode event = RUN



### PV event output operation (Timing chart)



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